

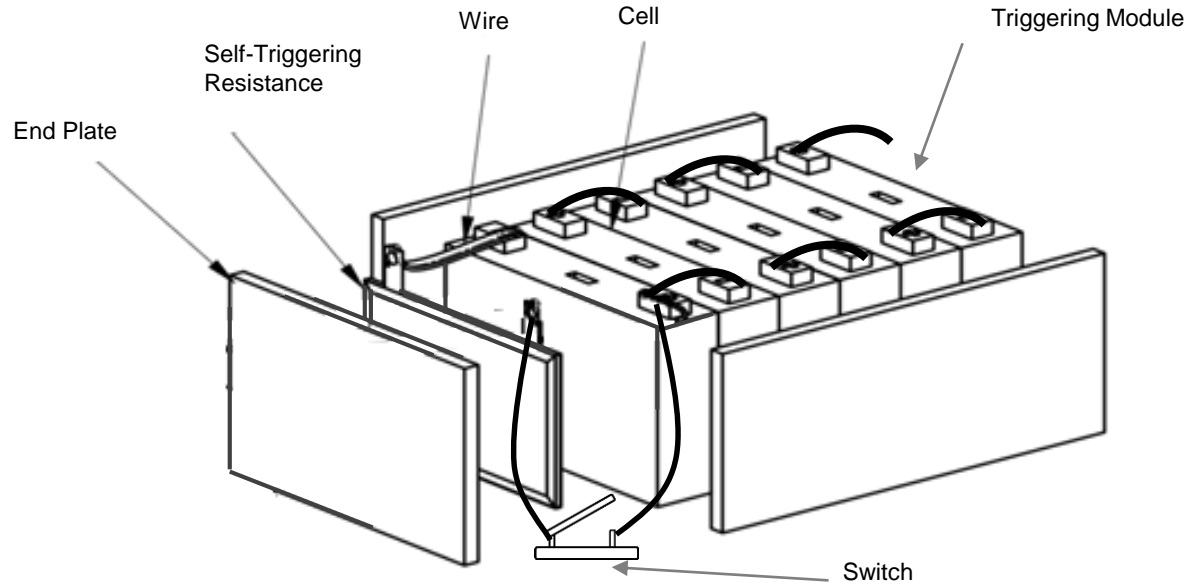
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# Self-Triggering Method Research Update

Date: 20191114

# Self-Triggering Method

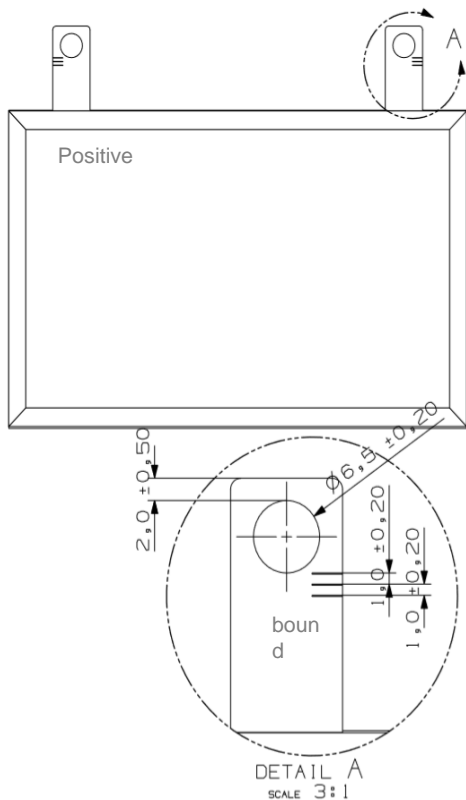
## ➤ Self-Triggering Module Constructional Sketch



Remark: trigger cell at the module telos

# The Self-Triggering Resistance

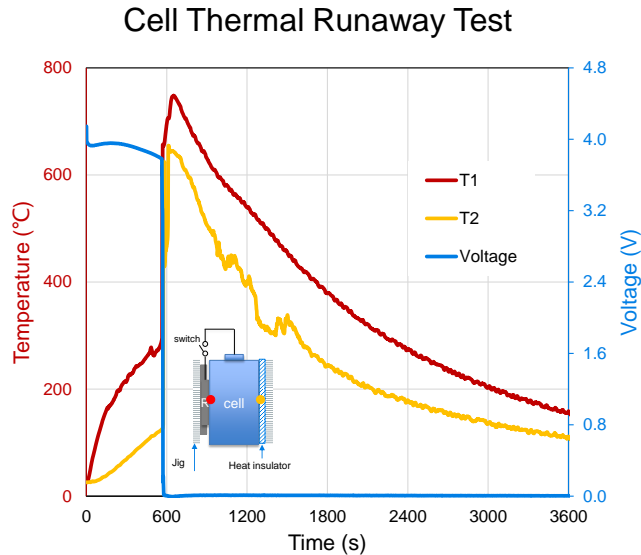
## ➤ Self-Triggering Resistance



		Ideal Conditions	Reasoning
Material		Metal	$\text{Fe}_x\text{Co}_y$ alloy, $\text{Ag}_x\text{Cu}_y$ alloy, $\text{Ni}_x\text{Cr}_y$ alloy, et al.
Heater	Thickness	$\leq 5\text{mm}$	Thickness contained sealed materials and metal
	Area	not be larger than area of cell surface	Not include the positive and negative terminals
Shape		Planate or others	Covered with ceramics, metals or insulator
Heating Rate		$1\sim 10$ ( $^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{s}$ )	Depends on the voltage of the triggering cells and the resistance
Minimum heater temperature		$> 300^{\circ}\text{C}$	↑
Value of Resistance		$30\sim 100\text{m}\Omega$	/
Resistance acquisition accuracy		$\pm 2\text{m}\Omega$	/
Suitable Cell		/	Pouch & Prismatic

# Energy Transformation

- Use the energy by the battery itself, heating a physical resistance to trigger the battery go to thermal runaway, without any additional energy.



- **Q** : Energy release before cell thermal runaway,
  - $Q = \int_0^{t1} i dt$
- **Q<sub>a</sub>** : Total Energy absorbed by the heating resistance,
  - $Q_a = \int_{T_0}^{T_1} C_{p\_h} * m_h * dT$
- **Q<sub>b</sub>** : Dissipated heat with the environment,
  - $Q_b = \int_{T_0}^{T_1} h * A dT$  ,  $h=5 \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2*\text{K})$
- **Q<sub>c</sub>** : Radiant Energy,
  - $Q_c = \epsilon * A * \sigma * (T_1^4 - T_2^4)$  ,  $\sigma = 5.67 * 10^{-8} \text{ W}/(\text{m}^2*\text{K}^4)$

Sample	Q(kJ)	Q <sub>a</sub> (kJ)	Q <sub>b</sub> (kJ)	Q <sub>c</sub> (kJ)	(Q <sub>a</sub> +Q <sub>b</sub> +Q <sub>c</sub> )/Q
Example	~198.4	~5.1	~2.3	~1.9	~4.7%

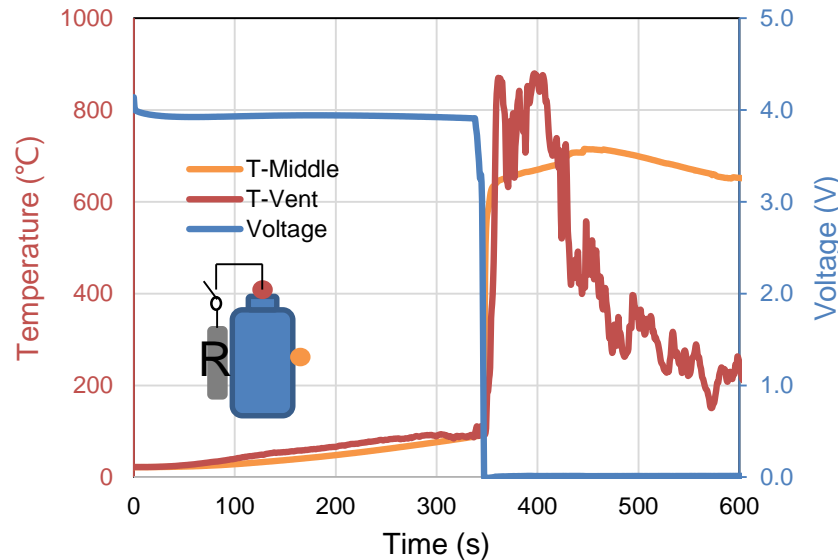
# Energy Appearance Self-Triggering Vs. Nail Penetration

- Purpose:
  - In order to analyze the **failure SOC** influence at the self-triggering method.
- Test Method:
  - Use the self-triggering method to trigger the cell into thermal runaway, calculate the failure SOC at cell thermal runaway, the cell **initiation SOC** (100%SOC)
  - Use other trigger method, like nail penetration, to trigger the cell into thermal runaway at **failure SOC** (from the self- trigger method) and **initiation SOC** (~100%SOC)
- Test :

No	Trigger Method		DUT		
	Method	Parameter	SOC	Type	Chemistry
Test1	Self-Triggering	40mohm resistance	100%	Prismatic	NCM/ Graphite
Test2	Nail penetration	3mm steel, 20~60° nail tip angle	TBD (Depending on the test1)	↑	↑
Test3	↑	↑	100%	↑	↑

# Test 1 Self-Triggering method

- Test Procedure:
  - DUT: 100%SOC, NCM Vs. Graphite;
  - Temp. Room temperature as ambient temperature, like  $25 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ ;
  - Procedure: Use 40mohm self-triggering resistance to trigger cell to thermal runaway



## ➤ Y: Failure SOC of the cell

- $C'_{cap}$  : failure state capacity of the cell
- $C_{cap}$ : Initiation capacity of the cell

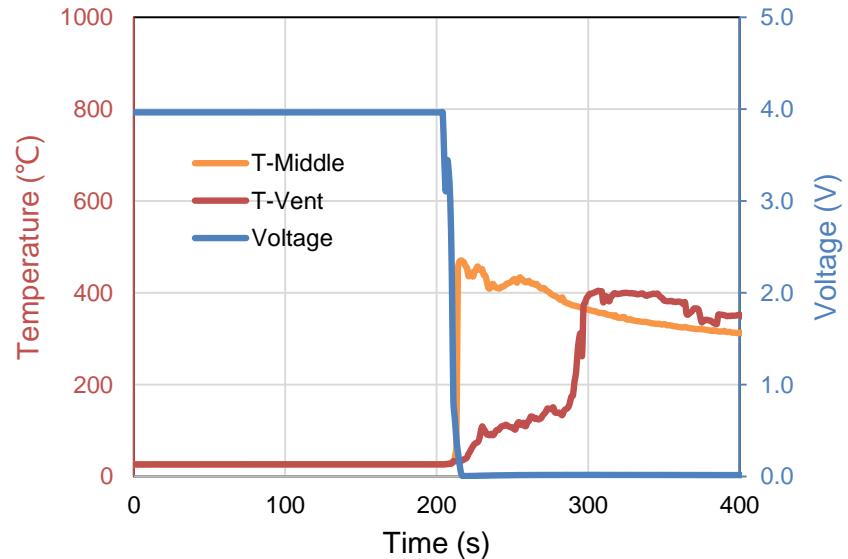
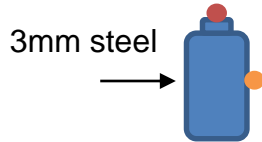
- $C'_{cap} = C_{cap} - \int_0^{t_1} i dt$

- $Y = C'_{cap} / C_{cap}$

➤  $Y \approx 80\%$  at this test

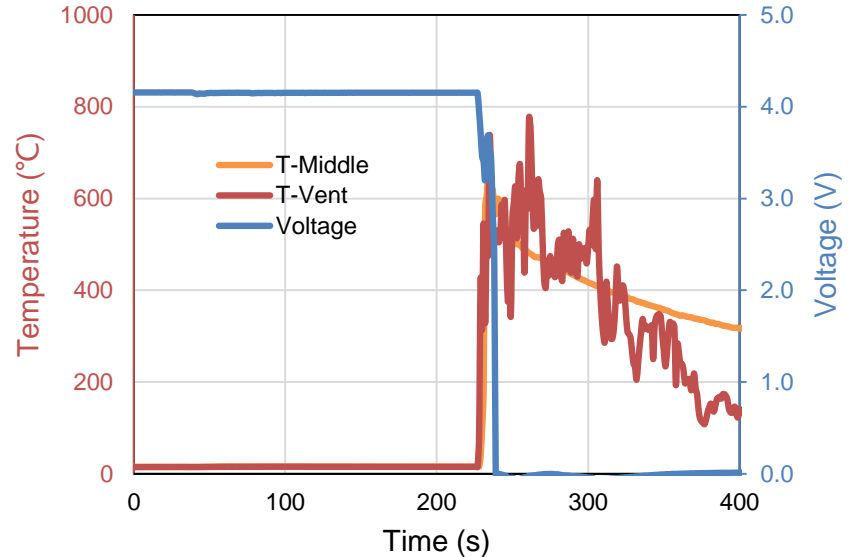
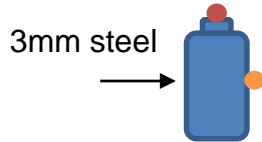
# Test 2 Nail Penetration

- Test Procedure:
  - DUT: **80%SOC (refer to test 1)**, NCM Vs. Graphite;
  - Temp. Room temperature as ambient temperature, like  $25\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;
  - Procedure: Use nail penetration to trigger cell to thermal runaway



# Test 3 Nail Penetration

- Test Procedure:
  - DUT: **100%SOC**, NCM Vs. Graphite;
  - Temp. Room temperature as ambient temperature, like  $25\pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;
  - Procedure: Use nail penetration to trigger cell to thermal runaway





# Energy Appearance Self-Triggering Vs. Nail Penetration

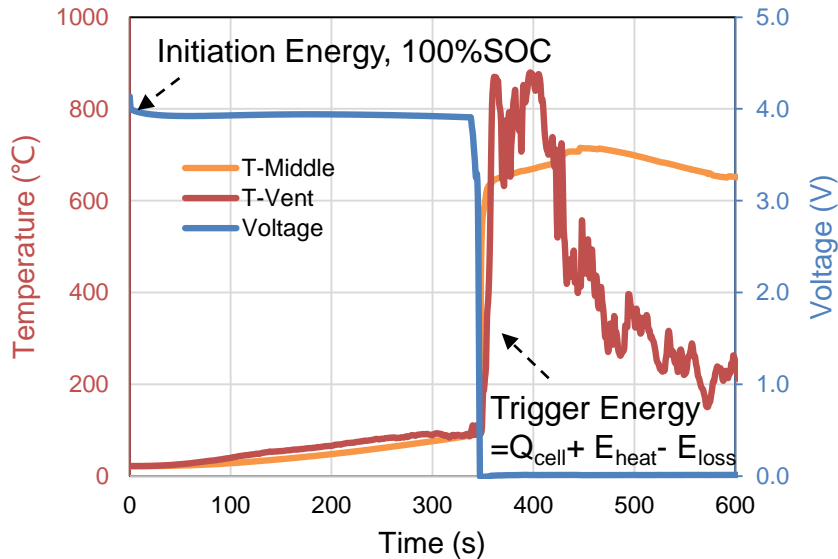
- **Initiation energy** is the key parameter for battery thermal runaway test.

- Trigger energy  $\approx$  Initiation energy for self-triggering method
- Trigger energy  $\ll$  Initiation energy at similar **failure SOC** of cell

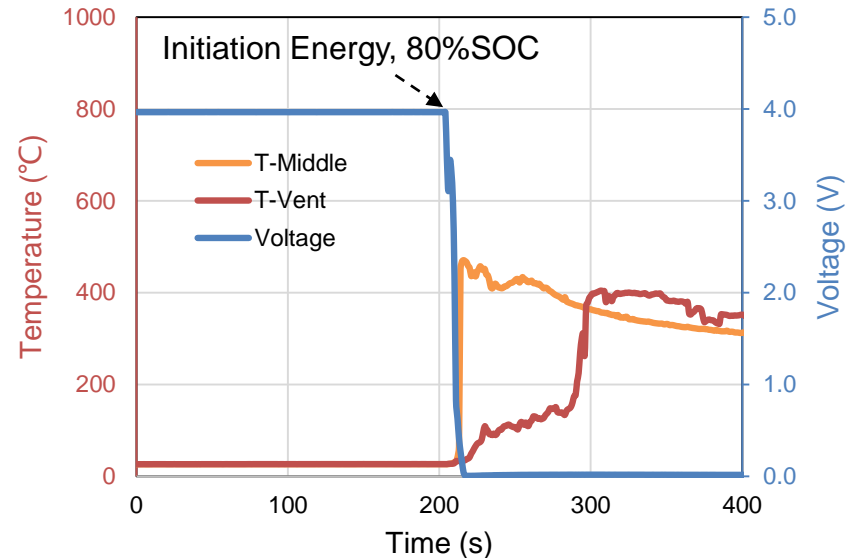
Remark:

- Initiation Energy: The initiation energy for the battery
- Trigger Energy: Energy when battery thermal runaway
- $Q_{cell}$ : battery energy
- $E_{heat}$ : heater energy from the self-triggering resistance
- $E_{loss}$ : loss energy,  $\leq 5\%$

Self-Triggering Test



Nail Penetration Test\_ ~80%SOC



# Energy Appearance Self-Triggering Vs. Nail Penetration

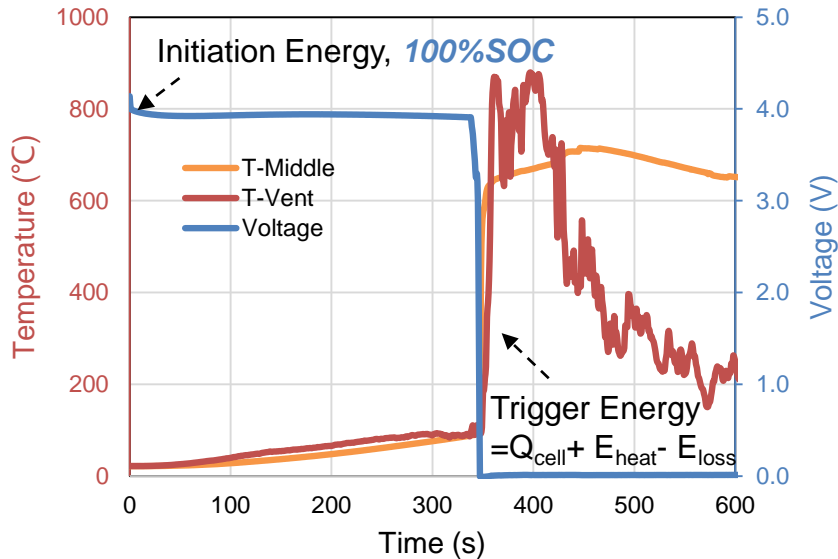
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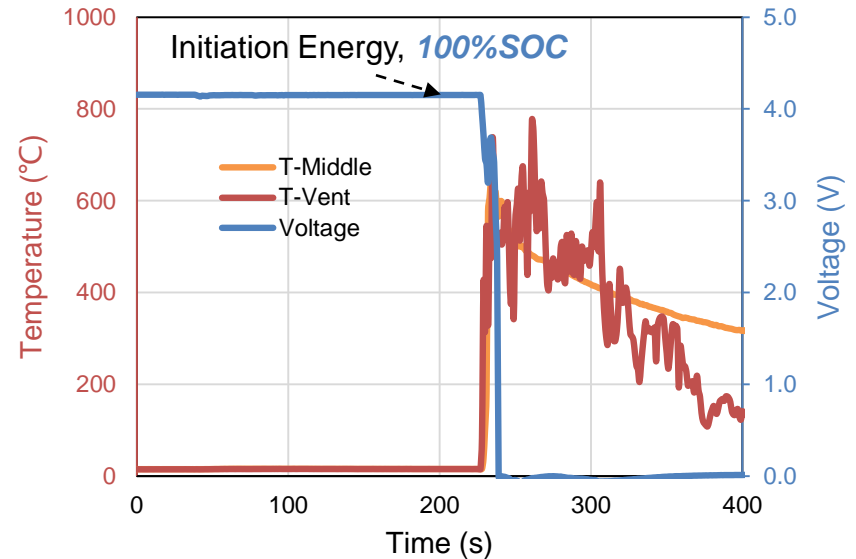
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Self-Triggering Test

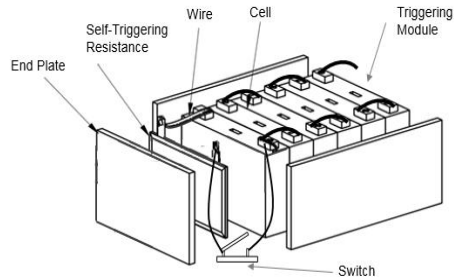


Nail Penetration Test\_ ~100%SOC



# Pack level \_Validation

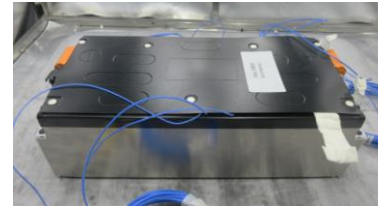
- Device under test :
  - Prismatic module , 1P4S ;
  - SOC range , ~95%SOC ;



- Measured data include :
  - Cell and module voltage
  - Bottom temperature of the cell
  - Photographs before and after the test



Before the test

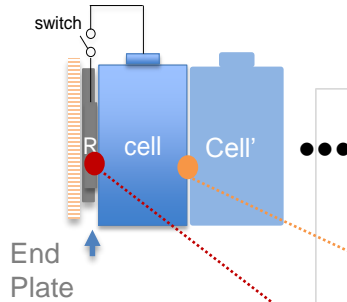


After the test

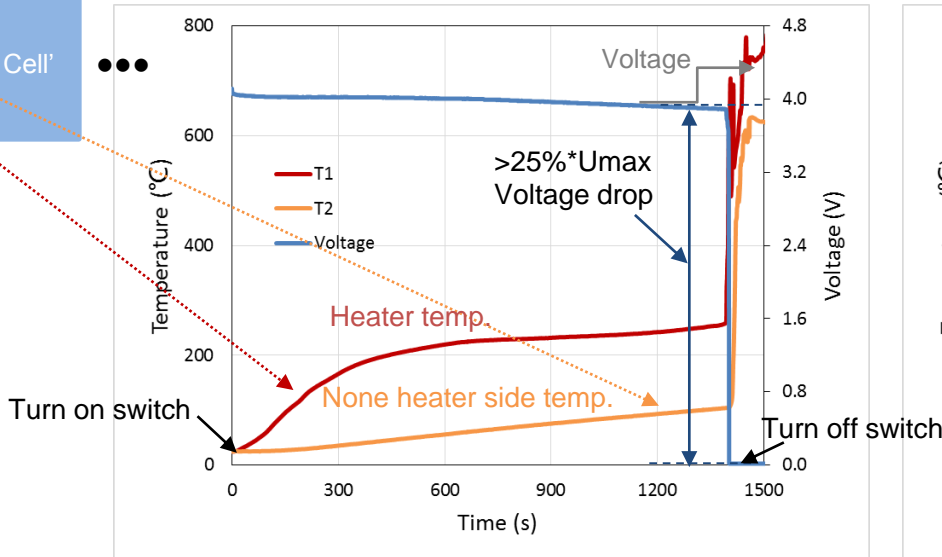


# Pack level Validation

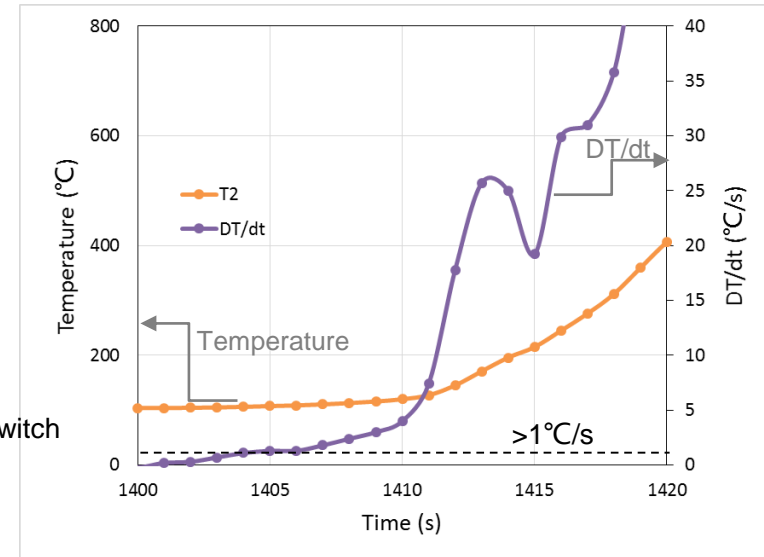
- Succeed trigger the cell into thermal runaway , and thermal runaway propagated to the other cells in Demo Pack



Voltage and temperature for initiation cell

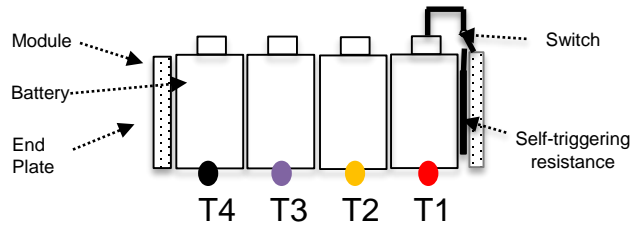


Temperature and temperature rise rate for initiation cell

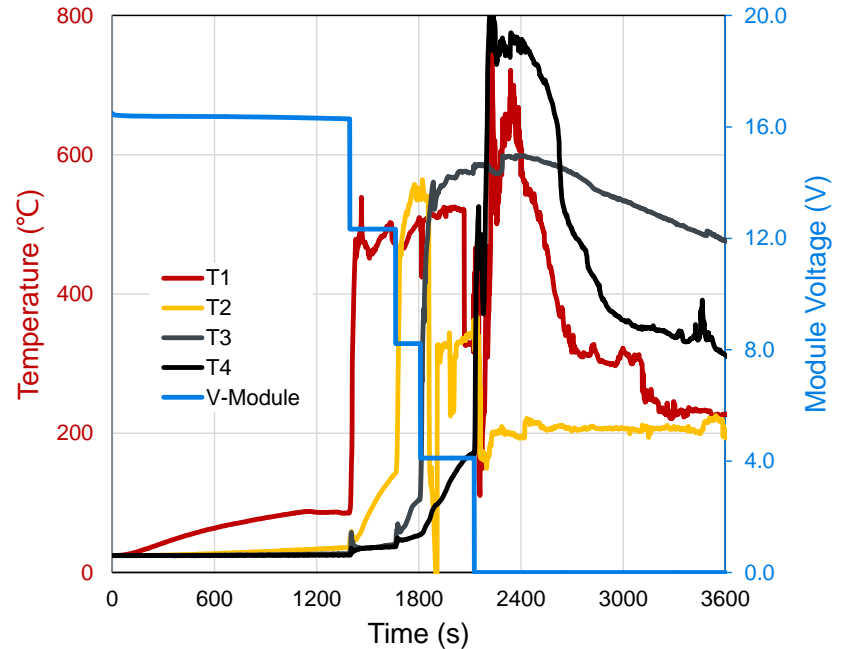


# Pack level \_Validation

- Succeed trigger the cell into thermal runaway , and thermal runaway propagated to the other cells in Demo Pack

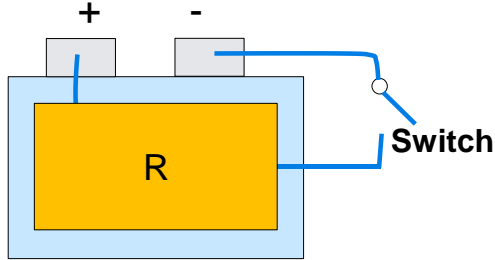


Demo pack thermal propagation test



# Pack level \_Validation

## ➤ Energy transformation :



➤ **Q** : Energy release before cell thermal runaway,

$$\bullet Q = \int_0^{t^1} idt$$

➤ **Q<sub>a</sub>** : Total Energy absorbed by the heating resistance,

$$\bullet Q_a = \int_{T_0}^{T^1} C_{p\_h} * m_h * dT$$

➤ **Q<sub>b</sub>** : Dissipated heat with the environment,

$$\bullet Q_b = \int_{T_0}^{T^1} h * AdT , h=5 W/(m^2*K)$$

➤ **Q<sub>c</sub>**: Radiant Energy,

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Sample	Q(kJ)	Q <sub>a</sub> (kJ)	Q <sub>b</sub> (kJ)	Q <sub>c</sub> (kJ)	(Q <sub>a</sub> +Q <sub>b</sub> +Q <sub>c</sub> )/Q
Example	~431.9	~14.4	~1.2	~6.24	~5.0%

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# Thank You