



Predictive Safety — Preventing Battery Fires from Happening

April 2021



Battery Safety is an Absolute Necessity to Compete

Billions of dollars of costs associated with extensive recalls

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Auto Makers Grapple With Battery-Fire Risks in Electric Vehicles

Incidents involving electric vehicles made by GM, Ford and others highlight dangers of lithium batteries



A Chevy Bolt and its charging station during the 2020 Canadian International Autoshow in Toronto.

26,700 recalled vehicles

BMW expands recall to most 2020-2021 plug-in hybrids over battery fire issue

BENGT HALVORSON

OCTOBER 19, 2020

70 COMMENTS

View Gallery

OCTOBER 12

Hyundai to recall 77,000 Kona electric cars over risk of battery fire, fights LG Chem over cause

Fred Lambert - Oct. 12th 2020 6:08 am ET @FredericLambert

Qnovo™

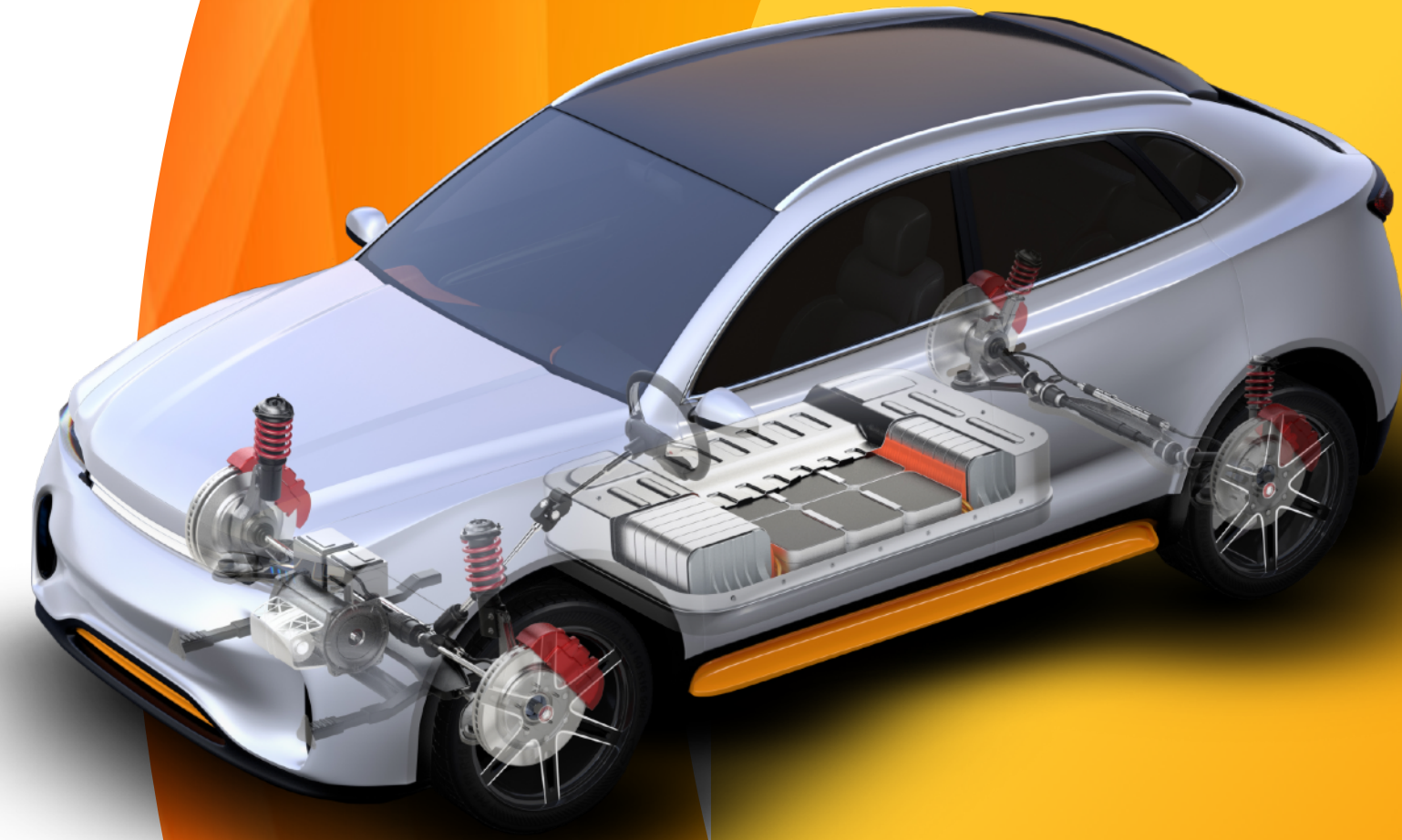
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Battery Safety Must Be Predictive

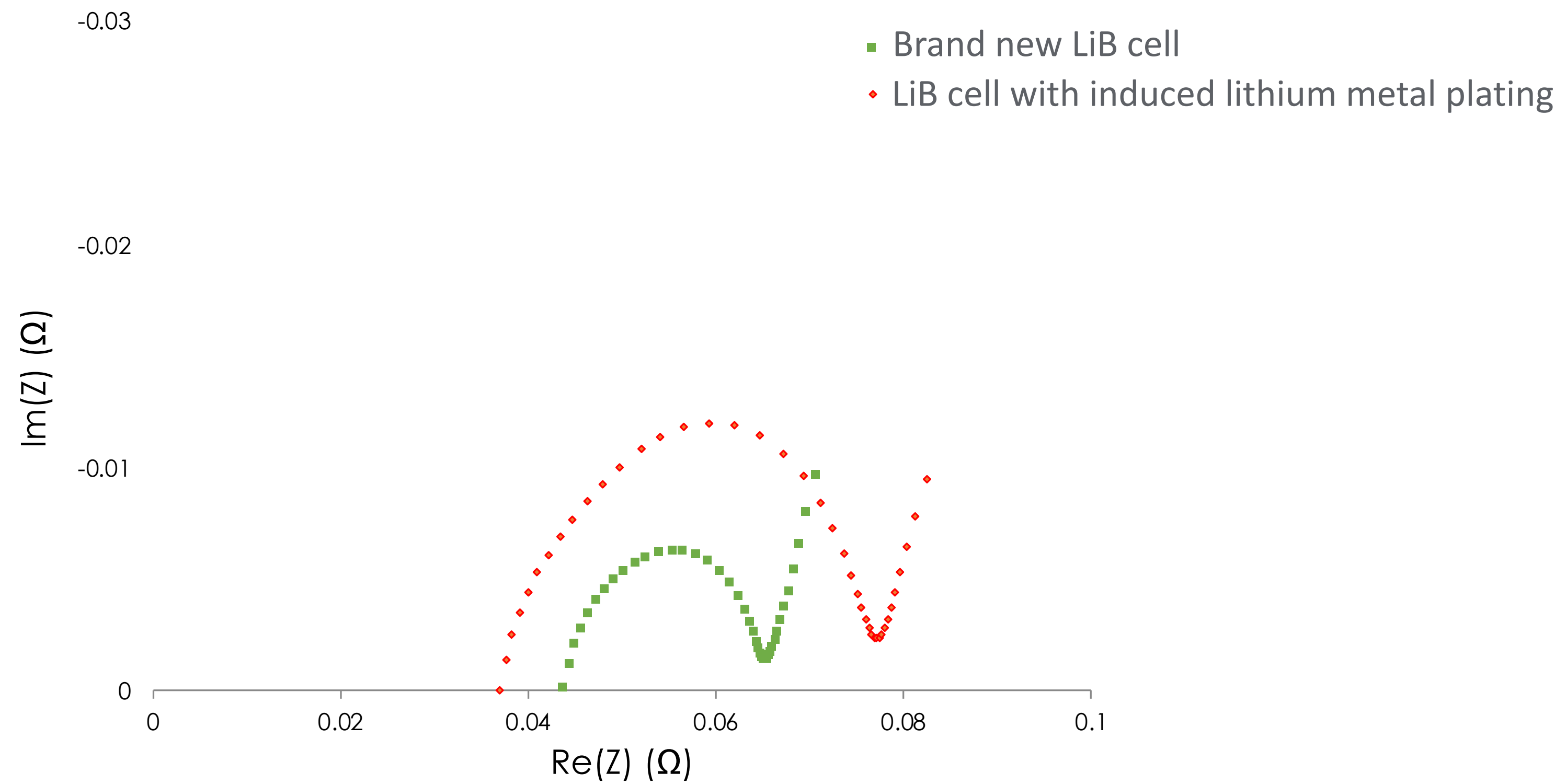


We need to prevent fires BEFORE they happen

Safety is also a system requirement (not just battery)

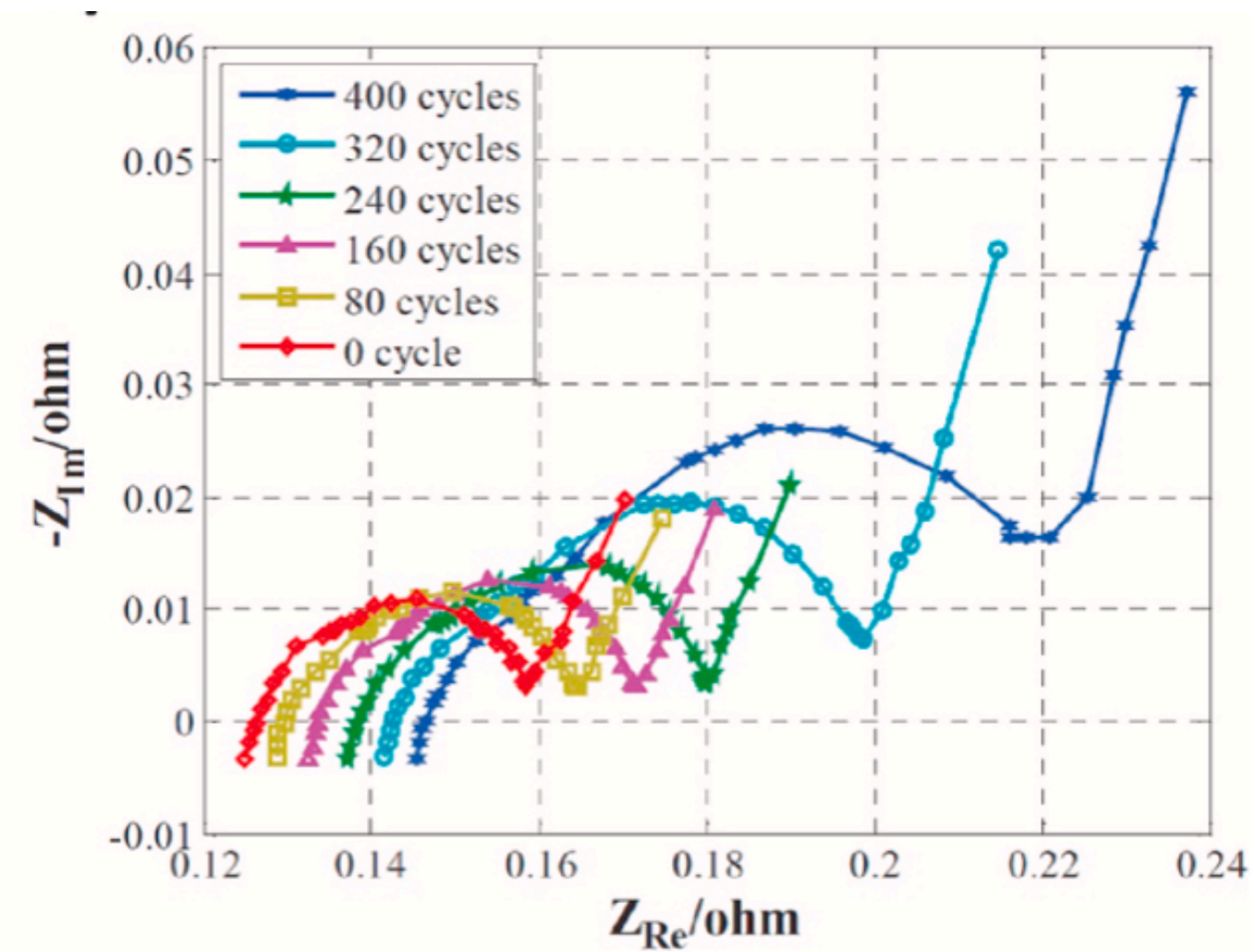


EIS is a Powerful Laboratory Tool for Early Diagnosis of Potential Battery Failures

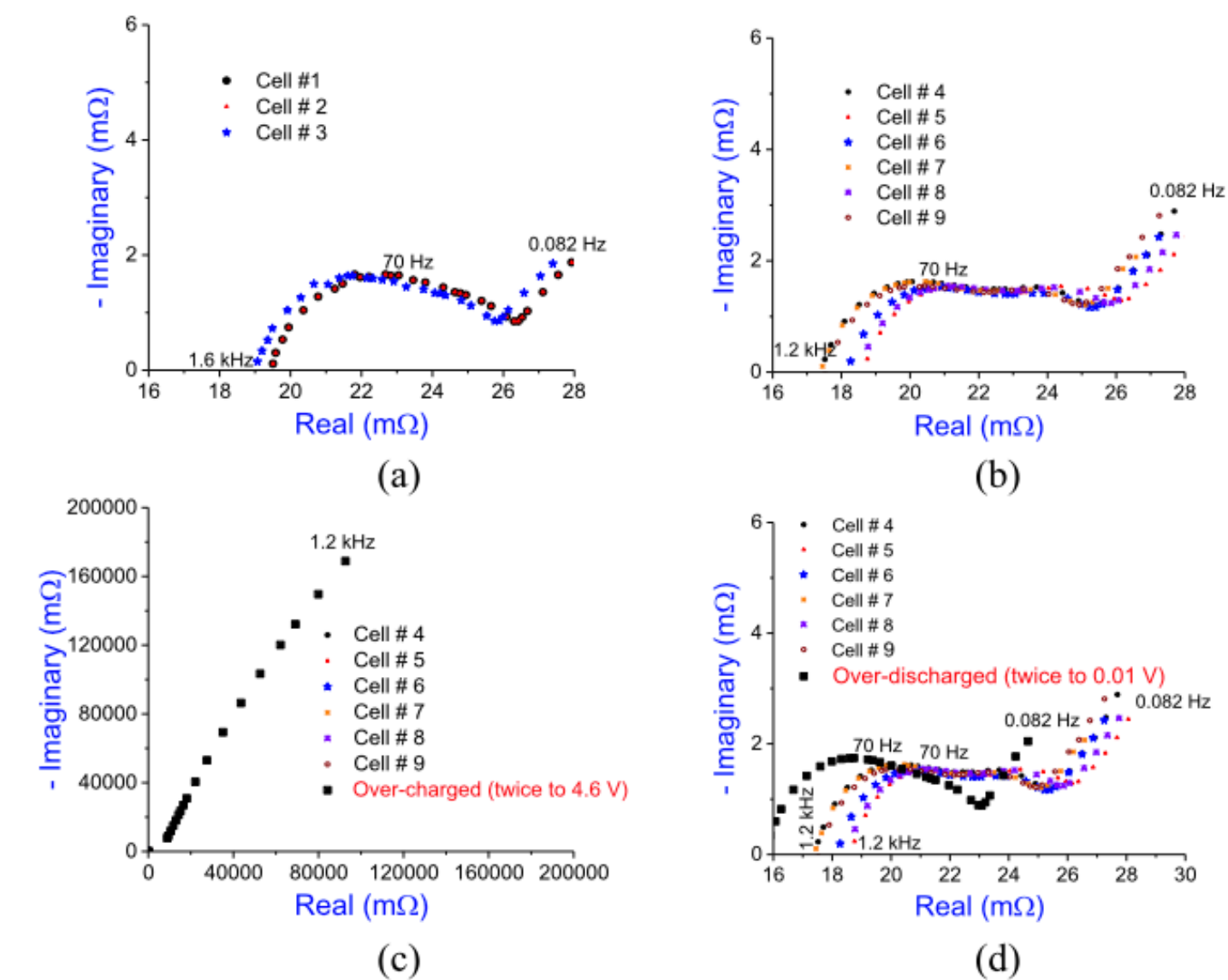


Several Research Efforts Demonstrate the Utility of EIS in Measuring Aging and Degradation

Two examples



Nina Meddings et al., National Physical Lab
“Application of Electrochemical Impedance Spectroscopy to Commercial Lithium-Ion Cells: A Review,” *Journal of Power Sources*, 480 (2020) 228742



Bliss Cakhuff et al., Johns Hophins Univ.
“Impedance-Based Battery Management System for Safety Monitoring of Lithium-Ion Batteries,” *IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON INDUSTRIAL ELECTRONICS*, VOL. 65, NO. 8, AUGUST 2018

What is Needed a Practical Implementation for In-the-field Diagnostics

EIS is only the “sensor” — it needs to be accompanied by intelligence capable of addressing the measurement’s limitations (e.g., repeatability, reproducibility, data interpretation, distinguishing between failure/aging modes...)

Models need to fuse relevant present and historical EIS data, operational and environment data (e.g., different SOC, temperatures), extract appropriate metrics, and be “predictive”

Learning models benefit from data aggregation over large sets of batteries/cells in the field to increase confidence in prediction (statistical incidence of false positives & false negatives)

Solution must be “easy” to implement in a vehicle, preferably with no additional hardware to be cost-effective

An Expanded Role for the Battery Management System

New safety industry requirements

**Predictive safety
Predictive maintenance
Remote battery analytics**

New performance market needs

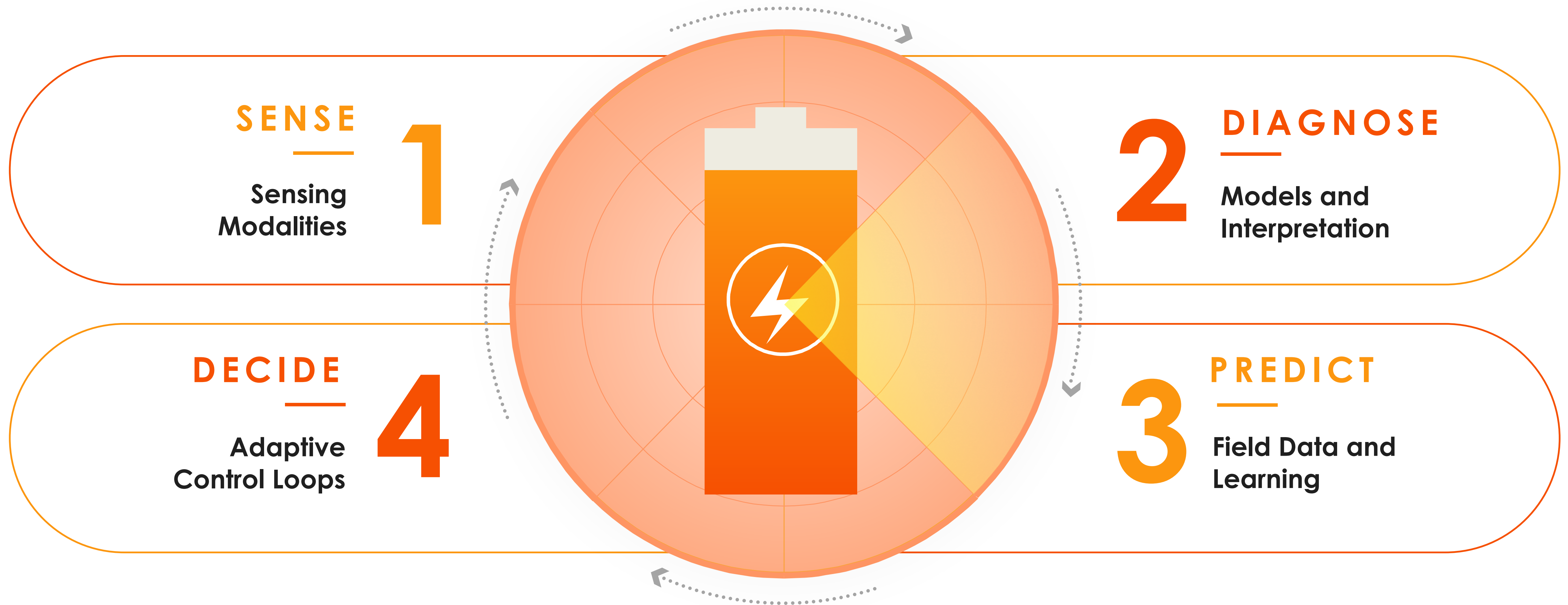
**Longer cycle life / battery longevity
Longer driving range / battery capacity
Very fast charging
Chemical state of health
Newer LiB chemistries**

Conventional BMS

state of charge
cell balancing
operational current limits
thermal monitoring
communication interfaces

hardware layer

Intelligent and Predictive Algorithms are the Foundation of our BMS Software





**Reimagining the battery experience....
with software only**

