## A proposal for the Definitions of Automated Driving under WP.29 and the General Principles for developing a UN Regulation

O The following table reflects the general principles for automated driving systems as WP.29. These principles will be treated as guidelines for developing a new regulation related to automated driving systems at WP.29.

• The control systems that intervening in case of emergency (AEB, ESC, Deadman, etc.) are not included in these definitions of automated driving.

• The control functions that avoid dangers caused by unpredictable traffic conditions (goods/luggage dropping, frozen road, etc.) or other drivers' illegal driving behaviors are not considered in this table.

O The regulation on automated driving needs to have new specific performance requirements and verification tests under various conditions depending on each level.

O In discussing system requirements, it is desirable to organize them by level as well as by roadway type and to include the range of vehicle types (1: parking area; 2: motorway; 3: urban and interurban road, and both automated vehicles (i.e. existing vehicle classes) and low-speed shuttle buses, pod cars, etc (i.e. new classes of vehicles).

O The following table shows the distinguish way of level of automated driving under WP.29 at this present considering the results of discussions so far and the assumed use cases. This table should be reconsidered appropriately in accordance with each concept of automated driving system to be placed on the market in the future.

|                              | Object and Event Detection and Response (OEDR)<br>by the driver<br>The driver may not perform secondary activities |   |  | Object and Event Detection and Response (OEDR)<br>by the system<br>The driver may perform secondary activities  |  |   |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|---|
|                              | Monitor by Driver  | Monitor by<br>Driver (a)  | Monitor by<br>Driver (b)   | Monitor by System (Return to<br>Driver Control on System Request)   | Monitor by System Full Time<br>under defined use case  | Monitor by System<br>only   |
| Ref. SAE Level<br>(J3016)    | 1  |   | 2  | 3   | 4  | 5   |
| Outline of<br>Classification | control.<br>Monitoring by the<br>driver.   | The system takes care of both<br>longitudinal and lateral control.<br>Monitoring by driver necessary because<br>the system is not able to detect all the<br>situations in the ODD.<br>The driver shall be able to intervene at<br>any time. |  | fallback).<br>The system drives and monitors<br>(specific to the ODD) the environment.<br>The system detects system limits and<br>issues a transition demand if these are<br>reached.<br>*The Level 3 system is e.g. not expected to<br>provide a corridor for emergency vehicle<br>access or to follow hand signals given by<br>traffic enforcement officers. The driver<br>needs to remain sufficiently vigilant as to<br>acknowledge and react on these situations | any situations in the ODD<br>(fallback included).<br>The driver is not necessarily<br>needed during the specific use-<br>case, e. g. Valet Parking/<br>Campus Shuttle.<br>The system may however<br>request a takeover if the ODD<br>boundaries are reached (e.g.<br>motorway exit).                                       | The system is able to<br>cope with any situations<br>on all road types, speed<br>ranges and<br>environmental<br>conditions.<br>No driver necessary. |
| Vehicle Tasks                | (acceleration/braking)   |   |  | <ul> <li>(e. g. when he hears the sirens of an emergency vehicle in close vicinity).</li> <li>1. Execute longitudinal (accelerating/braking) and lateral (steering) portions of the dynamic driving task when activated. Shall monitor the driving environment for operational decisions when activated.</li> </ul>   | -  | 1. Monitor the driving environment  |
|                              |  | 2. System deactivated immediately upon request by the human driver.   |  | 2. Permit activation only under<br>conditions for which it was designed.<br>System deactivated immediately at the<br>request of the driver. However the<br>system may momentarily delay<br>deactivation when immediate human<br>takeover could compromise safety  | 2 Permit activation only under conditions for which it was   | 2. Execute longitudinal<br>(accelerating/ braking)<br>and lateral (steering)  |
|                              |  | 3. No transition de warnings.   | mand as such, only   | 3. System automatically deactivated<br>only after requesting the driver to<br>take-over with a sufficient lead time;<br>may – under certain, limited<br>circumstances – transition (at least<br>initiate) to minimal risk condition if<br>the human driver does not take over.<br>It would be beneficial if the vehicle<br>displays used for the secondary<br>activities were also used to improve<br>the human takeover process.                                     | 3. Shall deactivate<br>automatically if<br>design/boundary conditions  | 3. Execute the OEDR<br>subtasks of the dynamic<br>driving task- human<br>controls are not required<br>in an extreme scenario.                       |
|                              |  | as hands-on detect<br>cameras to detect<br>position and eyelid<br>evaluate the driver   | realized, for example,<br>ion or monitoring<br>the driver's head | 4. Driver availability recognition shall<br>be used to ensure the driver is in the<br>position to take over when requested<br>by the system. Potential technical<br>solutions range from detecting the<br>driver's manual operations to<br>monitoring cameras to detect the<br>driver's head position and eyelid<br>movement.   | 4. Driver availability<br>recognition shall be used to<br>ensure the driver is in the<br>position to take over when<br>requested by transition<br>demand. This can however be<br>lighter solutions than for level<br>3 because the system is able<br>to transfer the vehicle to a<br>minimal risk condition in the<br>ODD. | 4. System will transfer the vehicle to a minimal risk condition.  |
|                              |  |   |  | 5. Emergency braking measures must<br>be accomplished by the system and<br>not expected from the driver (due to<br>secondary activities)  | 5. Emergency braking<br>measures must be<br>accomplished by the system<br>and not expected from the  |   |

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|  |   |  |  | driver (due to secondary activities)   |   |
|--|---|--|--|--|---|
| Driver Tasks   | 1. Determine when<br>activation or<br>deactivation of<br>assistance system is<br>appropriate  | 1. Determine when activation or deactivation of the system is appropriate.   | 1. Determine when activation or<br>deactivation of the automated driving<br>system is appropriate.   | 1. Determine when<br>activation/deactivation of the<br>automated driving system is<br>appropriate.   | 1. Activate and deactivate<br>the automated driving<br>system.  |
|  |   | 2. Execute the OEDR by monitoring the driving environment and responding if necessary (e.g. emergency vehicles coming).  | 2. Does not need to execute the<br>longitudinal, lateral driving tasks and<br>monitoring of the environment for<br>operational decisions in the ODD.   | 2. Does not need to execute<br>the longitudinal, lateral driving<br>tasks and monitoring of the<br>environment in the ODD.   | 2. Does not need to<br>execute the longitudinal,<br>lateral driving tasks and<br>monitoring of the<br>environment during the<br>whole trip.   |
|  | 3. Supervise the<br>dynamic driving task<br>executed by driver<br>assistance system and<br>intervening<br>immediately when<br>required by the<br>environment and the<br>system (warnings) | 3. Constantly supervise the dynamic<br>driving task executed by the system.<br>Although the driver may be disengaged<br>from the physical aspects of driving,<br>he/she must be fully engaged mentally<br>with the driving task and shall<br>immediately intervene when required by<br>the environment or by the system (no<br>transition demand by the system, just<br>warning in case of misuse or failure). | 3. Shall remain sufficiently vigilant as<br>to acknowledge the transition demand<br>and, acknowledge vehicle warnings,<br>mechanical failure or emergency<br>vehicles (increase lead time compared<br>to level 2).   | 3. May be asked to take over<br>upon request within lead time.<br>However the system does not<br>require the driver to provide<br>fallback performance under<br>the ODD.   | 3. Determine waypoints<br>and destinations  |
|  | 4. The driver shall not<br>perform secondary<br>activities which will<br>hamper him in<br>intervening<br>immediately when<br>required.  | 4. The driver shall not perform secondary<br>activities which will hamper him in<br>intervening immediately when required.   | 4. May turn his attention away from<br>the complete dynamic driving task in<br>the ODD but can only perform<br>secondary activities with appropriate<br>reaction times. It would be beneficial<br>if the vehicle displays were used for<br>the secondary activities.   | 4. May perform a wide variety<br>of secondary activities in the<br>ODD.  | 4. May perform a wide<br>variety of secondary<br>activities during the<br>whole trip.   |
| Consideration<br>points on<br>development of<br>vehicle regulation | Same as current<br>principle (manner)   | 1. Consider whether regulatory provision<br>for longitudinal (accelerating, braking)<br>and lateral control (steering) are<br>necessary.   | 1. Consider which regulatory provision<br>for longitudinal (accelerating, braking)<br>and lateral control (steering) are<br>necessary including the monitoring of<br>the driving environment.  |  | Note: Preliminary analysis<br>only- subject further<br>review.<br>1. Consider which<br>regulatory provision for<br>longitudinal (accelerating,<br>braking) and lateral<br>control (steering) are<br>necessary including the<br>monitoring of the driving<br>environment for any<br>decisions (for example<br>Emergency vehicles).   |
|  |   | 2. Consider regulatory provision to<br>ensure the system is deactivated<br>immediately upon request by the human<br>driver.  | <ol> <li>Consider regulatory provision to<br/>ensure the system:         <ol> <li>Permits activation only under<br/>conditions for which it was designed,<br/>and</li> <li>Deactivates immediately upon<br/>request by the driver. However the<br/>system may momentarily delay<br/>deactivation when immediate driver<br/>takeover could compromise safety.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>  | <ol> <li>Consider regulatory<br/>provision to ensure the<br/>system:         <ol> <li>Permits activation only<br/>under conditions for which it<br/>was designed, and</li> <li>Deactivates immediately<br/>upon request by the driver.</li> <li>However the system may<br/>momentarily delay<br/>deactivation when immediate<br/>driver takeover could<br/>compromise safety.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> | <ol> <li>Depending upon the vehicle configuration, consider regulatory provision to ensure the system:         <ol> <li>Permits activation only under conditions for which it was designed, and</li> <li>Deactivates immediately upon request by the driver. However the system may momentarily delay deactivation when immediate driver takeover could compromise safety.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> |
|  |   | 3. Consider the warning strategy to be<br>used. This might include<br>warning/informing the driver in due<br>time when an intervention by the<br>driver is needed,   | 3. Consider regulatory provision to<br>ensure the system automatically<br>deactivates only after requesting the<br>driver to take-over with a sufficient<br>lead time; including – under certain,<br>limited circumstances – transition (at<br>least initiate) to minimal risk condition<br>if the driver does not take over. It<br>would be beneficial if the vehicle<br>displays used for the secondary<br>activities were also used to improve<br>the human takeover process. | 3. Consider regulatory<br>provision to ensure the system<br>automatically transfer the<br>vehicle to a minimal risk<br>condition preferably outside of<br>an active lane of traffic if<br>design/boundary conditions<br>are no longer met.   | 3. Consider regulatory<br>provision to ensure the<br>system automatically<br>transfer the vehicle to a<br>minimal risk condition<br>preferably outside of an<br>active lane of traffic.   |
|  |   | 4. Consider the driver availability<br>recognition function to evaluate the<br>driver's involvement in the monitoring<br>task and ability to intervene immediately.<br>For example, as hands-on detection or<br>monitoring cameras to detect the driver's<br>head position and eyelid movement etc.  | system   | 4. Consider regulatory<br>provision for driver availability<br>recognition is used to ensure<br>the driver is in the position to<br>take over when requested by<br>the system transition demand<br>at the end of the ODD.  |   |

|   |  |   |  | 5. Consider regulatory provision for<br>emergency braking measures by the<br>system   | 5. Consider regulatory<br>provision for emergency<br>braking measures by the<br>system.  | 4. Consider regulatory<br>provision for emergency<br>braking measures by the<br>system.                 |  |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
|   |  | Exam  | ples of the necessary  | system performance requirements   |  |   |  |
| Override (e.g.<br>steering, braking,<br>accelerating)<br>function by the<br>driver  | Necessary in general   |   |  |   | Unnecessary when driverless<br>mode. Otherwise necessary in<br>general. However the system<br>may momentarily delay<br>deactivation when immediate<br>human takeover could<br>compromise safety.   | Unnecessary   |  |
| U   | Detection of hands-<br>off when Level 1<br>addresses LKAS  | Detection of<br>hands-off   | Detecting the driver<br>availability recog-<br>nition function to<br>evaluate the driver's<br>involvement in the<br>monitoring task and<br>ability to intervene<br>immediately (e.g.<br>hands off detection,<br>head and/or eye<br>movement and/or<br>input to any control<br>element of the<br>vehicle) | Detection of driver's availability to<br>take over the driving task upon<br>request or when required:<br>e.g. seated/unseated,<br>driver availability recognition system<br>(e.g. head and/or eye movement<br>and/or input to any control element of<br>the vehicle)  | Unnecessary when driverless<br>operation/use case.<br>Necessary when driver is<br>requested to take over at the<br>end of ODD. In these<br>circumstances, this can be<br>lighter solutions than for level<br>3 because the system is able<br>to transfer the vehicle to a<br>minimal risk condition in the<br>ODD.     | Unnecessary   |  |
| Aspects of<br>arrangement that<br>ensures the driver's<br>resumption of<br>dynamic driving<br>tasks (transition<br>periods to the<br>driver, etc.)<br>Aspect of transition<br>demand procedure. | not applicable   |   |  | Consideration of the methods used to<br>reengage the driver following system<br>request (including minimal risk<br>maneuver and cognitive stimulation- if<br>applicable the vehicle infotainment<br>system showing non-driving relevant<br>content to be deactivated<br>automatically when transition demand<br>is issued). |  | Unnecessary   |  |
| System reliability  | Consideration shall be given to evaluation of the system reliability and redundancy as necessary.  |   |  |   |  |   |  |
| recognition of surrounding  | The area to be<br>monitored (depends<br>on the system<br>function).  | lateral and<br>longitudinal<br>control (depends<br>on the system<br>function, while<br>recognizing it is the<br>task of the driver<br>to perform OEDR). | The area to be<br>monitored necessary<br>for lateral and<br>longitudinal control<br>(depends on the<br>system function,<br>while recognizing it<br>is the task of the<br>driver to perform<br>OEDR).<br>Additionally the<br>system may perform<br>OEDR function.   | It is the task of the system to perform OEDR.   |  |   |  |
| Recording of<br>system status (inc.<br>system behavior)<br>(DSSA-Data Storage<br>System for ACSF,<br>EDR, etc.)   | Unnecessary  | Unnecessary   | The driver's<br>operations and the<br>system status (incl.<br>system behavior)   | The driver's operations and the system status (incl. system behavior)   | The system status (incl. system behavior))   |   |  |
| Cyber-Security  | Necessary if the information communication in connected vehicles, etc. affects the vehicle control   |   |  |   |  |   |  |
| Compatibility with<br>traffic law (WP.1)  | Yes  |   | Yes  | [WP.1-IWG-AD recommends WP.1 to<br>state that the use of these functions<br>remain within the requirements of the<br>Conventions.]  | the requirements of the<br>Conventions. These are<br>functions whereby a driver is<br>still available at the end of the<br>ODD. Functions that do not<br>require a driver (e.g. campus<br>shuttle) at all (driverless) are<br>still in discussion – except for<br>those that do not interact<br>on/with public roads.] | Further consideration<br>necessary to reflect<br>driverless systems before<br>a conclusion can be made. |  |
| Deulie  | Alused   | -   |  | d the issues to be discussed (specific  | use cases)   |   |  |
| Parking area  | Already put into<br>practice:<br>• Parking Assist  | Automated parkin<br>remote control (m<br>Remote Control Pa<br>ACSF amendment  | onitoring) (RCP-<br>arking, CAT. A under   | Requirements need to be developed   |  |   |  |
| Roads exclusively for<br>motor vehicles with<br>physical separation<br>from oncoming  | <ul> <li>LKA (draft<br/>standards)</li> <li>ACC (no specific<br/>performance</li> <li>Under discussion:</li> <li>Categories [B2], C, D and [E] under ACSF<br/>(amendment of R79)</li> <li>Category B1 in combination with</li> </ul> |   | Under discussion :<br>• Categories B2, B2+E under ACSF<br>(amendment of R79)   | Requirements need to be developed   |  |   |  |

| traffic (e.g.<br>motorway)    | requirements)<br>• ACSF Cat.B1  | longitudinal control  |   |                                   |  |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|--|
|                               | (Steering Function<br>hands-on) | • ACC+ACSF<br>(Cat.B1, Cat.C<br>[Basic Lane<br>Change Assist],<br>Cat.D [Smart<br>LCA])   | <ul> <li>[ACSF Cat. B2]</li> <li>[ACSF Cat.E]</li> <li>(Continuous Lane<br/>Guidance hands-<br/>off)</li> </ul> |                                   |  |
| Urban and<br>interurban roads |                                 | <ul> <li>Category B1 in combination with<br/>longitudinal Control</li> <li>To be discussed by R79 IWG ACSF:<br/>Cat. B1 in combination with C, D</li> </ul> |   | Requirements need to be developed |  |