

## **In-vehicle Battery Durability**

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EVE IWG 19/5/2020



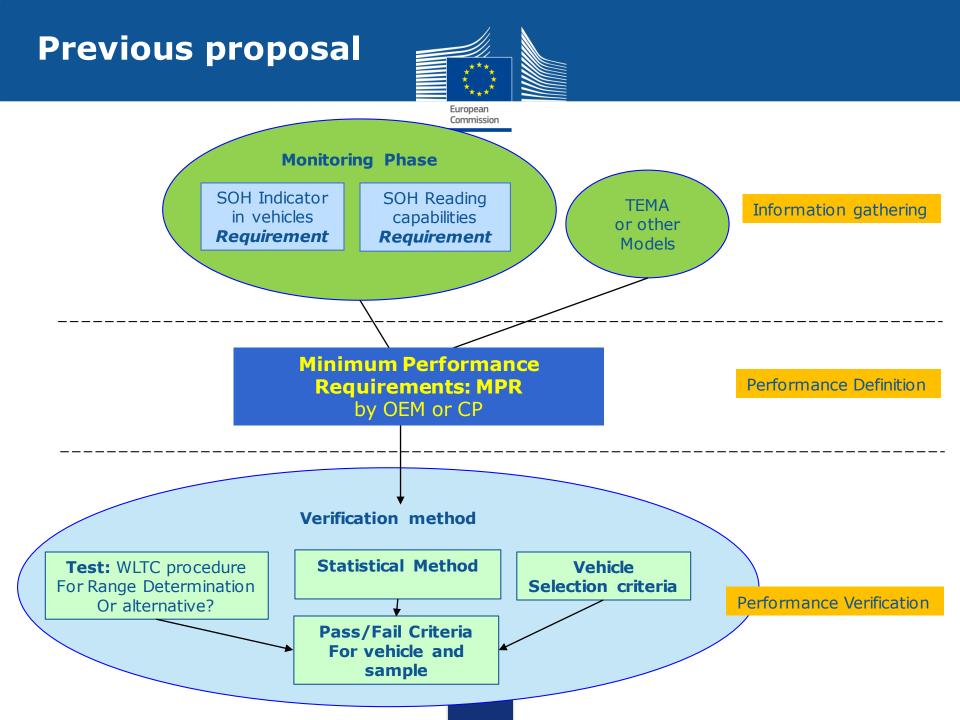
## **In-vehicle battery durability**

- > Request to develop GTR, Phase 1:
- (a) Deliver a first version of a UN GTR on invehicle battery durability to AC.3 by November 2021 with;
  - (i) definition of and requirements for electrified vehicle battery performance criteria
  - (ii) requirements for reading and/or displaying battery health information and usage data form the vehicle; and
  - (ii) a provisional in-service conformity test which will include generic usage criteria and a statistical method.



## **Verification/In-Service Conformity**

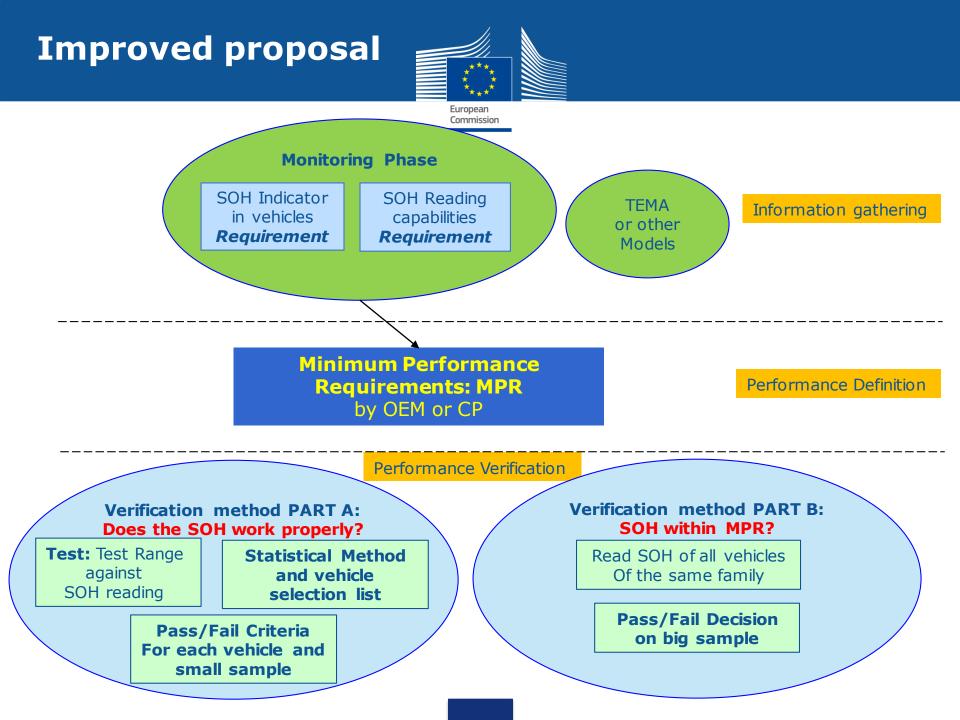
- Should include the possibility to check via independent means the range (not simply reading an ECU signal)
- Testing according the WLTP is currently the only option
- Rules are obviously needed on sample size, tolerances, etc..





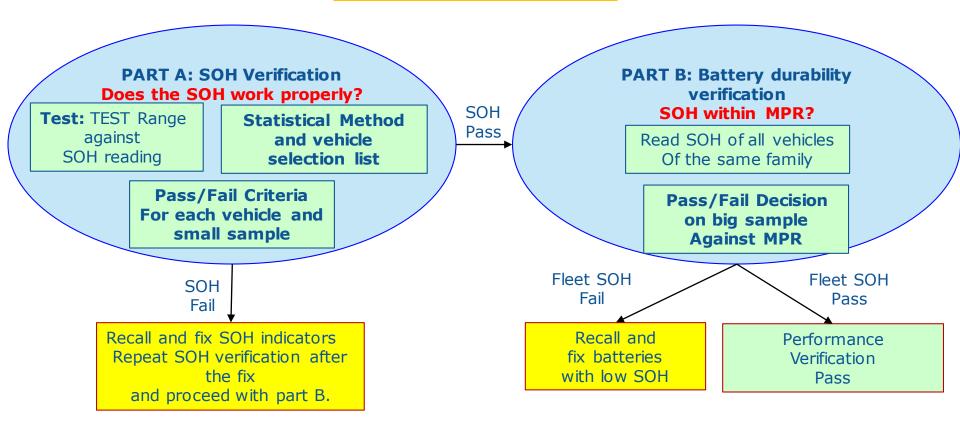
#### **Issues**

- Decision for the whole type of vehicles taken only based on few vehicles
- Requires that extremely used vehicles that can influence the decision unfairly are excluded
- Could potentially lead to recalls of all vehicles with the same type, even when not all vehicles might have a battery issue
- Big data (i.e. SOH) used only for information gathering and not for performance verification





Battery Performance Verification





# **Benefits/ implications of new proposal**

Benefits	Consequence
Decision on performance of SOH indicator/reading made separately on <b>smaller number</b> <b>of tests</b> , where accuracy of SOH is checked.	<ul> <li>Vehicles selection done based on the list</li> <li>Small number of vehicles need to be tested for each type</li> <li>Recalls on SOH might be needed</li> </ul>
Decision on the performance of batteries made on <b>big sample</b> , so statistically extreme use is insignificant	<ul> <li>No need for Normal Usage Indices</li> <li>Recall is made when the battery has a problem (only on those vehicles with poor SOH)</li> </ul>
Less need for complex data reading	<ul> <li>SOH + some basic data reading capabilities</li> </ul>



## **PART A: Elements needed**

#### **Information Elements**

- Annual report on warranty claims, repairs for batteries to be provided by manufacturer to the authorities
- List of faulty vehicles found during ISC vehicle selection

#### **Definition of SOH**

> Algorithm can be OEM proprietary, but verifiable



## **PART A: Selection Criteria for vehicles**

#### Vehicle examination and interview with owner

- > Using the proposed list
- Regular and appropriate maintenance (with proof)
- > No unauthorised major repair to engine or vehicle
- > No unauthorised change or repair of battery
- > No evident safety problems



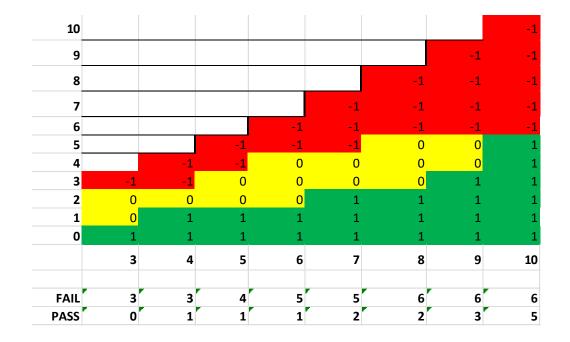
## **PART A: Testing**

- Families with similarities on their battery characteristics/drivetrain need to be defined
- Testing performed every X years throughout lifetime of vehicle
- Method of testing according to what was used for the original definition of range/capacity
   WLTP in Europe



## **PART A: Sample Statistics**

- > 3- 10 vehicles tested for range
- Tested Range/Declared Range within x% of SOH





## **PART B: Data collection**

- Data collected yearly from all registered vehicles
   During Periodic Technical Inspection
   Over the air
- Appropriate yearly analysis to show if fleet SOH is above the Minimum Performance Requirements
- Might be necessary to define MPR targets that vary with the age of the vehicle, not only the final target
- Recall may be necessary for those vehicles with SOH below MPR only



## Conclusion

- New method proposed is simpler and avoid taking decisions on the battery durability based on testing few vehicles
- > Testing can prove whether SOH is accurate
- Collection of SOH from all vehicles can support analysis of fleet average values
- Focused decision for recall, when and where needed



## Thank you for your attention!