Introduction to Standards and Issues in regard to Max. power in KOREA

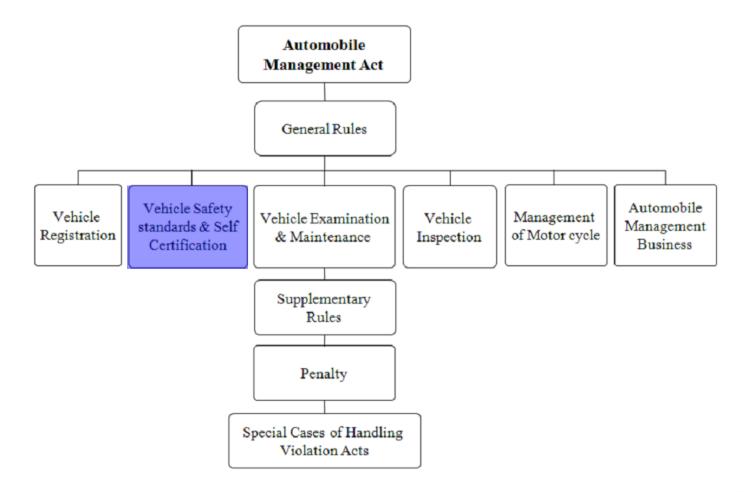
2017. 10. 17-18

Korea Automobile Testing & Research Institute (KATRI)

TS

Automobile Management Acts

Configuration of Automobile Management Acts





Automobile Management Acts

> The Article of Automobile Management Act in regard to "Self authentication(Certification) of motor vehicles"

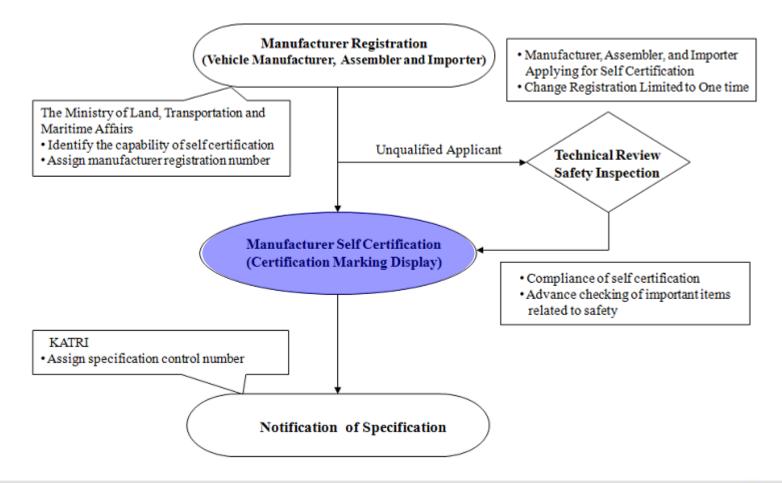
Article 30 (Self Authentication of Motor Vehicles)

(1) A person who intends to manufacture, assemble, or import motor vehicles shall authenticate (hereinafter referred to <u>as</u> <u>"self authentication of motor vehicles"</u>) that the model of the relevant motor vehicle <u>meets the safety standards</u> for motor vehicles, as determined by Ordinance of the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport. <Amended by Act No. 11690, Mar. 23, 2013>



Self certification of motor vehicles

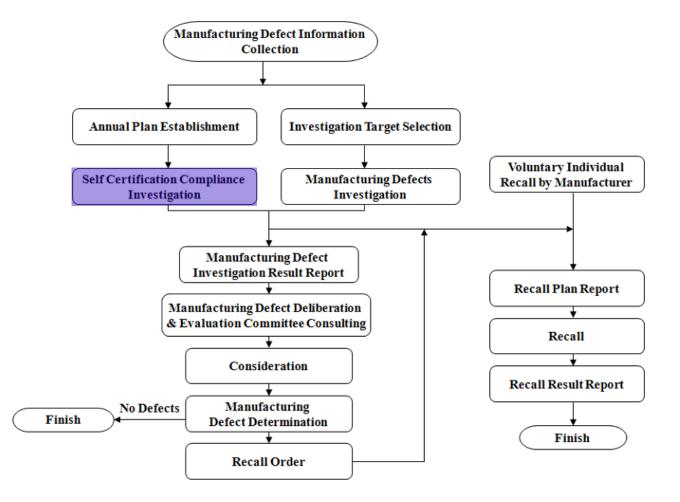
Procedure of Self authentication(Certification) (From manufacturer Registration to Notification of specification)





Procedure of Recall to Motor Vehicles

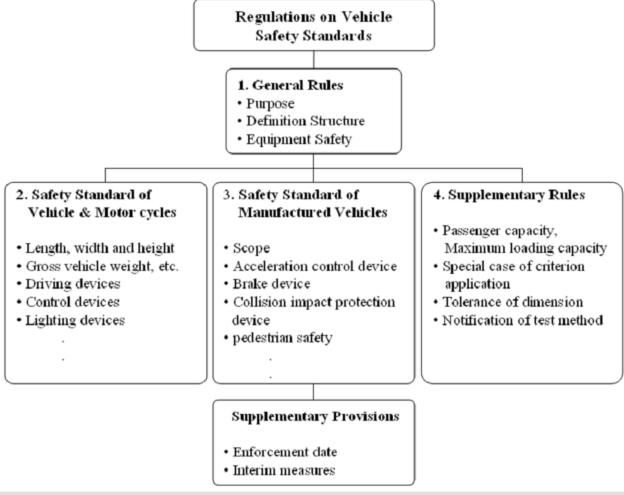
> Procedure of Recall(Compliance & Defects Investigation)



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KMVSS (Korea Motor Vehicle Safety Standards)

Configuration of KMVSS





Max. Power Measurement Tolerances in Korea

> Max. Power Measurement Tolerances

◆ In Accordance with Measured Max. Power

- 1. In case of Measured Power \leq 11kW, Acceptable tolerance max. Power \leq 10%
- 2. In case of Measured Power > 11kW,

Acceptable tolerance max. Power \leq 5%

***** Same as CoP tolerance of motorcycle in EU. Reg.

Scope

- 1. Application on Regardless of Displacement(including below 50cc)
- 2. Application on Excess Max. Speed 25km/h



Issues on Test Procedure of Net Power in KOREA

- Issues on Test Procedure of Net Power(KMVSS)
- Test Procedure of Net Power in KMVSS
 - 1. Measurement at the end of the crankshaft in principle
 - Taking into account <u>the actual efficiency</u> of the transmission(or gearbox) where the net power can only be measured with them fitted to the propulsion.
- ♦ Issues & planning in regard to actual efficiency in Korea
 - 1. No test procedure on measurement of the actual efficiency
 - => Plan to research test procedure on those of the gearbox
 - 2. No correction factor on transmission not to be able to separate from the engine
 - => Harmonize with GTR, UN Reg. etc

Topics to be Covered by EPPR

Topics to be covered by EPPR

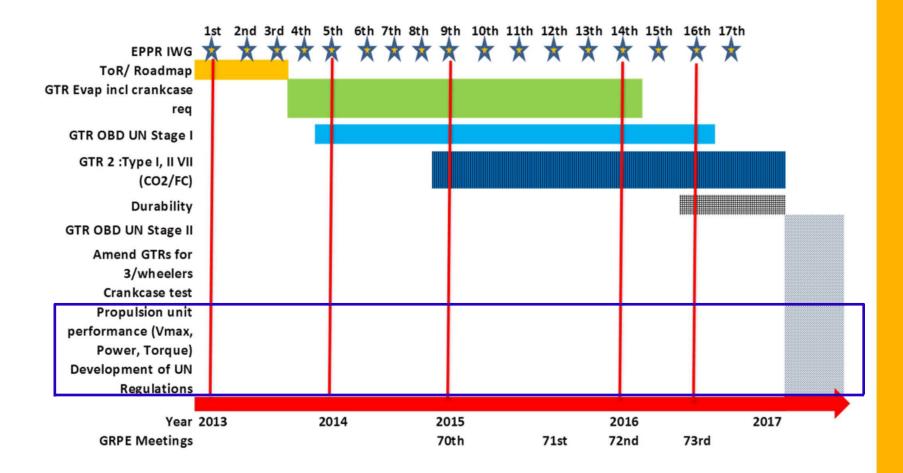
✓ Environmental performance:

- Type I: Tailpipe emissions test after cold start (revision); PRIORITY
- Type II: Tailpipe emissions test at (increased) idle / free acceleration;
- Type III: Emission test of crankcase gases; ★
- Type IV: Evaporative emissions test; PRIORITY
- Type V: Durability testing of pollution control devices; PRIORITY
- Type VII: Measurement of CO2 emissions, fuel consumption, electric energy consumption and electric range determination;
- Type VIII: On-board diagnostics environmental verification tests.
- ✓ Propulsion unit performance:
 - Unified rules and test procedures to measure power and torque for propulsion technologies fitted on L-category vehicles
 - unified measurement of maximum design vehicle speed and/or power for restricted L-category vehicles should be developed and agreed upon.



PRIORITY

Road map of EPPR



Suggestion

> Opinion of KOREA regarding Max. Power

- ◆ Share Test Procedure & Reg. regarding Max. Power with members
 - Presentation on actual test conditions regarding Max. power of KATRI and Manufacturers in Korea. (in Next meeting if possible)
 - 2. Hope to Share those regarding Max. Power with members
- ◆ Task Force to research on GTR, EC Reg. regarding Max. Power
 - 1. Starting 2 Phase of Propulsion unit Performance.
 - 2. Discuss Issue Items on Propulsion unit Performance with members
 - 3. Organization of a Task Force regarding Max. Power



Thank you for your Attention!!

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