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eCall RF Aspects

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Outline

- Introduction
- Cellular network concept
- Network coverage examples
- MSD performance in weak coverage
- Impact of in-car propagation loss
- Conclusions

Introduction

eCall – Save Lives in an Emergency

Goal

 eCall should allow emergency organizations for faster response times by providing automatic and manual calls in case of an incident

Typical use case

Car crash in rural or urban outdoor environments

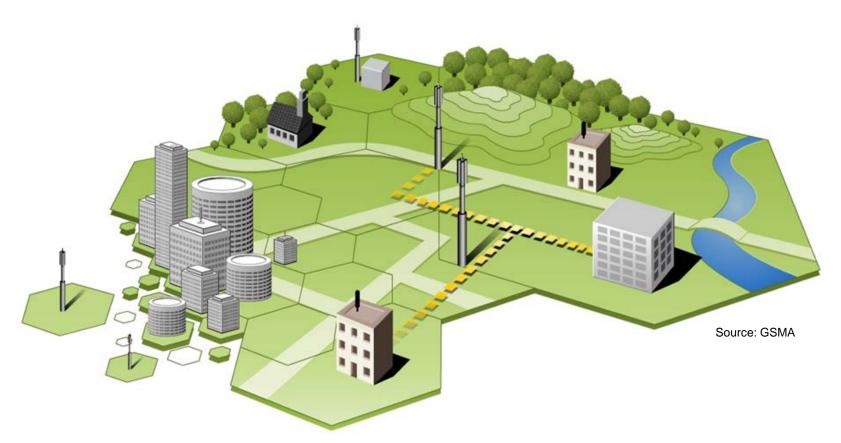
eCall requires mobile network coverage for TS12 emergency services

- Voice services have the most reliable performance in todays networks
- Call prioritization of TS12 emergency services are guaranteed by networks operators

Caveat

- Network operators have to provide emergency services only in regions where they have network coverage
- Network coverage is a design criteria determined by commercial considerations and regulatory requirements
- Network availability highly depends on type and placement of antenna systems

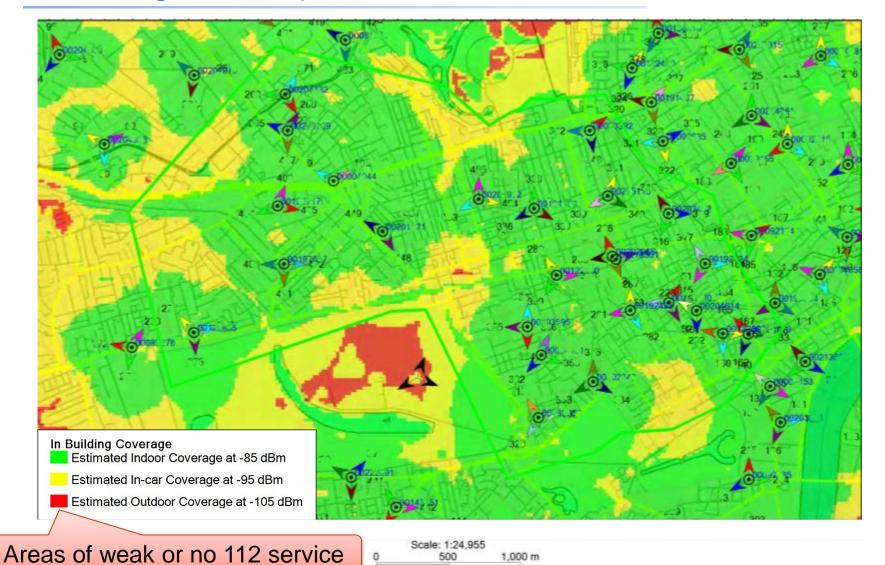
Cellular Network Concept



- A network consists of base stations covering limited areas (cells)
- Coverage continuity is achieved by partially overlapping cells
- Devices determine best suited cells based on receive power measurements



Coverage Example – Urban Area





Coverage Example – Rural Area

Example taken from https://www.vodafone.co.uk/explore/network/uk-coverage-map/index.htm



Regions of outdoor-only coverage can span several km

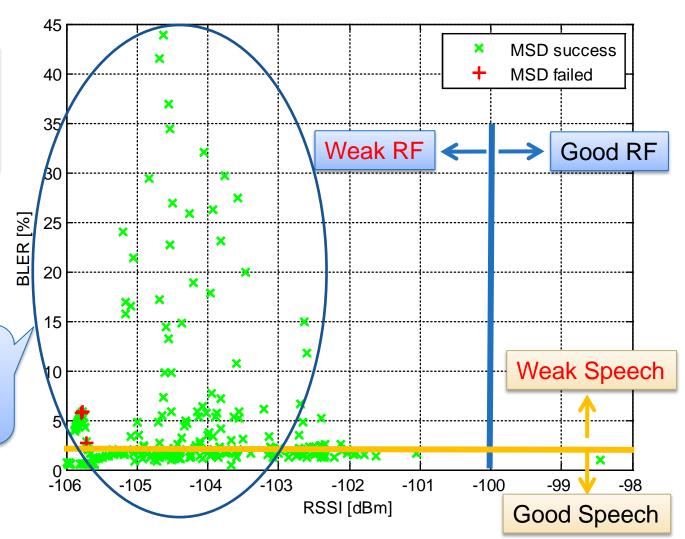


Expected IVS Performance

Weak Coverage Environment

Measured MSD failures after successful call setup

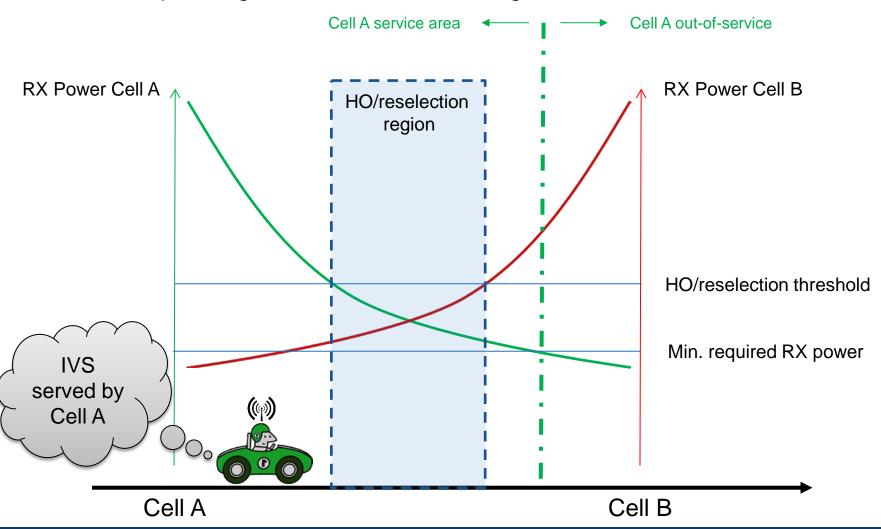
Small number of MSD failures at low RSSI + high BLER





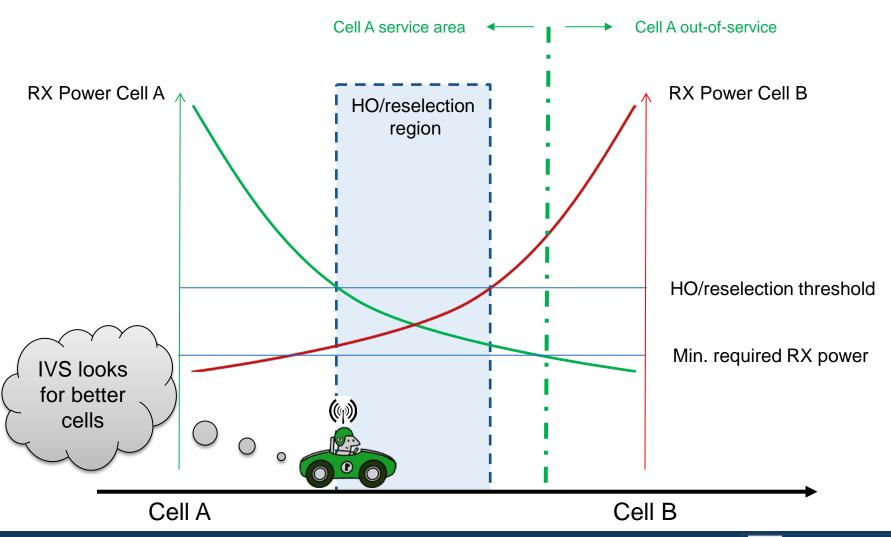
Simplified Cell Border Scenario

Network planning case for outdoor coverage



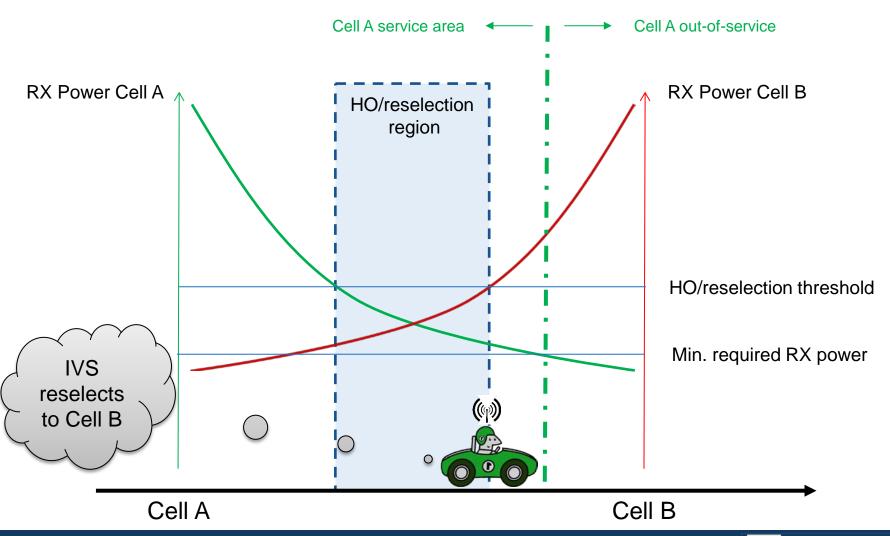
Simplified Cell Border Scenario

Good Case: External antenna



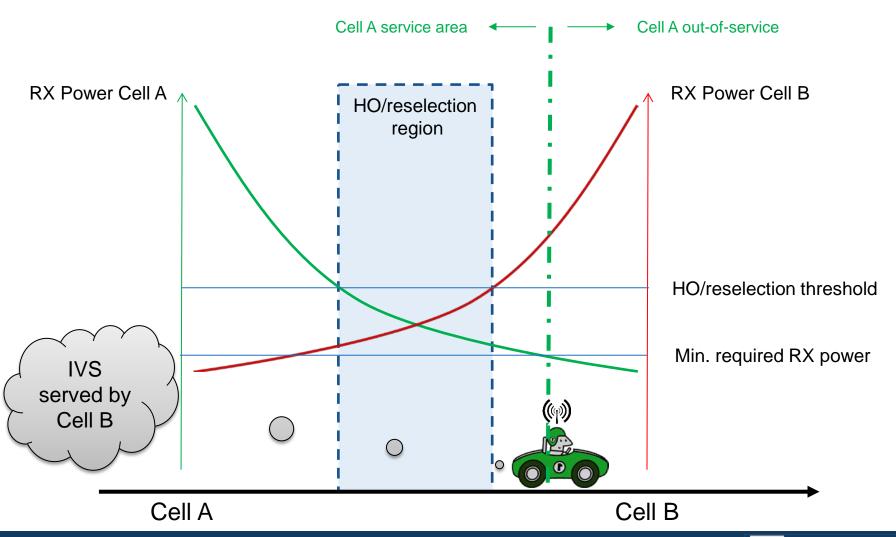
Simplified Cell Border Scenario

Good Case: External antenna



Simplified Cell Border Scenario

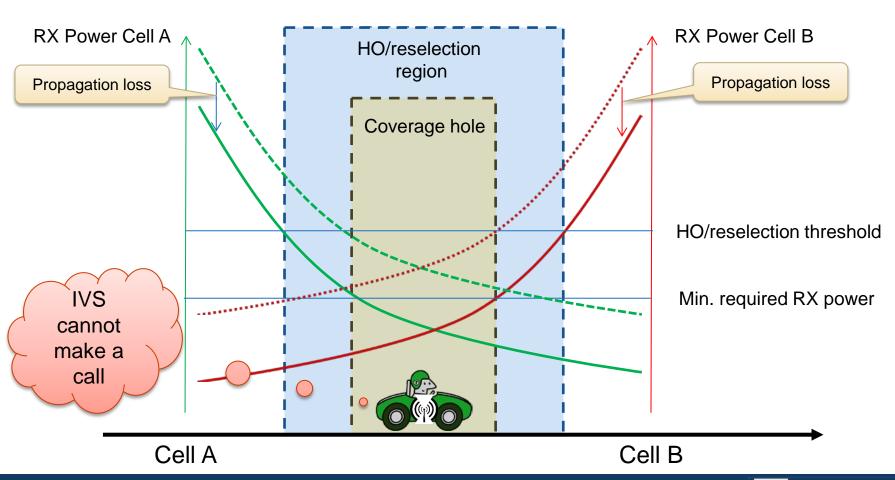
Good Case: External antenna





Simplified Cell Border Scenario

Propagation loss due to in-car antenna placement



Conclusions

Voice/TS12 emergency calls

- Networks are configured to prioritize all emergency calls
- Voice services are typically the best optimized by operators
- Call setup and retention performance for eCall are the same as for normal voice/TS12 calls

Network coverage (managed by operators)

- Urban areas: Network optimized for indoor and outdoor scenarios
- Rural areas: Network optimized for outdoor scenarios (may or may not include in-car scenario)
- Typical network planning parameters:

• Indoor propagation loss: 20 dB

• In-car propagation loss: 10 dB

External antenna gain: 3-6 dBd

eCall performance

- eCall and voice/TS12 calls experience performance degradations when coverage gets weak
- eCall performance is reliable even at BLER values exceeding coverage target for voice/TS12
- Service continuity of emergency calls can only be achieved if device integration is following the typical use case scenario assumed by operators, i.e. outdoor or in-car

Conclusions (cont'd)

- The issue of antenna placement in the car (e.g. IVS embedded antenna)
 - In-car propagation loss can reach ≥20dB in modern cars (e.g. due to shielded windows)
 - Reduced cell coverage can lead to call setup failures or call drops in cell border areas

GNSS performance

- Similar considerations apply for GNSS antenna systems
- Combination of 2G/3G and GNSS antennas possible
- Position accuracy requirements that are currently defined for eCall on EU and UN level may not be achieved by internal antennas

Recommendations for antenna system and placement

- Integrated external antenna system gain should achieve typical minimum 3dBd or more
- Antenna system should be crash resistant or provide enough redundancy
- Use of only internal antennas is highly discouraged
- Car type-approval regulation should consider to include antenna requirements to avoid implementation deficiencies leading to significant performance impacts

Thank You!

Questions?



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