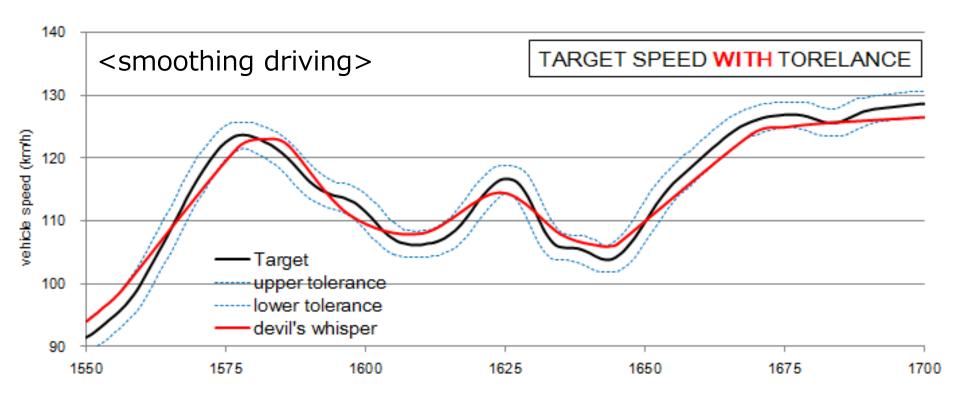


### Proposal for Adoption <u>"Speed Trace Violations / Drive Trace Index"</u>

Prepared by WLTP Trace Index Task Force 18<sup>th</sup> September 2015

# Missions of the TF

Seek the effective and essential way how to obtain right performance (pollutants, fuel consumption and so on) ~~~ avoid "smooth or rough driving technique ~~~



## **Progress Status**

During 10<sup>th</sup> WLTP meeting,

- 1. Technical Secretary provided the initial proposals
- 2. WLTP IWG has requested to establish TF(Task Force) for further discussion

During 1<sup>st</sup> TF meeting (on 28<sup>th</sup> May)

- 3. Japan provided further study on drive indexes
- 4. Feedback and/or comments by TF member on TS initial proposals

During 11<sup>th</sup> WLTP meeting and email exchange afterward

- 5. Technical Secretary provided the proposals based on feedback from TF member
- 6. No decision was made on drive trace "index" and "tolerance"

During 2<sup>nd</sup> TF meeting (on 25<sup>th</sup> August)

- 7. TF developed the proposals to be adopted during WLTP 12<sup>th</sup> IWG meeting.
- 8. According to the proposals, TF leader is working on gtr modification (should be ready by 12<sup>th</sup> IWG meeting)

## **Discussion Points and TF Decisions**

Items	Possible solutions		Profits / Concerns		
Drive Trace	1	Keep as it is	▼No improvement (smooth and/or rough driving technique continue to be expected).		
Tolerance	2	Keep as it is, but require "no show" on DAD screen	$\triangle$ Slight improvement is expected (test drivers try to follow the prescribed cycle as much as possible).		
	3	Eliminate the tolerance and apply index(es)	$\triangle$ Improvement is expected (test drivers should follow the prescribed cycle as much as possible). $\blacksquare \#$ of invalid test may be increased.		
Drive Trace Index	1	No index is applied	▼No improvement (smooth and/or rough driving technique continue to be expected).		
	2	Index(es) is(are) applied as a reference.	$\triangle$ Slight improvement is expected (test drivers try to follow the prescribed cycle as much as possible). $\triangle$ Gather data to decide the concrete criteria in future (also consider the "normalization")		
	3	Index(es) is(are) applied for judgment of test validity.	$\triangle$ Improvement is expected (test drivers should follow the prescribed cycle as much as possible). $\blacksquare$ # of invalid test may be increased.		

# **Other discussion points**

- ✓ Data sampling frequency : to be decided. TF member suggested the specific frequency to be compatible.
- $\checkmark$  Interpolation method : to be decided.
- ✓ Data filtering : to be decided (according to SAE J2951)

# **SUMMARY of TF Proposals (1)**

1. Introduce "Drive Trace Indexes\*" to be documented in homologation report. No criteria is set at this moment.

Indexes to be	ER	DR	EER	
documented	ASCR	IWR	RMSSE	

(brief description and calculation formula are shown in appendix)

note)

- W.O.T. operation : use target trace during WOT operation
   Gear Shift operation : no treatment is necessary
- Possible indexes : please refer the appendix
- 2. Keep current "Drive Trace Tolerance", but "No show" on drivers aid screen.

# **SUMMARY of TF Proposals (2)**

- 3. Data sampling : not less than 10Hz and no more than 10Hz
- 4. Interpolation method of the prescribed drive trace : linear
- 5. Data filtering : according to SAE J2951

Future scenario : re-visit to set criteria after data acquisition and HEV study

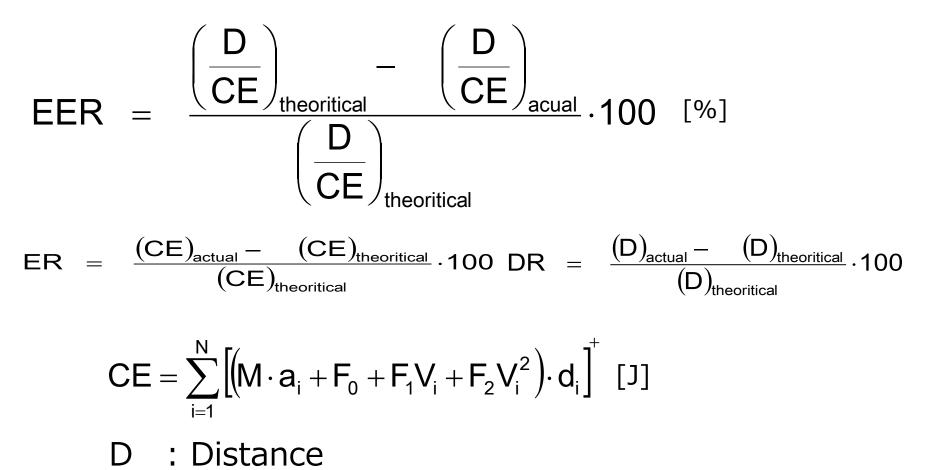
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
	finalize gtr	approve gtr	A ? WLTP	۵ الم implementat ۲	/LTP impleme ion@EU	ntation@JPN
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Index(es)				uire data via h (EU and J		sider ex crit
Normalization				uire data via h		Consi index
			study	(EU, if appli	Cable)	

# appendix

#### Brief description of each index

Possible Indexes	brief description
ER	is defined as the percent difference between the total driven and target cycle energy
DR	is defined as the percent difference between the total driven and scheduled distance
EER	is defined as the percentage difference between the distance per unit cycle energy for the driven and target traces
ASCR	is defined as the percentage difference between the ASC for the driven and target traces
IWR	is defined as the percentage difference between the inertial work for the driven and target traces
RMSSE	provides the driver's performance in meeting the schedule speed trace throughout the test cycle in terms of the Root Mean Squared Speed Error

ER(Energy Rating), DR(Distance Rating), EER(Energy Economy Rating)



Evaluate "Energy Efficiency" = Driving Distance / Cycle Energy Impact : high speed > low speed

#### ASCR(Absolute Speed Change Rating )

$$ASCR = \frac{ASC_{actual} - ASC_{theoritical}}{ASC_{theoritical}} \cdot 100 [\%]$$

$$ASC = \Delta t \sum_{i=1}^{N} |a_i| \quad [m/s^2]$$

$$IWR(Inertial Work Rating)$$

$$IWR = \frac{IW_{actual} - IW_{theoritical}}{IW_{theoritical}} \cdot 100 [\%]$$

$$IWR = \sum_{i=1}^{N} [M \cdot a_i \cdot d_i]^{+} [J]$$

All ASCR(route\_A&B&C) are same, but IWRroute\_A > IWRroute\_B > IWRroute\_C RMSSE(Root Mean Squared Speed Error)

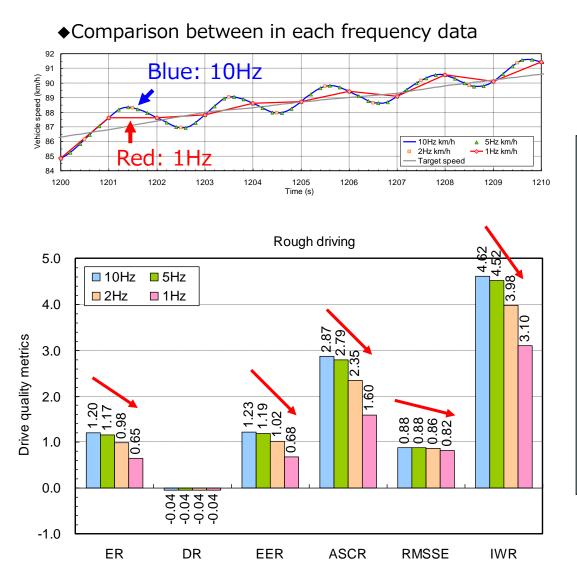
$$RMSSE = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{(VA_i - VT_i)^2}{N}}$$

VA : Actual Vehicle SpeedVT : Target Vehicle Speed

Accumulate the difference between actual and target vehicle speed over the cycle

Reference documents
✓ WLTP-DTP-07-05e, SEP 2011
✓ WLTP-DTP-LabProcICE-189, FEB 2013
✓ WLTP-DTP-LabProcICE-222, APR 2013
✓ PSA\_WLTC Cycle violation status and proposals, JUL 2013
✓ WLTP-06-16e, MAR 2014
✓ WLTP-10-31e, APR 2015
✓ WLTP-11-21e/22e, JUN 2015

# **Sampling frequency of drive trace**



•The low sampling frequency data couldn't measure the microfluctuations.

•If the low frequency data was used for the calculation, the lower value will be obtained.

•In order to evaluate drive quality appropriately, 10Hz data are necessary.