PM2.5 and UFPs in Sweden and Northern China -

The Influence of Filter Age and Pre-Ionization

VIAQ-22-04

Dixin Wei, Volvo Cars, Security Class: Proprietary

4/27/2021

(Wei et al. 2020)

Contents

- 1. Background
- 2. Road testing objective
- 3. Measurement method and setup
- 4. Results

Volvo Cars Industrial PhD Project:

Develop energy efficient air quality solutions for vehicle cabins



> Volvo Cars Industrial PhD Project:

Develop energy efficient air quality solutions for vehicle cabins

1. Literature study



> Volvo Cars Industrial PhD Project:

Develop energy efficient air quality solutions for vehicle cabins

1. Literature study



> Volvo Cars Industrial PhD Project:

Develop energy efficient air quality solutions for vehicle cabins

1. Literature study

3. Model development & validation



> Volvo Cars Industrial PhD Project:

Develop energy efficient air quality solutions for vehicle cabins

1. Literature study

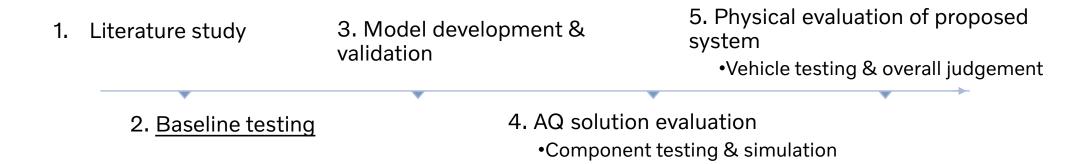
3. Model development & validation

2. <u>Baseline testing</u>

4. AQ solution evaluationComponent testing & simulation

> Volvo Cars Industrial PhD Project:

Develop energy efficient air quality solutions for vehicle cabins



- Scope: Focus on pollutants from incoming sources:
 - Particulate matter (UFP, PM2.5)
 - Ozone
 - NOx SOx
 - CO2

VOLVO

Road testing objective

Previously

Increase knowledge

Previously

Increase knowledge

> In-cabin exposure levels and outside levels

Previously

Increase knowledge

- In-cabin exposure levels and outside levels
- Influence from ventilation airflow and air recirculations (SW controlled HVAC settings)

Previously

- > In-cabin exposure levels and outside levels
- Influence from ventilation airflow and air recirculations (SW controlled HVAC settings)

Increase knowledge

➢ Filter status

VOLVO

Road testing objective

Previously

- > In-cabin exposure levels and outside levels
- Influence from ventilation airflow and air recirculations (SW controlled HVAC settings)

Increase knowledge

- ➢ Filter status
- Pre-ionization

Previously

- > In-cabin exposure levels and outside levels
- Influence from ventilation airflow and air recirculations (SW controlled HVAC settings)

Increase knowledge

- ➢ Filter status
- ➢ Pre-ionization
- Compare different test locations

- Campaign 1
 - 2018 May-Aug
 - Gothenburg, Sweden (Road Tunnel)
 - Outside: PM2.5 mostly 40 80 μg/m3
 - XC90

Campaign 1

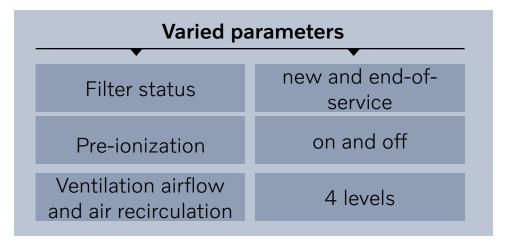
XC90

- 2018 May-Aug
- Gothenburg, Sweden (Road Tunnel)
- Outside: PM2.5 mostly 40 80 μg/m3

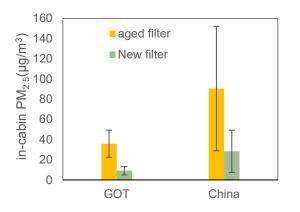
- Campaign 2
 - 2019 Jan
 - Northern China (Driving on highway/city roads)
 - Outside: PM2.5 mostly 80 300 μg/m3
 - **S90**

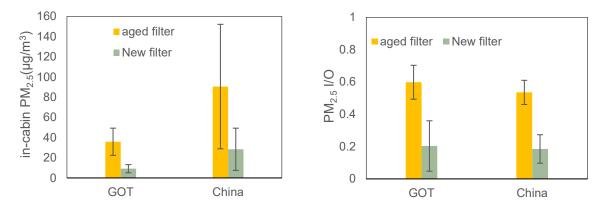
Parameter changed Stabilization Measure in-cabin and outside pollutants in 5-10 min interval

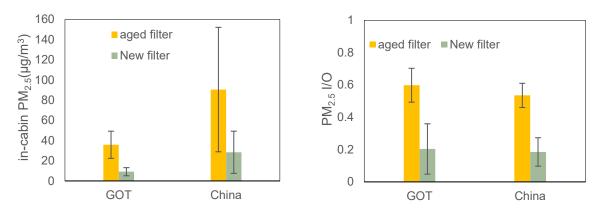
Parameter changed Stabilization Measure in-cabin and outside pollutants in 5-10 min interval



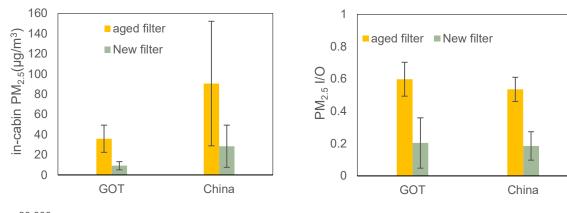




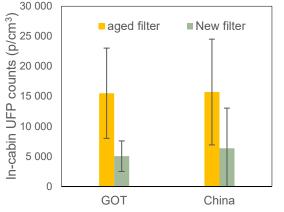


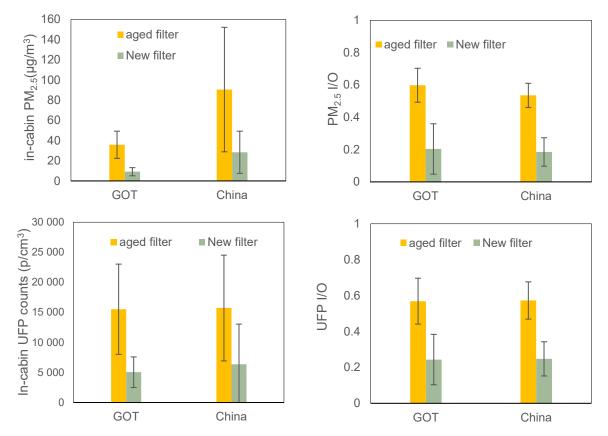


 I/O ratio: ratio of in-cabin to outside PM_{2.5} concentration or UFP counts

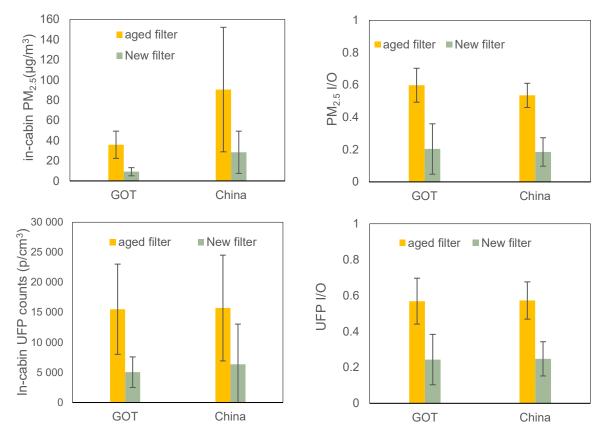


 I/O ratio: ratio of in-cabin to outside PM_{2.5} concentration or UFP counts



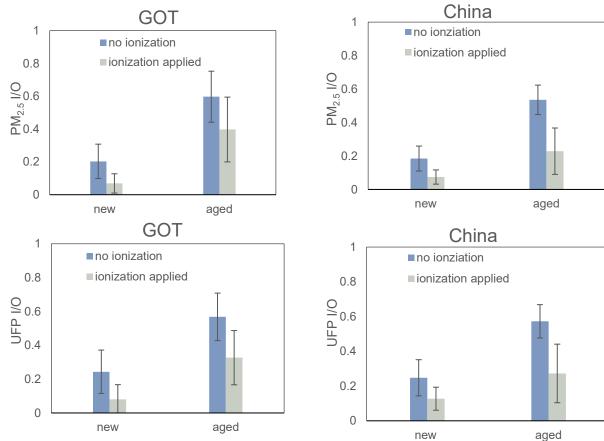


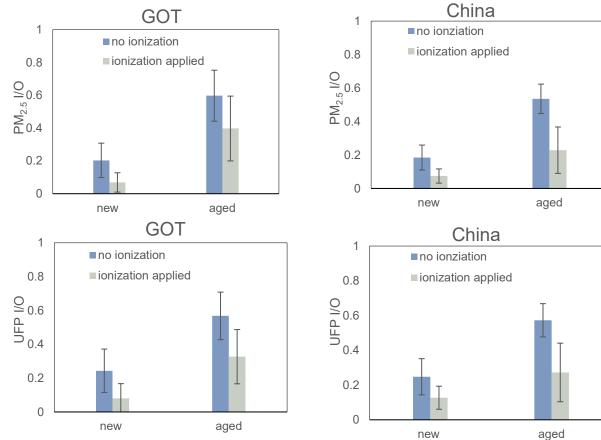
 I/O ratio: ratio of in-cabin to outside PM_{2.5} concentration or UFP counts



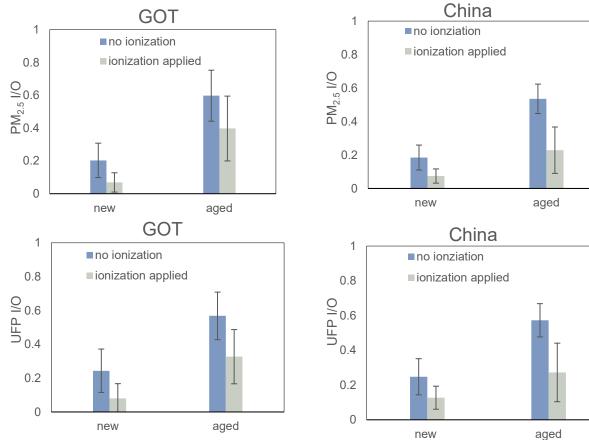
- I/O ratio: ratio of in-cabin to outside PM_{2.5} concentration or UFP counts
 - Aged filter (End-of-service interval filter) largely loses effectiveness.

٠

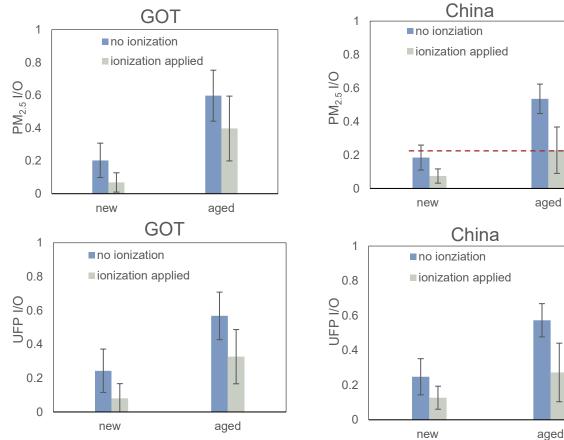




 Results comform with effectiveness of pre-ionization assisted filtration

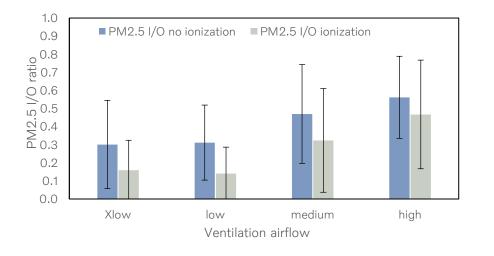


- Results comform with effectiveness of pre-ionization assisted filtration
- Aged filter with ionization reached a performance level closer to new filter without ionization



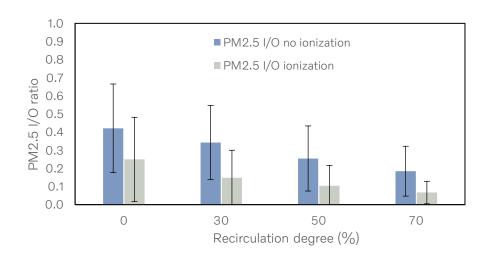
- Results comform with effectiveness of pre-ionization assisted filtration
- Aged filter with ionization reached a performance level closer to new filter without ionization

RESULTS - Ventilation airflow rate



• Lower ventilation airflow rate increases contact time and particle removal through interception, electrostatic attraction etc.

RESULTS - Recirculation



- Recirculated air is mixed with incoming air and then filtered
- Recirculated air normally contains less
 particulate matter
- Another concern factor in cabin is CO₂ could accumulate within long recirculation interval

REFLECTION

- 1. End-of-service filter has reduced filtration ability.
- 2. Pre-ionization was effective, especially in Northern China using aged filter.
- 3. Outside air largely affect the in-cabin particle concentration, while I/O ratio are close in different locations under same setups.
- 4. Besides, airflow rate, RC degree could be controlled to reach better incabin AQ and maintain/improve energy efficiency.



Thank you.