Informal document VIAQ-27-03

Progress Report of the VIAQ (Vehicle Interior Air Quality) Informal Working Group

GENEVA, May 25th 2023

Chair: Andrey KOZLOV, Russian Federation

Co-Chair: Inji PARK, The Republic of Korea

Secretary: Andreas WEHRMEIER, BMW

ToR for the Third Stage

Terms of reference and rules of procedure for the IWG on Vehicle Interior Air Quality

Background. The group considered the inclusion in the scope of interior air pollutants from outside sources as a possible extension of the mandate at third stage. As an extension of the existing Mutual Resolution on VIAQ, this will take into account not only interior air emissions generated from interior materials and exhaust gases from the vehicle entering into the cabin but also outside air pollution sources. The list of outside air pollutions could include CO, NO, NO₂, SO₂, O₃ volatile organic compounds (VOC), aldehydes, aromatic and aliphatic hydrocarbons, particulate number (PN) and mass (PM) and microbiological substances, e.g. allergens, fungi, bacteria and viruses. As an extension of the existing Mutual Resolution on VIAQ, this will take into account not only interior air quality but also the air cleaning efficiency of the vehicle air handling & treatment system.

Objective. This proposal expands on the issues of the vehicle interior air quality, addressing outside air pollutants entering into the vehicle cabin and the interior air cleaning efficiency, to develop a test procedure in a recommendation by including Part 4 in the Mutual Resolution No. 3.

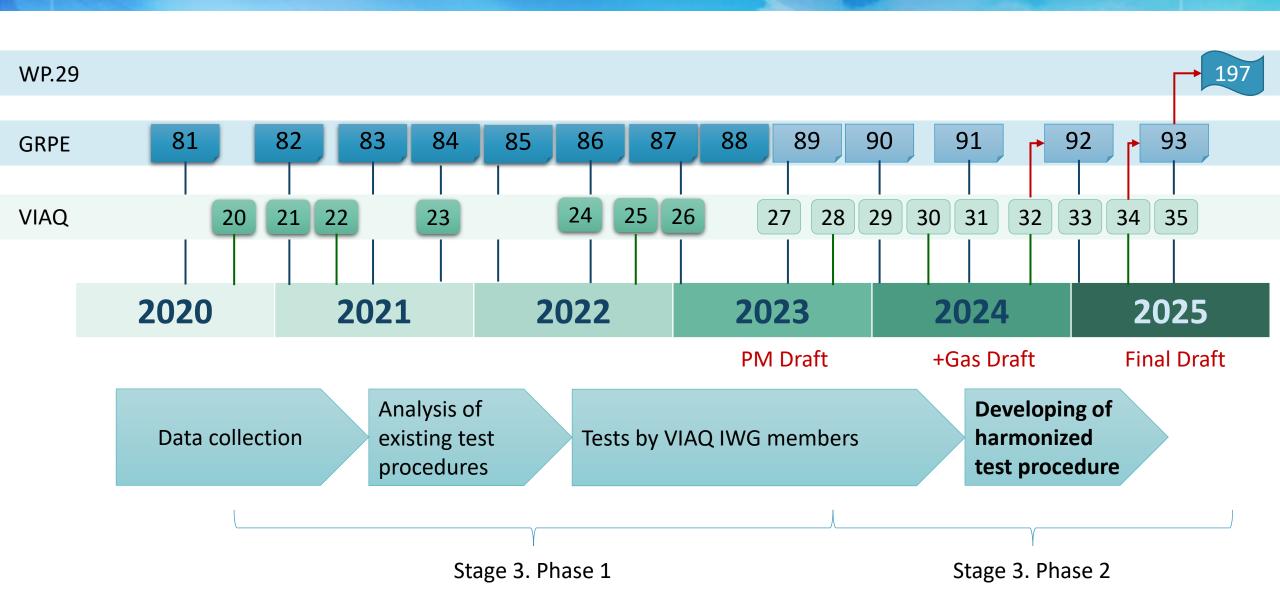
Scope and work items. Outside air pollutants entering into the vehicle cabin and their cleaning efficiencies

- (a) Collect the information and research data on relevant air pollutants and similar issues, and understand the current regulatory requirements with respect to vehicle interior air quality in different markets.
- (b) Review, assess and develop new test procedures suitable for the measurement methods of air pollutants entering into the vehicle cabin and their cleaning efficiencies (including test modes, sample collection methods and analysis methods, etc.)
- (c) Discuss the potential of air pollutants in the vehicle interior air with toxicologists.
- (d) Develop a draft for test procedures in a recommendation.

> 26th VIAQ IWG Meeting (hybrid)

- Geneva, Switzerland, 10th January, 2023
- Half a day

Timeline



Information presented 26th meeting

Company	Presenter Name	Document Title	Document No.
UTAC	Hanaa Er-rbib	Test Equipment requirements: Proposal	VIAQ-26-04
Freudenberg filtration technologies	Ulrich Stahl	Artificial ageing of cabin air filters	VIAQ-26-05
UTAC/ESTACA	Nadir Hafs, Amine Mehel	Laboratory tests for vehicle in-cabin air quality characterization: their complementarities to on-road tests	VIAQ-26-06
Cambustion	Mark Peckham & Jamie Parnell	Measurement of real time NO & NO2 in cabin inlet air flow in a "chase" vehicle	VIAQ-26-08

Discussion of working items

The purpose of this discussion was to formulate tasks for farther group activities and to develop harmonized PM measurement test method

The items

1.	Vehicle Category	9.	PM and gas components to be Measured
2.	Criteria for excluding a vehicle from tests	10.	Measurement Methods
3.	Test Vehicle age/millage	11.	Test equipment requirements
4.	Meteorological Conditions	12.	Gas Analysers Calibration
5.	Test Conditions	13.	Test Modes
6.	Sampling Points/Sampling Lines	14.	HVAC Modes
7.	Ambient air concentration level	15.	Test Procedure
8.	Cabin air filter age	16.	Test Protocol

Informal Working Group

Working items

1. Vehicle Category (agreed)

Category 1-1

2. Criteria for excluding a vehicle from tests (agreed)

Exclusion shall be based on a positive answer to any of the criteria below:

- ✓ Does the vehicle not have a full service history?
- ✓ Is there a Malfunction Indication Light showing on the vehicle instrument panel?
- ✓ Has the vehicle had unauthorised vehicle repairs?
- ✓ Has any part of the vehicle's heating and ventilation system replaced with non-original parts?
- ✓ Through visual inspection of the vehicle, are there any damaged ventilation system relevant components?
- ✓ Are there any obstructions to the vehicle air intake path?
- ✓ Is the vehicle not in overall safe operating condition?
- ✓ Is there any damage to the body of the vehicle, including but not limited to doors, windows and the rear?

3. Test Vehicle age/mileage (agreed)

Test vehicle age: more than one month

Test vehicle mileage: 3 000...15 000 km

4. Meteorological Conditions (agreed)

Weather condition: no rain, fog, snow or standing water on the carriageway

Relative Humidity: 40...90%

Atmospheric pressure: 85...110 kPa

Temperature: +5...+25°C

5. Test Conditions

- The VIAQ performance shall be demonstrated by testing vehicles on the road, operated over their normal driving patterns, conditions and payloads. The test shall be conducted on paved roads (e.g. off-road operation is not permitted).
- Windows, doors, sunroof or convertible soft top must be closed at all times. Heated or cooled seats should not be used.
- When cleaning the vehicle prior to testing, only a damp cloth should be used. Fragrances and air fresheners should be avoided.
- There should the driver and one passenger present in the vehicle for the duration of the test. All outer clothing of the driver and passenger should be made of polyester to minimize particle generation from the driver. Clothing should cover both arms and legs.
- The occupants should avoid applying any fragrances or make-up prior to or during the test. Further,
 occupants should not have smoked for at least 24 hours before a test.

5. Test Conditions

- The trip shall consist of approximately 55 per cent urban and 45 per cent expressway speed bins. 'Approximately' shall mean the interval of ±10 per cent points around the stated percentages. The urban speed bin however can be lower than 45 per cent but never be less than 40 per cent of the total trip distance.
- Urban speed bin is characterised by vehicle speeds lower than or equal to 60 km/h.
- Expressway speed bin is characterised by speeds above 60 km/h and up to 100 km/h.
- Local speed limits remain in force during a test, notwithstanding other legal consequences. Stop periods, defined by vehicle speed of less than 1 km/h, shall account for 6-30 per cent of the time duration of urban operation. Urban operation may contain several stop periods of 10 s or longer.
- The trip duration shall be between 60 and 90 minutes.
- The minimum distance of each, urban and expressway speed bins shall be 16 km.
- The start and the end points of a trip shall not differ in their elevation above sea level by more than 100 m. In addition, the proportional cumulative positive altitude gain over the entire trip and over the urban operation shall be less than 1,200 m/100 km.

^{*}Requirements regarding: Working document ECE/TRANS/WP.29/GRPE/2023/3 "Proposal for a new UN Regulation No. [XXX] on uniform provisions concerning the approval of light duty passenger and commercial vehicles with regards to real driving emissions (RDE)"

6. Sampling Points/Sampling Lines

- 1. The interior sampling point should be a head-height between the front headrests
- 2. The external sampling point should be as close as reasonably possible to the ventilation air intake.
- 3. The sampling lines to the analyzer should be:
 - as short as possible
 - line lengths must be identical and not more than 1 m
 - with few bendings as possible
 - with no sharp bendings
 - made of antistatic materials for particles measurement
 - made of PTFE for gases measurement
 - with diameter compatible to measurement equipment, usually 6 mm or 8 mm (outer diameter)

7. Ambient air concentration level

 $PM_{2.5}$ concentration should be not less than 30 $\mu g/m^3$ and not more than 500 $\mu g/m^3$

NO - TBD

NO₂ - TBD

CO₂ - TBD

Task: The group need to set background levels to all measured components (regarding item 9)

8. Cabin air filter age

HVAC filter age:

OEM-approved filter artificially aged to 3000 km

If a vehicle is not installed with a filter by the OEM, the vehicle to be tested with no filter present.

Task: Define artificial filter aging procedure, if good procedure is available only take artificial aged filter

9. PM and gas components to be Measured

```
PM<sub>2.5</sub>
NO
NO<sub>2</sub>
CO<sub>2</sub> (Interior only)
```

Task: Check real NO2 and NO concentration in outside air

10. Measurement Methods (agreed)

PM concentration Optical particle counter

NO and NO₂ concentration Chemiluminescent detector

CO₂ concentration Non-dispersive infra-red

11. Test equipment requirements

 $PM_{2.5}$ concentration 0.001 to 0.5 mg/m³

NO concentration 0 to 0.5 ppm

NO₂ concentration 0 to 0.5 ppm

CO₂ concentration 0 to 5,000 ppm

Time resolution: <2 s

Task: Prepare specification for test equipment

Informal Working Group

12. Gas Analysers Calibration (agreed)

Calibration and linearization of the equipment shall be performed according to manufacturer recommendations prior to the commencement of measurements.

After the equipment is installed in the vehicle, a dynamic calibration shall be performed. The dynamic calibration ensures that the paired instruments are measuring the same concentrations. The dynamic calibration should be run each time: before the test series; if there is a new or changes to an existing test equipment installation on a vehicle; and after the first test to ensure in correct measurement. For the purposes of this calibration test, a stainless steel Y-piece should be used to split the air from the exterior sample probe equally between the interior and exterior measurement instruments. At the end of the calibration, the Y-piece should be removed and the installation returned to the test configuration.

The dynamic calibration test should be run for at least 30 minutes and expose the vehicle to concentrations in the range defined in item 7. The Pearson correlation coefficient between the data points from each matched pair of measurement devices shall be calculated. For a valid calibration, the r² on all devices should be at least 0.98.

The drift of the zero response of the particle number instruments, defined as the mean response to HEPA filtered air at the inlet of the sampling line during a time interval of at least 30 seconds, shall be tested prior to each test and shall be less than 3 μ g/m³.

The drift of the zero response of the carbon dioxide instruments, defined as the mean response to ambient air at the inlet of the sampling line during a time interval of at least 30 seconds, shall be tested prior to each test and shall be 413 ppm ±20 ppm.

Annual calibration following supplier recommendation.

13. Test Modes

- 1. Real driving conditions (urban + urban motorway)
- 2. Laboratory test (see VIAQ-22-11, VIAQ-23-05, VIAQ-23-10, VIAQ-23-11, VIAQ-24-05, VIAQ-25-08, VIAQ-26-06)

14. HVAC Modes OICA proposals

HVAC settings should be as automatic as possible. However, some vehicles do not provide automatic settings, or automatic settings can be adjusted.

- A) Start to set HVAC to automatic. If vehicle does not have an automatic HVAC program or automatic settings can be adjusted follow the next steps:
- B) Set temperature to 22°C or 50% (medium) temperature setting
- C) Set fan speed to 50% (medium)
- D) Switch air conditioning: ON (need clarification from OICA)
- E) Switch ventilation flaps: fully open and directed straight ahead;
- F) Switch air quality sensors: ON
- G) Switch ionization: ON
- H) Do not use fragrance programs

15. Test Procedure (PM measurement)

- 1. Measure ambient air temperature, relative humidity, pressure and background air pollutants concentration.
- 2. Start the engine, adjust HVAC operation mode, switch on the PM analyzers and drive for at least 10 min.
- 3. Drive to the beginning of the test rote, start PM analyzers, GPS logger.
- 4. Drive on the rote urban and expressway parts.
- 5. Park the car, stop the PM measurement, GPS logger.
- 6. Switch off PM analyzer and the engine.
- 7. Save measurement protocols from PM analyzers and GPS track from logger to the computer.
- 8. Take another background measurement according to subclause 1. Vehicle real driving test is complete.

16. Test Protocol

The protocol contains

- 1. Vehicle information (type, variant, version, manufacturer, mileage, engine type, fuel type, filter type and date of installation...)
- 2. Test condition information (testing date, test locations, test time, test equipment...)
- 3. Reporting of test results (inside and outside concentrations measurement results, ventilation mode, ambient conditions, mean vehicle speed, test distance, altitude, filtering efficiency...)

Task: This item must further be updated, when test procedure will be finalized

Working Item	Tasks
7. Ambient air concentration level	The group need to set background levels to all measured components (regarding item 9)
8. Cabin air filter age	Define artificial filter aging procedure, if good procedure is available only take artificial aged filter
9. PM and gas components to be Measured	Check real NO2 and NO concentration in outside air
11. Test equipment requirements	Prepare specification for test equipment
16. Test Protocol	This item must further be updated, when test procedure will be finalized
Drafting work	Send out Draft document*, collect and analyze comments, revise the draft document

^{*} The Draft Part IV of the Mutual Resolution (M.R.3) on Vehicle Interior Air Quality (VIAQ-27-04)

Draft document (VIAQ-27-04)

Contents

- 1. Purpose
- 2. Scope and application
- 3. Definitions
- 4. Abbreviations
- 5. General provisions
- 6. Normative references
- 7. Requirements for the test vehicle
- 8. Requirements for the test apparatus, instrument and equipment
- 9. Test procedure, test mode, and test conditions
- 10. Calculation, presentation of results, precision and uncertainty
- 11. Performance characteristics
- 12. Quality assurance/quality control

Annex 7. Test report of emissions entering to the vehicle cabin with outside air pollutants and the interior air cleaning efficiency

Draft of Part IV of the Mutual Resolution (M.R.3)

Draft document (VIAQ-27-04)

Template for comments to Draft document (VIAQ-27-05)

Comments from members (VIAQ-27-08)

- OICA
- CLEPA/Europe
- Palas; Germany
- MANN+HUMMEL GMBH; Germany
- Donnay Detoxicology LLC (DD) / USA

> 28th VIAQ IWG Meeting (TBD)

- Paris, France, November, 2023
- Two days

OR

- On-line meeting, November, 2023
- One day