Status report of OBD Task Force

24th Sept., 2019 Mayumi "Sophie" Morimoto (JASIC)

Schedule of OBD TF

	2019											
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
GRPE	★10-11				*2	22-23						
WLTP IWG				★ 1!	5-18 ★20	0-21			★ 23 ○ Re		e status	
The state of the s							: Discussion based on UNR83 text					
OBD TF		*	25	★10	f2f	★17	★18			30 f2f ★1 f2f	† 28 ★	28-29 f2f
						-	Technical	discuss	ion	V		121
										N	Drafting	
		2020										
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
GRPE	★16-17 •Subm		●S u	bmit W[★TBD ●Subm	nit ID to	modify	WD, if I	necessa	ry/Appr	oval
WLTP IWG	★13-14 • Agree ID prop	on (TBD Agree TR text		ГВО	★TBD • Agree	on fina	l text				
	Step 1	: Discus	sion ba	sed on l	JNR83	text	Step 2:	Update	require	ments,	if neces	sary
OBD TF	Draf		TBD f2f3	TBD ep, if ne	★TE	BD						
	Diai	arig/piai	THEAT S	СР, п пс	ccssui y							

Status of OBD TF (1/2)

Main Discussion Points		Stance					
Maill Discussion		EC/JRC	UTAC	ACEA	JPN	Status	
Definition of "OBD"		Agreed to revise "OBD" definition and use term "OBD system"					
Definition of "er control system"		Under discussion	Under discussion	Update	Under discussion	Under discussion	
Test vehicle		Under discussion	No Position	Vehicle H	Worst case vehicle	Under discussion	
Harmonised demonstration cycle	Monitoring	4 Phase	No Position	4 Phase WLTC Or alt. cycle	2×3Phases WLTC		
	Emission	4 Phase	No Position	3 Phase Or 4 Phase	4 Phase WLTC (check threshold with both 3 Phase & 4Phase)	Under discussion	
	Notes	Japan propose to use L1/2 concept L1a- 4Phase, L1b- 3Phase, L2- harmonised cycle					
Number of failure modes to be tested		No change in maximum number to be tested Correct the inconsistency between different paragraphs					
Test mode of hybrid vehicles		Agreed to test with charge- <u>sustaining</u> mode					
Demonstration of faults with de action which im exceeds OBD th	efault mediately	Under di	scussion	Use CARB method Against using CARB method Need technical explanation & TA's approval		Under discussion	

Main Discussion Points	Stance					
Main Discussion Points	EC/JRC	UTAC	ACEA	JPN	Status	
*Fault code erasing in cold regions and high altitude	Under di	scussion	Allow erase < <u>-7</u> °C and 2440 m<	Against to erase	Under discussion	
*Use of special denominator	Under di	scussion	OEMs may request to use special denominator with Need technical explanation & TA's approval	No position	Under discussion	
*Definition of Limp-home mode, "permanent", and clarification of MI illumination	Under di	scussion	Proposed to add definition and change wording for clarification	Under discussion	Under discussion	
Inclusion of IUPR	Under discussion?		Under discussion?	Exclude IUPR from WLTP OBD	Under discussion	
OBD family	Agreed with UNR83 concept. Re-wording is considered to avoid "extension".					

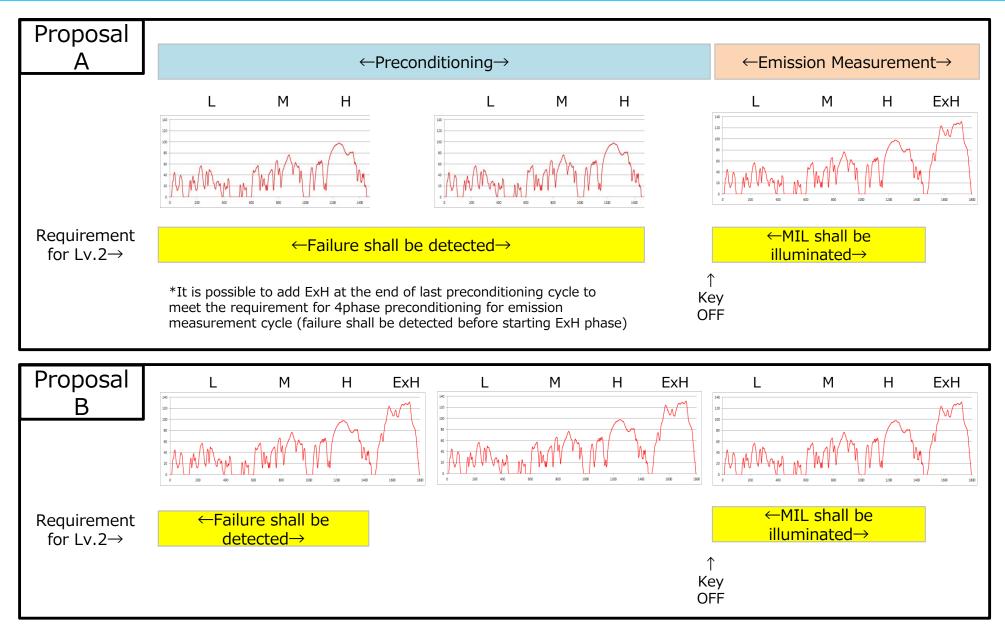
^{*}Informal documents submitted for 79th GRPE (May 2019)

Still under discussion in main discussion points

- Agreed definition of "OBD system"
- 2.13. "On-Board Diagnostic (OBD) system" means in context of this regulation (or this GTR), a system on-board the vehicle which has the capability of detecting malfunctions of the monitored emission control systems, identifying the likely area of a malfunction by means of fault codes stored in computer memory, and illumination of the Malfunction Indicator (MI) to notify the operator of the vehicle.

- Under discussion definition of "Monitored Emission control systems"
- 2.4. "Monitored emission control systems" means, in the context of OBD, any electronic emission-related powertrain controller or any electronic emission-related component.
- UNR83 definition of "Emission control system"
- 2.4. "Emission control system" means the electronic engine management controller and any emission-related component in the exhaust or evaporative system which supplies an input to or receives an output from this controller.

Harmonised demonstration cycle proposal (JPN)



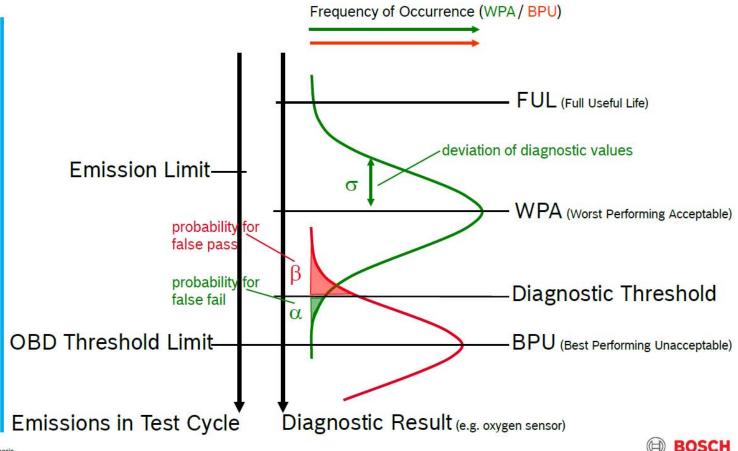
JPN Comment: JPN can accept proposal B since proposal B can judge whether the vehicle meets JPN requirement. But this may be too stringent requirement. JPN propose proposal A for harmonisation. This can also judge whether the vehicle meets EU requirement.

■ Demonstration of faults with default action which immediately exceeds OBD threshold (Proposal by ACEA/Bosch)

Malfunctions which cause default action with increased emissions WPA & BPU & Diagnostic Threshold

CARB/OEM terminology:

- Best Performing Unacceptable (BPU): This term refers to a system/component that yields performance measurements (as determined by the monitoring strategy) that are failing just beyond the malfunction criteria established by the manufacturer (i.e., the diagnostic or fault threshold). Components or systems operating at this level of deterioration or worse should be detected as malfunctioning by the OBD system and illuminate the MIL.
- Worst Performing Acceptable (WPA): This term refers to a system/component with performance that has deteriorated to the limit of the manufacturer's criteria for acceptable performance. The MIL should not be illuminated for a component performing at this level of deterioration or better. A component or system performing worse than this level of deterioration would not be within the manufacturer's criteria for acceptable performance, but may still be good enough to pass the diagnostic (i.e. no MIL illumination).



Confidential | Powertrain Solutions | PS/EDP1 | 956

6886e_Kle - Provided for informational purposes strictly on a non-reliance basis

Robert Bosch GmbH 2019. All rights reserved, also regarding any disposal, exploitation, reproduction, editing, distribution, as well as in the event of applications for industrial property right

Thank you very much for your attention.