Battery Recycling

Best Practices: Recycling Rechargeable Batteries
Agenda

- Umicore in 2 slides

- Umicore Battery Recycling
  - History and investment
  - Process capabilities/benefits
  - Process description
  - Pilot plant
  - Safety issues
  - Scale up
  - Life cycle analysis
  - Conclusions
Umicore today - a materials technology group

“Less is more”

Metal related materials can be efficiently and infinitely recycled, which makes them the basis for sustainable products and services.
# Umicore’s businesses today

## Energy Materials
- We develop materials which enable the clean production and storage of energy
- The business is driven by the demand for clean, low-carbon energy solutions

## Catalysis
- We develop technologies to treat automotive emissions
- The business is driven by increasingly stringent emission norms to promote clean air

## Recycling
- We operate a unique recycling process to deal with complex industrial residues and end-of-life materials
- The business is driven by materials scarcity and recycling legislation

## Performance Materials
- We produce a range of essential materials and chemicals based on precious metals and zinc
- Diverse applications: e.g. high-purity glass, construction, pharma, electrics/electronics
Umicore Battery Recycling

History and investment
Umicore competencies to develop a recycling process for rechargeable batteries

Based on Umicore’s long technological history (1880’s), unique competencies have been developed in following areas:

- Metal recycling
  - pyro-metallurgy
  - hydro-metallurgy

- Cobalt and Nickel compounds refining and production
  - 9,000 metric tons of Cobalt per year = Market Leader

- Battery compounds developer and manufacturer
  - LiCoO₂, LiMeO₂ [LCO, LCA, CMA, NCA,…]
  - Nickel hydroxide, other Cobalt and Nickel compounds
Recycling of NiMH and Li-ion batteries

Umicore’s Closed Loop Solution
Closing the loop for rechargeable batteries
Umicore’s recycling process gathers rewards

Umicore nominated as one of Europe’s most innovative clean tech companies
Umicore Battery Recycling
Process capabilities and benefits
Pack dismantling line – U.S. + Germany

- Maxton, North Carolina, USA – semi-automated line
- Hanau, Germany – manual line
- Dismantling avoids transport of parts which are ‘easy’ to recycle locally
- Creates valuable, more basic, jobs
Specific economic benefits

1. Move away from dependence on mining
2. No subcontractors
3. Complete destruction of used batteries.
4. Availability of electronics recycling making one-stop shop
5. Possibility to return recycled battery materials
Specific environmental benefits

1. High Recycling Efficiency (RE): > 50% per EU Battery Directive
2. No hazardous pretreatment
3. Gas cleaning process
4. The whole process is energy efficient.
Umicore Battery Recycling
Process description
Recycling process

INPUT

+ Energy Valorization

Smelting

OUTPUT

INPUT

Recovery REE's

Construction

Potential Li-extraction

Firing

With Li$_2$CO$_3$

New battery materials

LiCoO$_2$

Ni(OH)$_2$

NiSO$_4$

NiCl$_2$

(Sx)

de-Fe

de-Cu

Alloy

REE's

Ni

Co

Cu

Fe

Al

Mn

Li

Further Refining

Alloy

Refining

(oxidaion (Co$_3$O$_4$))

Slag

REE's

Potential Li-extraction

Production scrap

EV modules

PRB's
Products from UHT battery process less than 3% land filled today
Umicore Battery Recycling
Pilot plant
Feed structure

Small applications

Industrial applications

xEV (ind. applications)
Recycling process
Feeding equipment / batteries handling

- No dismantling, crushing…
  - Safe for workers
  - Safe for Environment
  - Cost Effective

- For any size of batteries
  - Small electronic appliances
  - Industrial batteries
  - HEV/ EV batteries
Recycling process
Smelting batteries

- Specially designed furnace
  - Intellectual property of Umicore
  - No explosion of batteries (safety)
  - No cell dismantling/No cell shredding

- Products
  - Alloy
  - Slags
Recycling process
Smelting batteries

• Specially designed gas treatment
  • A unique Umicore design
  • No VOC formation
  • All dust removed

• Gas cleaning technology
  • Low volume gas
  • Low CO$_2$ footprint
Li-ion battery slag

- Slag composition
  - main components: CaO – Al$_2$O$_3$ – SiO$_2$
  - minor components: FeO$_x$ – Li$_2$O – MnO

- Application as an aggregate in concrete
Umicore committed to closing the loop

Umicore is also focusing on the other elements in the batteries:

- Recovery on R&D Level
  - Lithium: extraction of Li from slag
  - Fluor: fluorspar
- Operational
  - Rare Earths: NiMH battery slag
Umicore Battery Recycling

Safety issues
Safety – Environment – Health  first!

Energy content

Chemicals inside

Transport
- Supplier: knowledge of battery composition, safety precautions
- Umicore: knowledge transport rules (land, sea, air, national & international)
- Safe procedure to be developed for larger quantities

Dismantling
- Supplier: to supply relevant information (BOM, MSDS, safety instructions)
- Umicore: to design safe process with zero risk
Umicore Battery Recycling
Robust and easily scaled up
Umicore’s recycling process is **robust** (1/2)

Early stage standardization and **volume driven** unit process: recovery of metals

- Minimum sorting and mechanical preconditioning
- Pyrometallurgical separation of metals; use of organics as fuel or reducing agent
- Resulting metal alloy can be used as such or is further refined
  
  *Ideally, metals are further refined to the level that they can be transformed into new battery materials*
Umicore’s recycling process is robust (2/2)

- Allows any metal composition input to deliver a standard metal alloy

- Output allows straightforward manufacturing of battery materials regardless of the input battery grade

- Typically large scale, volume driven installation
Umicore’s recycling process can be easily scaled up:

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<tr>
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<th>Small Recycling Plant</th>
<th>Large Recycling Plant</th>
<th>Comments</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Process Cost</strong></td>
<td>High</td>
<td>Low</td>
<td>Some element recycling needs scale effects to become profitable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Transport**        | Less                  | More                  | • Distance travelled  
| • Batteries          |                       |                       | • Several recycled products are special products with no local market |
| • Recycled Products  | More                  | Less                  |                                                          |
| **Energy Efficiency**| Worse                 | Better                | Generally speaking: energy efficiency measures pay off better in large installations |
| **Investments**      | Incremental           | Capital               | To cope with growing business, small plants can follow market needs more precisely |

- Appropriate capacity for recycling plant depends on:
  - process
  - markets for recycled products

⇒ LCA can help to assess the environmental aspects of the above.
Scale up issues and cost benefits

• Umicore’s battery recycling experience:
  • Lab scale
  • 1,500 ton per year
  • 7,000 ton per year

• Umicore also recycles over 350,000 tons of materials per year containing platinum group metals (PGM’s)
Umicore Battery Recycling

Life cycle analysis
Life cycle analysis published

- Several LCA’s, together with customers:
  - Recycling reduces
    - global warming
    - acidification potential
    - ozone depletion potential of EV’s
    (impact reductions from 20 to > 90 %)
  - Very low CO$_2$-footprint and nearly no added external energy - even if transport of batteries is included in the LCA scope
  - Resource efficiency: Metals are infinitely recyclable
  - Study by University of Ghent shows more than 50 % resource efficiency credits
  - Chemicals used in the process are recycled for construction
Resource savings by battery recycling

LCA study to determine gains (51%) between mining and our initial battery recycling process.

Additional LCA study to determine further gains (66%) between our initial battery recycling process and the new 7,000 metric ton pilot.

“Resource savings by “Advanced Battery Recycling”
Geert Van der Vorst1, Begum Yazicioglu2, Jan Tytgat2, Benedicte Robertz2, Jo Dewulf1
1Ghent University
2Umicore Battery Recycling”
Conclusions

Umicore’s 7,000 metric tons battery recycling facility
Summary

Umicore is closing the materials loop
Umicore is recycling in an environmentally sound way.

Above all, the process developed by Umicore combines many advantages:

- No hazardous pre-processing of batteries; i.e., no shredding
- No hazardous gas produced: gas treatment installation avoids any formation of dioxins or VOC’s
- The materials loop is closed: main metals are re-used in new battery technologies or other high end applications
- All plastics are fully utilized as energy source
- Plant design will enable significant cost decrease with growing market availability of feed
- Process can handle large variability of Li-ion battery chemistries and returns stable quality alloy for easy processing into high quality battery materials
Thank you

www.batteryrecycling.umicore.com
www.umicore.com
Battery cell materials are well characterized (ANL 2010) and each has its use and destination within the UHT process.

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