

Action:

**“Measuring automotive exhaust particles
down to 10 nanometres – DownToTen”**

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In collaboration with:

The University of California at Riverside,

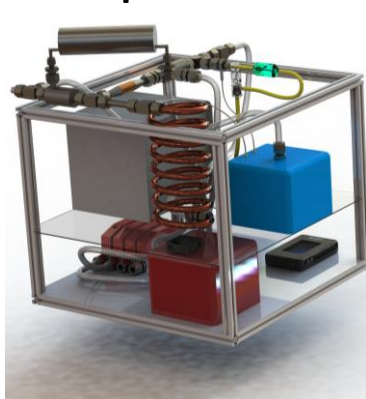


Tokyo Denki University(Japan) and
National Metrology Institute (Japan)

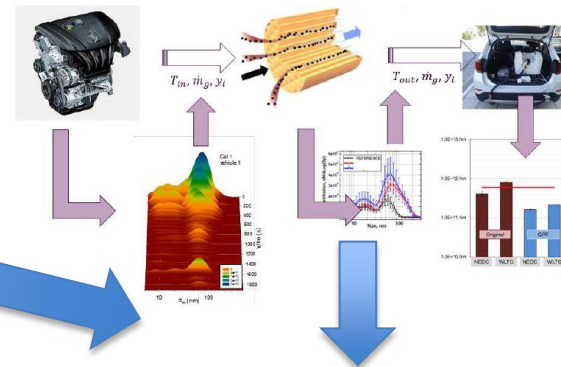


Objectives & Targets

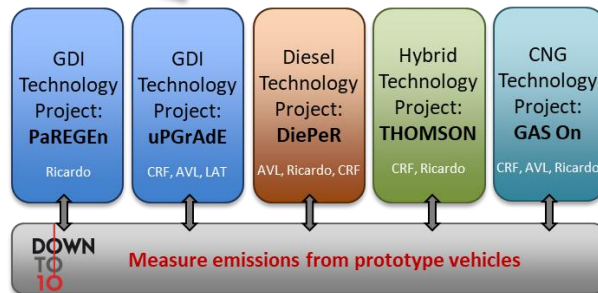
- 1. Develop instrumentation and sampling set-up to measure exhaust particles as small as 10nm**



- 2. Develop models to understand particle transformation from the tailpipe to sampling and then to the atmosphere**



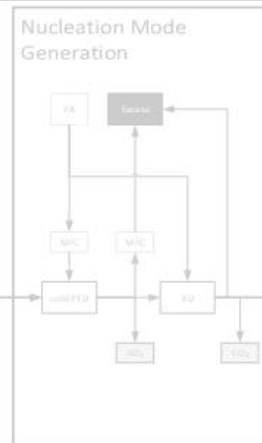
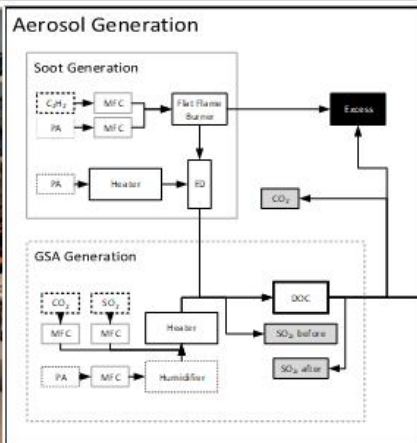
- 3. Use new setup to measure latest vehicle technologies**
(collaboration with parallel H2020 projects)



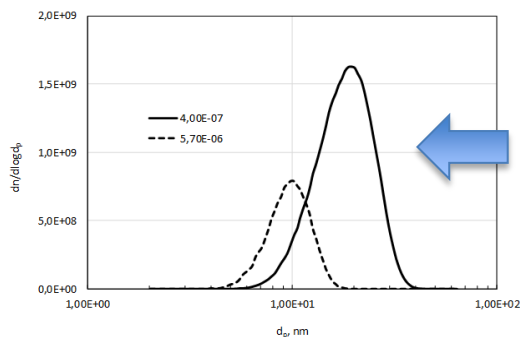
- 4. Synthesize results to provide policy recommendations (WP5)**

DTT Summary Matrix

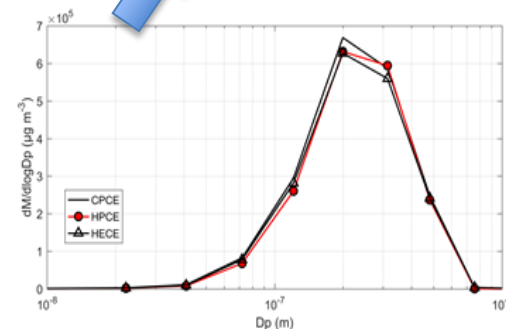
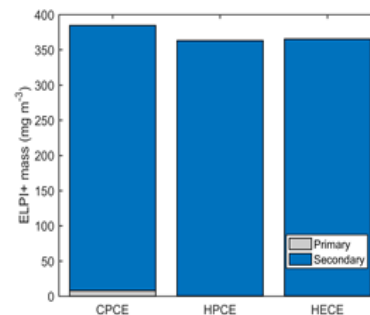
WP	Objectives	Products/deliverables	Status
WP2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition of key particle properties, emission and measurement conditions • Instruments and sampling set-ups 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluation of the performance of chosen techniques • Demonstrator of synthetic aerosol bench 	Completed
WP3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PN <23 nm sampling configuration, methodology and chemical characterization • Modelling of particle processes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sampling configuration for laboratory testing and PEMS - Demonstrator unit / Test protocol • Simulation model 	Completed
WP4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Testing and further improving the systems proposed in WP2 and WP3 • Development of RDE PN testing procedures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Test matrix and test protocols for several technologies, fuels and driving patterns • PN PEMS demonstrator / methodology 	Close to completion
WP5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Analysis of DTT measurements to explain technology-specific issues in collaboration with 'vertical' Projects (uPGrAdE, PaREGEN and DiePeR) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consolidation of a reproducible and reliable measurement procedure for PN< 23 nm both for laboratory and RDE • Recommendations for emission regulations • Emission factors for models and estimates 	On going



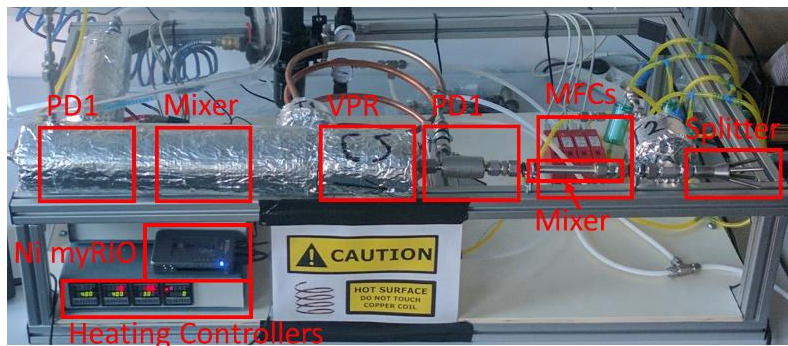
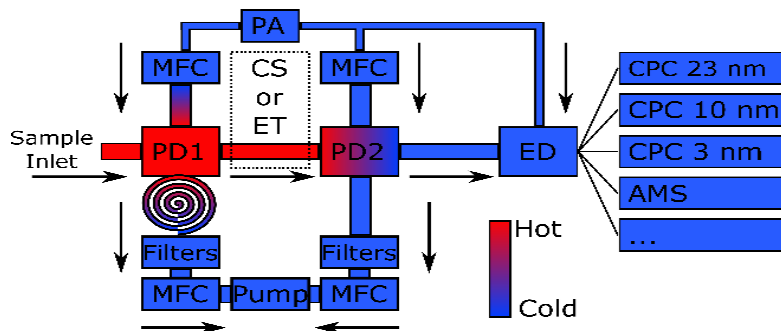
Example of secondary aerosol formation test with different sampling systems: total mass concentrations (left); size distributions (right)



Example of possible solid particle measurement artefact through nucleation process in dilution cooling. Binary sulfuric acid –water system nucleation and growth with two GSA mole fractions



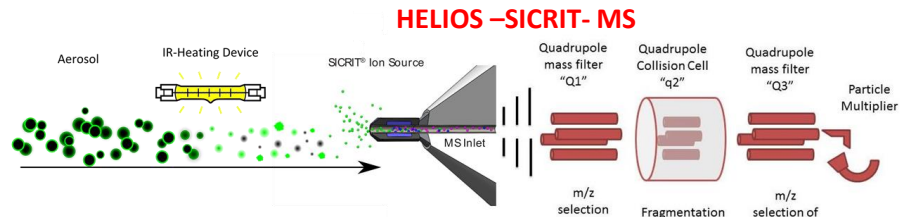
WP3: PN<23 nm sampling configuration for laboratory testing and PEMS (DTT lab based system - 1st prototype)



- **Low loss sampling system**
- **Flexibility in sampling**
 - Opt. 1: Current PMP
 - Opt. 2: Enhanced VPR including CS
 - Opt. 3: No VPR (SOA studies)
- **Capacity for PN-PEMS**
 - Counterflow denuder / increased sensitivity
 - Low energy consumption (~100 W)
 - Battery-powered
- **Possibility for different PN modes**
 - Non-volatile primary
 - Delayed primary
 - Secondary

WP3: PN <23 nm chemical characterization

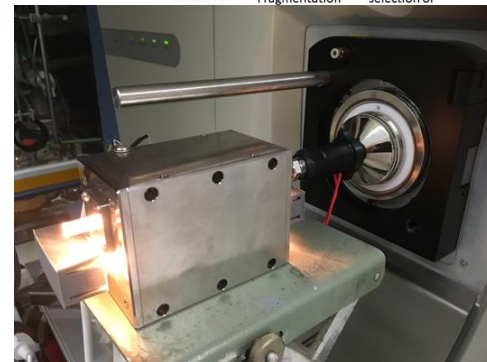
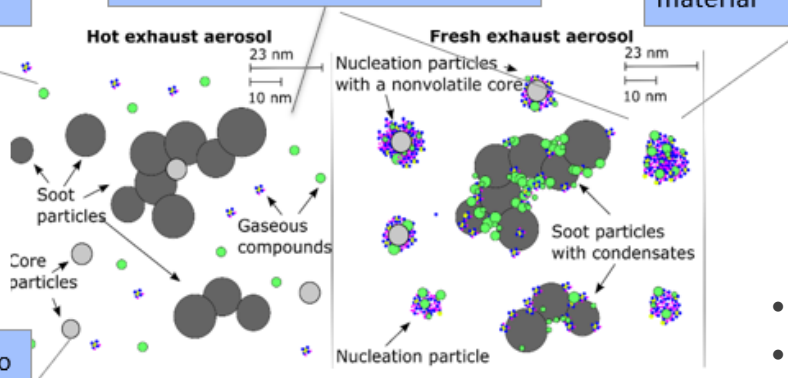
Mass spectrometric
techniques



Atmospheric research
tools: CI-ApI-TOF

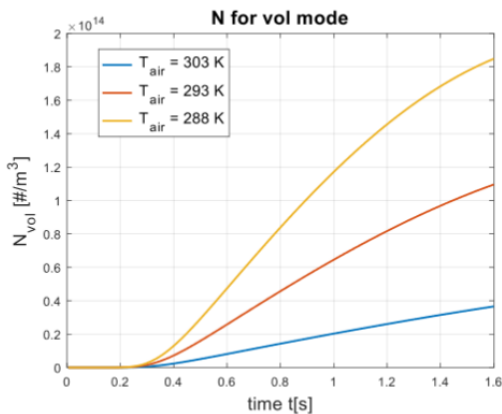
SP-AMS for all particle material,
but only down to 50 nm

New instrument for
semi-volatile particle material

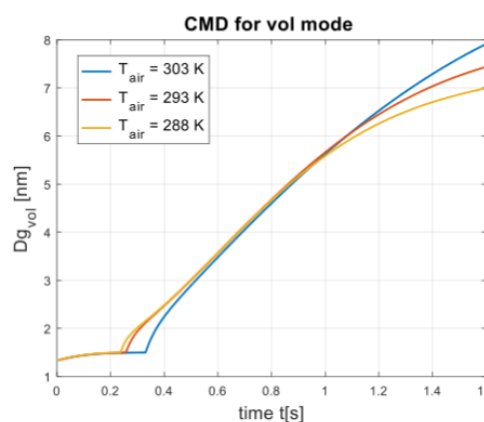


- Direct photo-heating of particles
- Unselective soft ionization
- Robust at high concentrations
- Ongoing work on sensitivity vs substance

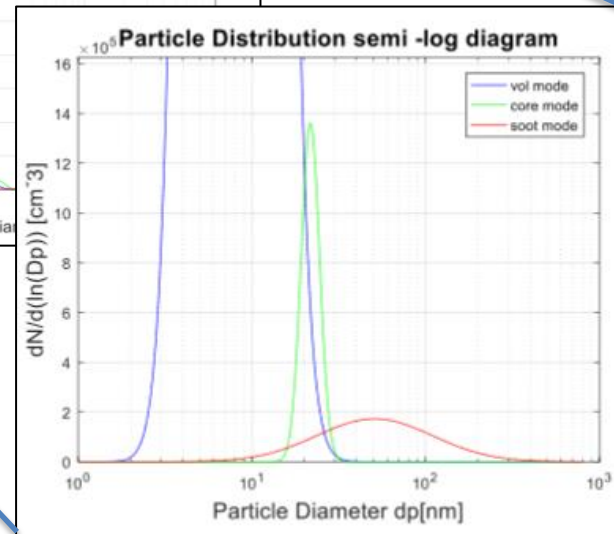
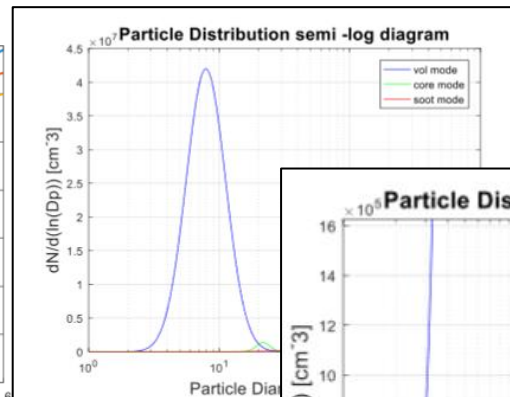
WP3: Modelling of exhaust particle processes from emission to dilution (Diesel exhaust)



Number concentration for volatile mode for different dilution air temperatures

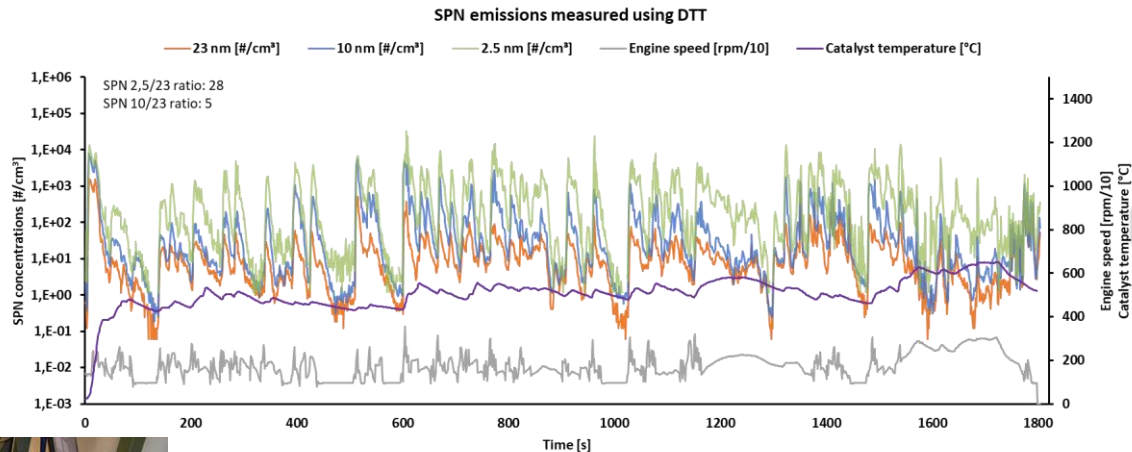
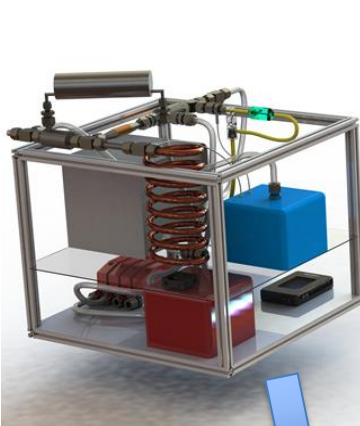


CMD for volatile mode for different dilution air temperature

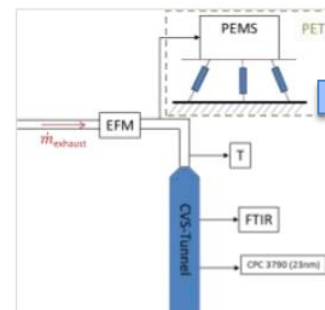
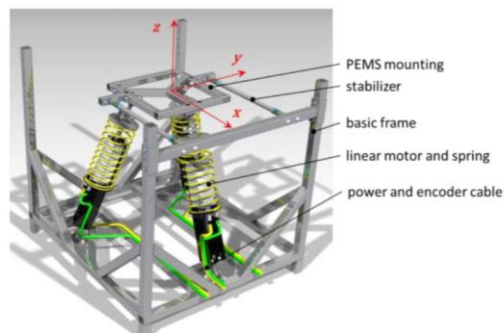


Particle Distribution consisted of distinct modes at the end of ageing chamber

WP4: Development of RDE PN testing procedures

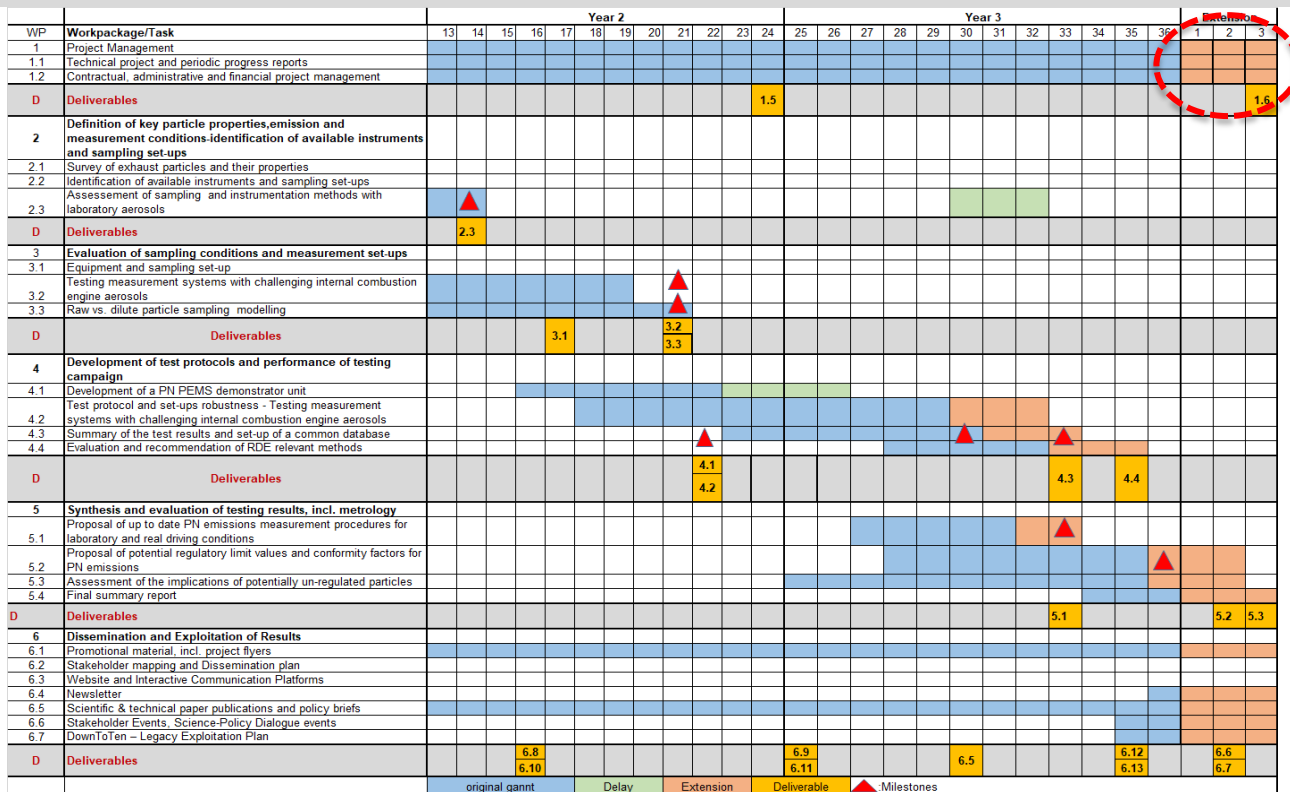


DTT PEMS particle emission measurement performance (WLTC cold)



DTT PN PEMS Robustness evaluation

Timetable: 3-month extension requested



Extension because:

- Additional time needed for in-depth analysis
- Limited output of linked technology development projects (uPGrAdE, PaREGEn and DiePeR) in current timeframe