

# UK proposal for CMS monitor arrangement



# Background

#### Key principles and priorities:

- Support the initiative to allow greater application of CMS
- Important to ensure that safety is maintained or preferably improved while introducing CMS
- Limited evidence available to guide regulatory requirements in some areas
- Precautionary principle requires caution during initial market introduction
- Potential risks in the <u>complete</u> replacement of mirrors with CMS



## Background

#### UK perspective

- Wish to ensure that introduction of CMS minimises risks and improves safety, particularly for cyclists
- Monitor arrangement may be a key consideration in determining safety – limited evidence available
- Concerned about the need for drivers to be able to combine rear view information with peripheral vision
- Concerned about ease of use for drivers, particularly those unfamiliar with the vehicle / users of multiple vehicles (note growth in car sharing / shared vehicle concepts)

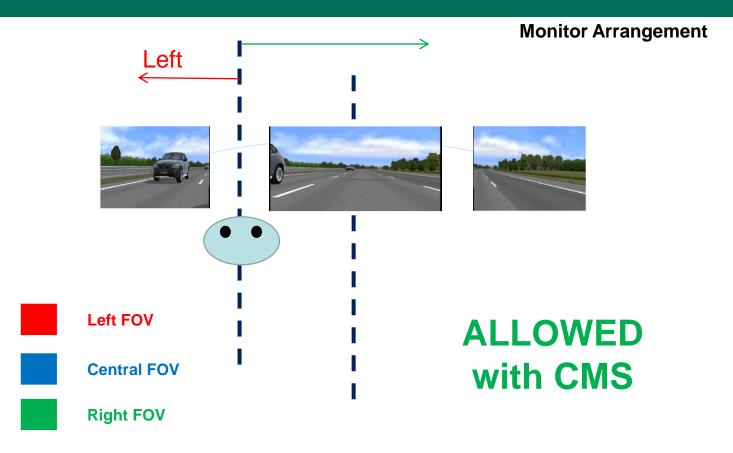


# Existing evidence / recommendations

- Effect of varying display position on drivers' situation awareness not known (Endsley, 1995)
- For camera systems, the monitor should be positioned in the same visual angles as the mirrors and without impeding the field of view through the windows.
  - Danish proposal for direct vision in heavy good vehicles N2/N3" (Road Safety and Transport Agency undated),
- For buses: "The monitor should be mounted in the cab so that the drivers line of sight to it is close to that of the offside mirrors." Tait & Southall (1999)
- BAST study appears to show preference for screens mounted closest to conventional door mirror positions (slide 31)

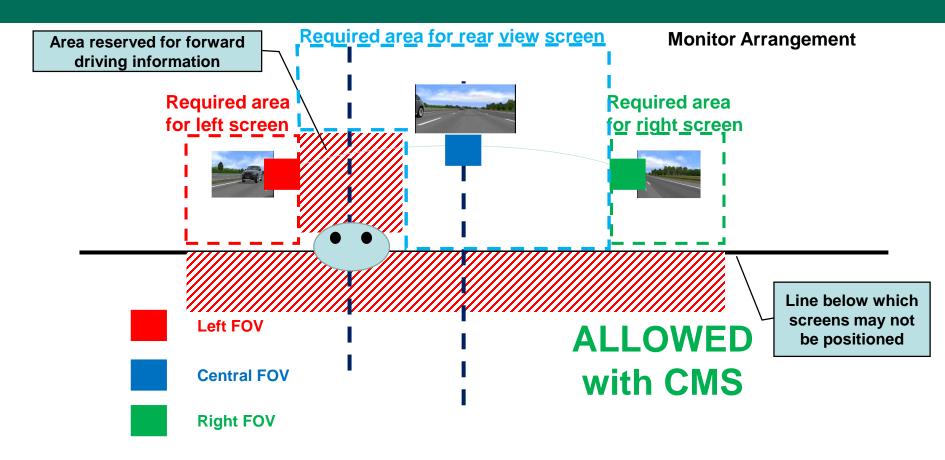


# Current proposal





# UK proposal

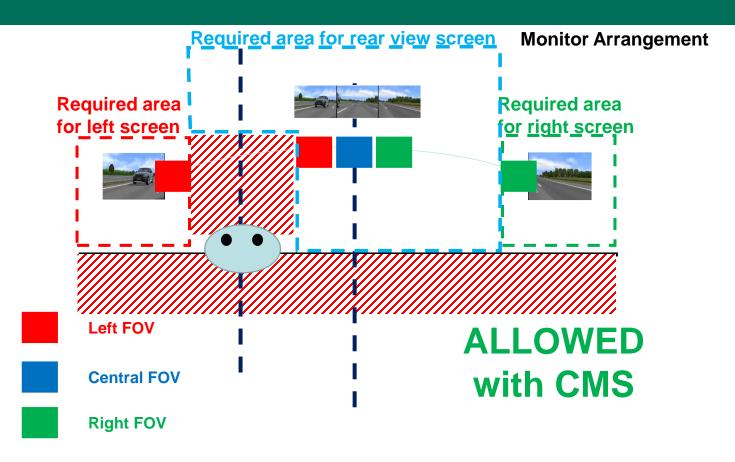


Paris, 5th June 2014

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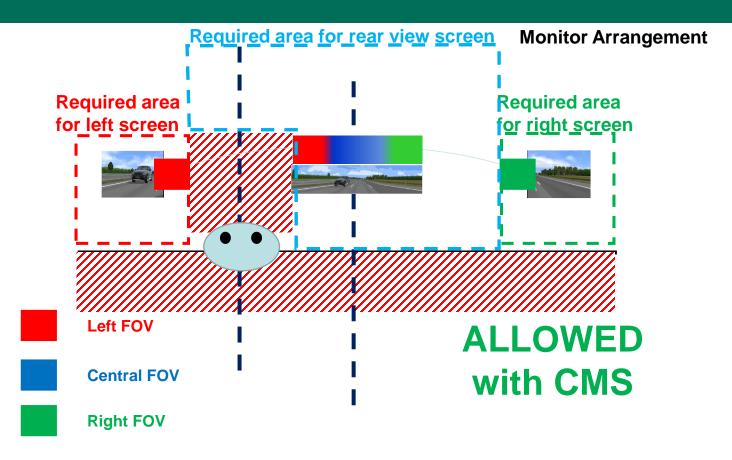


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### Summary

- CMS screens for right and left hand side cameras should be positioned close to where a driver would look for conventional door mirrors
  - Minimises risk for introduction of new technology
  - Accommodates driver 'reflex' reaction in emergency
  - Provides consistency when drivers use unfamiliar vehicles
- Regulations should also allow additional screens to be provided which may repeat this information
  - Can be used to provide combined 'panoramic' view with rear view information