

Information on Joint ISO/SAE Standard to address Cyber Security

Submitted by the OICA Experts UNECE IWG ITS/AD Adhoc Meeting

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Addressing Cyber Security

Why do we propose a separate "Automotive Security Engineering" Standard:

- Security has more assets than only safety (Money, Law, Operational, etc.)
- It needs different expertise, knowledge, methods and aspects
- The risk models are different, security risks emanate from malicious human intelligence, safety risks a due to natural occurence
- An own standard is easier to manage and maintain than a combined one

Why the Industry proposes a standard for Automotive Security:

- It is a cross domain topic (hardware, software, systems engineering, etc.)
- It covers more aspects than only secure data communication (immobilizer, chiptuning, ecu hardening, DRM, privacy, etc.)



Main Parts to Cover by the New ISO/SAE* Standard

The Standardisation Proposal contains three main parts**:

Part 1 - Vocabulary

- 1 Scope
- 2 Normative references
- 3 Terms and definitions
 - 3.1 Security Vocabulary
 - 3.2 Automotive Engineering Vocabulary
 - 3.3 Roles in the automotive security process
- 4 Index in alphabetical order

Part 2 - Management and Supporting Processes

- 1 Scope
- 2 Normative references
- 3 Terms and definitions
- 4 Management of the Automotive Security Engineering Process
- 5 Supporting processes

Part 3 - Item Development

- 1 Scope
- 2 Normative references
- 3 Terms and definitions
- 4 Risk Analysis
- 5 Protection measures specification
- 6 Implementation
- 7 Verification and validation of security requirements
- 8 Release for production
- 9 Operational phase planning

^{*} The agreement for an together standard is signed, therefore the coverage is worldwide over the different markets

^{**}Main Chapters overview only, Subchapters are not illustrate