Real Drive Emissions

Status Update from India



Indian Delegation 9th /10th July 2019 6th RDE IWG Meeting Venue: BMVIT Offices ,Vienna Austria Indian regional requirements are different from other CPs based on following

- Environment Boundary Conditions
- Trip dynamics.
- Trip Share requirements based on Types of vehicle
- Lab test Cycle (for Correlation test and CO2)

India support inclusion of Regional requirement for RDE-GTR implementation

Environment Boundary Conditions

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1	Temperature	Moderate: $10 \le T \le 40$, Extended: $40 < T \le 45$; $8 \le T < 10$	1300	
2	Altitude	Moderate: A \leq 700 m , Extended: 700 < A \leq 1300 m	1000	,







EUROPE

JAPAN

INDIA

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Trip Dynamics – M1 Category Vehicles



Source : Actual PEMS test data of Indian vehicles

IRDE \rightarrow India RDE Procedure

Regional requirements of Trip Dynamics are different for India

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Trip Dynamics – N1 Category Vehicles (Restricted to 80 km/h)



Source : Actual PEMS test data of Indian vehicles

IRDE \rightarrow India RDE Procedure

Regional requirements of Trip Dynamics are different for India

Trip Dynamics – M1/N1 Low Powered Vehicles (Restricted to 70 km/h)

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Source : Actual PEMS test data of Indian vehicles

IRDE \rightarrow India RDE Procedure

Regional requirements of Trip Dynamics are different for India

Trip Share requirements based on Types of vehicle

#	Items	M Category	N1 Category (Restricted to 80 km/h)	M1 & N1 (Low Power) (PMR < 22kw/ Ton) (Restricted to 70 km/h)
1	Speed Ranges	Phase1: V < 45 km/h Phase2:45 \leq V <65 km/h Phase3: V \geq 65 km/h V>75km/h for min 5 min	Phase1: V < 40 km/h Phase2:40 \leq V <60km/h Phase3: V \geq 60 km/h V>70km/h for min 5 min	Phase1: V < 45 km/h Phase2: V \geq 45 km/h V>55km/h for min 5 min
2	Trip distance share	Phase 1: 34 % (±10%) Phase 2: 33 % (±10%) Phase 3: 33 % (±10%) (Same for M1 / N1)		Phase 1: 50 % (±10%) Phase 2: 50 % (±10%)
3	Maximum vehicle velocity	 For M1: Wherever legal max speed limit permits, the vehicle velocity can exceed 100 km/h for not more than 3 % of the time duration of the Phase 3 driving For N1: Restricted to 80km/h For LP M1/N1: Restricted to 70 km/h 		

> Indian Normal powered vehicles are typically lowered powered as compare to global benchmark.

India also have concerns of even Low Powered Vehicles (single / two cylinder engine), How to address these vehicles for GTR harmonization

India support inclusion of trip share based on vehicle category for RDE-GTR implementation



Majority volume of vehicles sold in India are typically lowered powered as compare to global benchmark

Indian Vehicles compared with other CPs



Source : JRC Server for South Korea, ACEE & Germany data

Indian vehicles in India are typically covers lower engine volume (cc) and PMR range as compare to other CPs

Certification lab cycle (India) : MIDC



- > Regional requirements of Test Cycle are different for India.
- > Effect of different cycle on post processing method needs further analysis.

Indian RDE Regulation Post processing method (customized based on EU RDE Package 3)

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Sr. No	Points	M Category	N1 Category (Restricted to 80 km/h)	M1 & N1 (Low Power) (PMR < 22kw/ Ton) (Restricted to 70 km/h)				
	Post Processing							
1	Reference Cycle	MIDC (Cold Start) as per Emission Type Approval Procedure						
2.	CO2 Multiplication Factor	1.1,1.1	1.05,1.05	1.05,1.05				
3	Moving Avg. Window Speed Bins	35,55	35,55	35				
4	CO2 Weightage for MAW Window	100 % CO ₂ (Grams) of MIDC Cycle						
5	Normality / Completeness	Normality – 50% Completeness – 10%						

PEMS Manufacturers (Horiba , AVL) have developed Indian RDE Software (IRDE) including customized Post processing method

Development & Certification PEMS test are being done & post processed with latest Indian RDE (IRDE) Software

Summary

Indian Submission is to keep following Regional requirement as defined by respective CPs for GTR harmonization.

- Environment Boundary Conditions
- Trip dynamics.
- Trip Share requirements based on Types of vehicle
- Lab test Cycle (MIDC for Correlation test and CO2)

Future Action

- Submission of the research data to IWG-RDE for GTR development within July 2019
- PEMS Uncertainty & Conformity Factor Evaluation.
- Effect of different lab cycle (MIDC) on post processing method.
- Study & evaluate EU RDE package 4 requirements.
- Whenever WLTP is adopted as certification cycle for India, WLTP may be adapted for Indian RDE regulation

Thank You