# 33RD UNECE VRU PROXI GROUP MEETING: TECHNOLOGY NEUTRAL SFVV

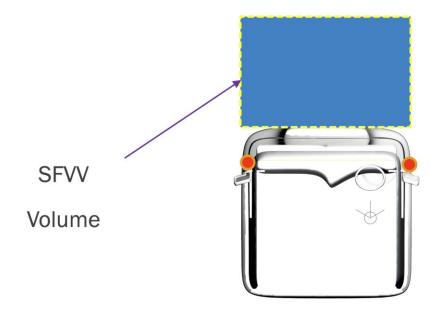
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# **CONTENT**

- Proposal
- Testing the proposal

## THE NEED FOR A TECH NEUTRAL SFVV

- It has been highlighted that the approach taken to ensure that frontal volume is technology neutral for reduced A-pillar width, needs to replicated for the SFVV volume
- i.e. the SFVV volume is defined by vehicle width but there is less volume to see for narrower vehicles
- A narrower 2.3m cab currently has the same volume requirement as the 2.5m cab in the current version
- This needs to be corrected
- This presentation presents an option for solving this issue.



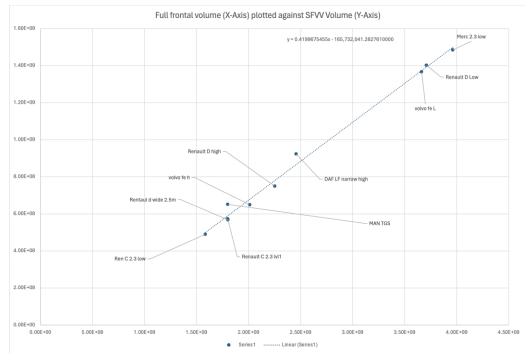
#### **PROPOSAL**

- Our proposal is as follows
  - For a Level 1 vehicle with a cab width of 2.5m we expect to see 0.47m<sup>3</sup> of SFVV volume and 1.8m3 for the frontal volume as a minimum requirement as defined in the proposed amendment. This is taken from the table in the Tech Neutral Amendment of UNECE 167
  - The SFVV value is therefore 26.1% of the frontal volume for level 1 vehicles (urban)
  - For a vehicle with a cab width lower than 2.5m the IAPD can be measured and the frontal volume calculated.
  - To find the SFVV volume requirements you take 26.1% of the volume found by the IAPD equation
  - For level 2 and 3 vehicles the requirements is 1m<sup>3</sup> for the full frontal volume, and 0.163m<sup>3</sup> for the SFVV
  - Therefore the SFVV volume is 16.3% of the total frontal volume.

- This method uses the work already established to be able to determine the volume requirements to the front for vehicles with reduced Inter A-Pillar Distance (IAPD)
- This proposal is assuming linearity of the proportion of SFVV to frontal volume, and so we did some testing to see if this was the case.

# **CHECKING LINEARITY OF SFVV TO FULL FRONTAL VOLUME**

- The graph shows the Subsection Frontal Visible Volume (SFVV) plotted against the frontal volume for 10 different 2.3m wide cabs
- The correlation is 0.996
- Therefore we are assuming Linearity
- We then checked some real world cases to see that percentage of the full volume the SFVV provides.

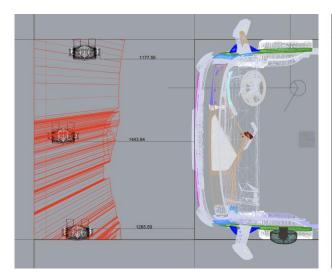


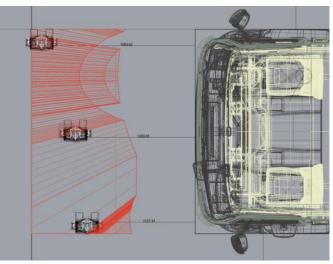
#### **TESTING REAL VEHICLES TO SEE SFVV % OF FRONTAL VOLUME**

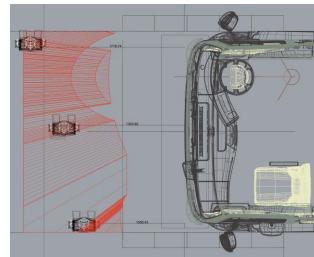
- We have selected a number of vehicles and found the exact mounting height of the cab at which the minimum requirement for for level 1 volume is met (1.8m³)
- We then found the volume of the SFVV to compare to the proposed
  26.1% of the total volume discussed above
- In each case the SFVV volume was 32% of the frontal volume
- But 26.1% is set as a minimum requirement which relates to the average
  VRU distance of 1653mm for level 1 vehicles.
- Each of the three vehicles tested over performed in the VRU distance test.

2.3m cabs SFVV % of front vol			
VEHILCE	FRONT VOL	SFVV	% of SFVV
Ren C 2.3 low	1.58E+09	4.90E+08	31%
Renault C 2.3 LVL1	1.80E+09	<mark>573287529</mark>	<mark>32%</mark>
Renault D wide LVL1	1.80E+09	<mark>567452057</mark>	<mark>32%</mark>
MERC 2.3 AT LVL1	1.80E+09	<mark>574169357</mark>	<mark>32%</mark>
VOLVO FE H	2.01E+09	649661555	32%
Renault D high	2.25E+09	749510693	33%
DAF LF narrow high	2.46E+09	923771833	38%
VOLVO FE L	3.66E+09	1.37E+09	37%
Renault D Low	3.71E+09	1.40E+09	38%
Merc 2.3 low	3.96E+09	1.48E+09	37%

#### **TESTING REAL VEHICLES TO SEE SFVV % OF FRONTAL VOLUME**







Merc 2.3 cab Renault D wide cab Renault C 2.3 cab

- Mercedes 2.3m cab had an average frontal VRU distance of 1295mm which is 78% of 1653mm
- Renault D wide can had an average frontal VRU distance of 1360mm which is 82% of 1653mm
- Renault C 2.3m cab had an average frontal VRU distance of 1359mm which is 82% of 1653mm
- Therefore, each is overperforming by a similar amount
- If we reduce the 32% of SFVV from frontal volume by the overperformance amount we get 26% for the Renault D and C and 25% for the Mercedes
- Therefore, we are happy with the 26.1% estimate of SFVV volume from full frontal volume.

## **Project information**

### Thank you for your attention, are there any questions?

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