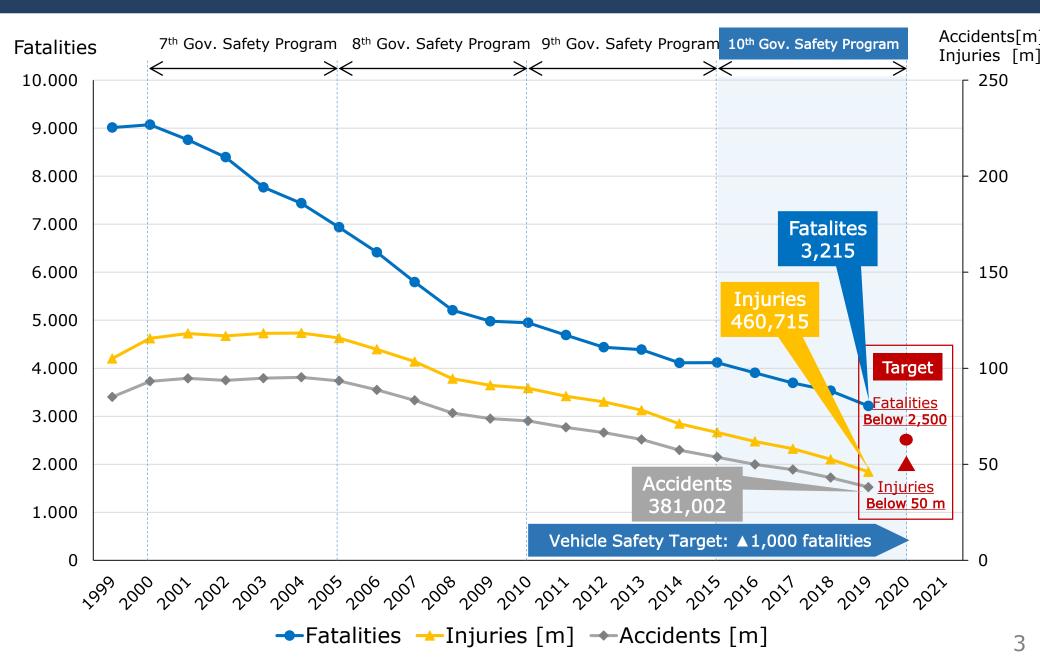
Proposal to Enhance Vehicle Safety for VRUs

MLIT, Japan

VRU-Proxi-13-09

- 1. Background
- 2. Proposal (Our Priority)
- 3. Next Step

Traffic Accidents and Governmental Target



Japan's Vehicle Safety Policy regarding VRUs

Motor Vehicle Safety Policy (from FY2016 to FY2020) [June 24th 2016]

- Safety Measures for Child and Elderly Person
- Safety Measures for Pedestrian and Cyclist

To improve awareness of VRUs (pedestrian and cyclist) for drivers e.g. AEBS, Advanced light system, Night-time pedestrian warning, Driver's visibility around vehicle

Emergency Measures for Elderly Drivers and Children

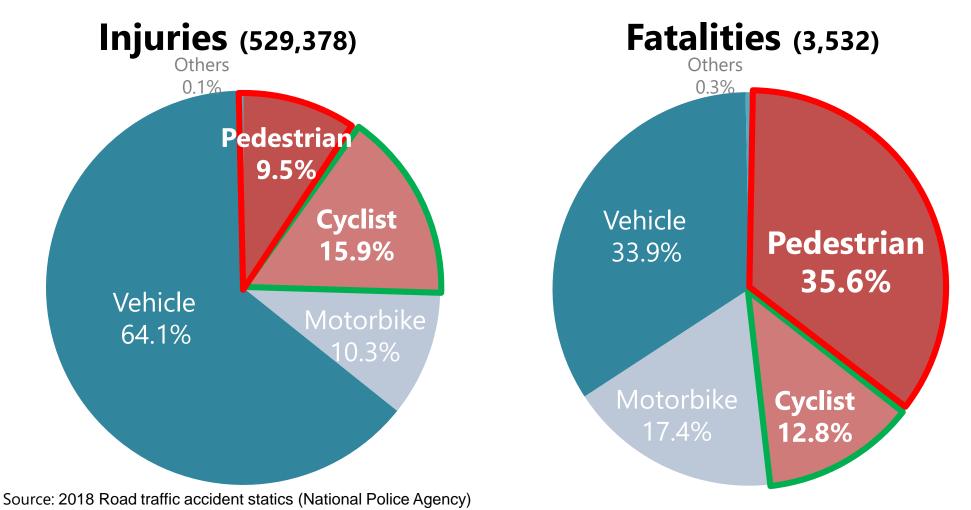
[June 18th 2019]

Countermeasures for car accidents involving elderly drivers and death of children

- Promotion of Safety Support Car
- Introduction of new driver's license system limiting vehicle type

Injuries and Fatalities by Road User Type (2018)

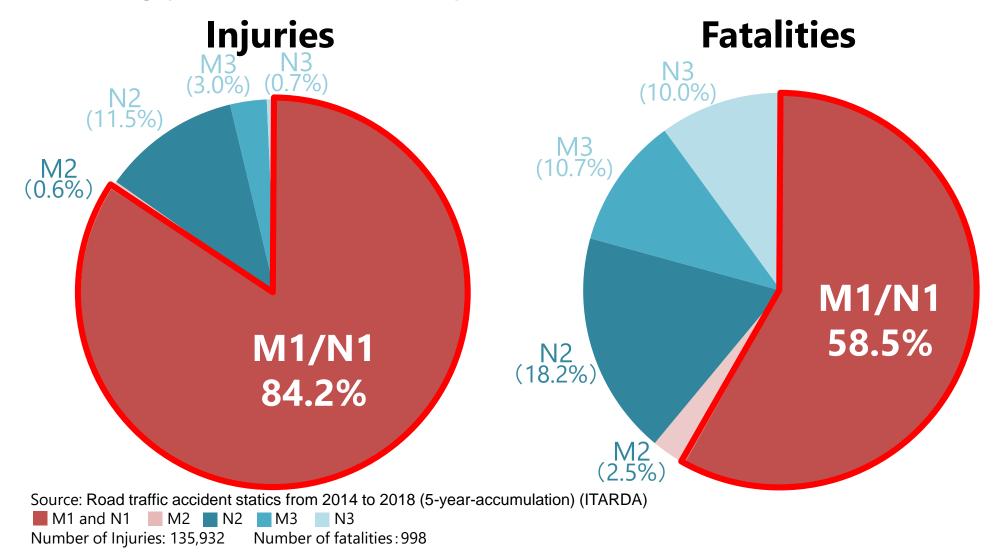
- Pedestrians account for 35.6% (1,258) of total fatalities. (If includes cyclists, up to 48.4% (1,711).)
- More than half of pedestrian fatalities are elderly persons (Age 65+).



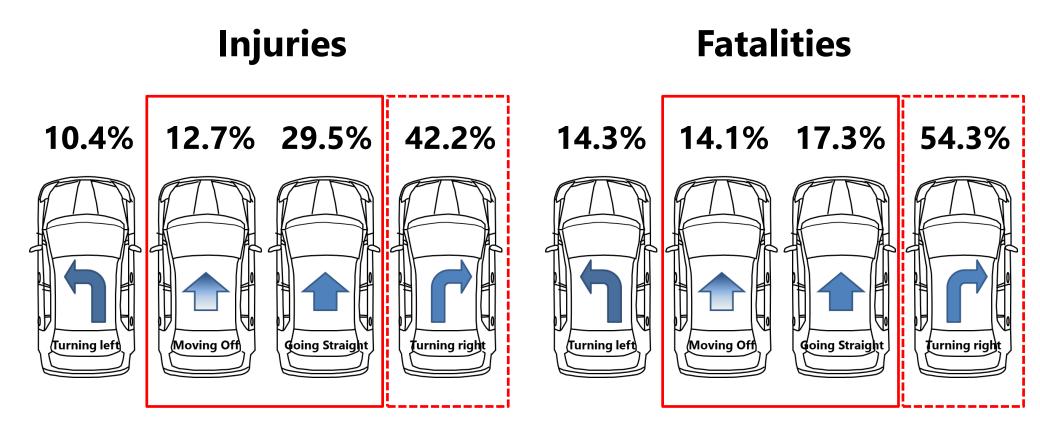
Japan case

Car(below 20km/h)-to-Pedestrian Injuries and Fatalities Japan case

 M1/N1 contributes to more than half of total fatalities and injuries among pedestrians, at low speed (below 20km/h).

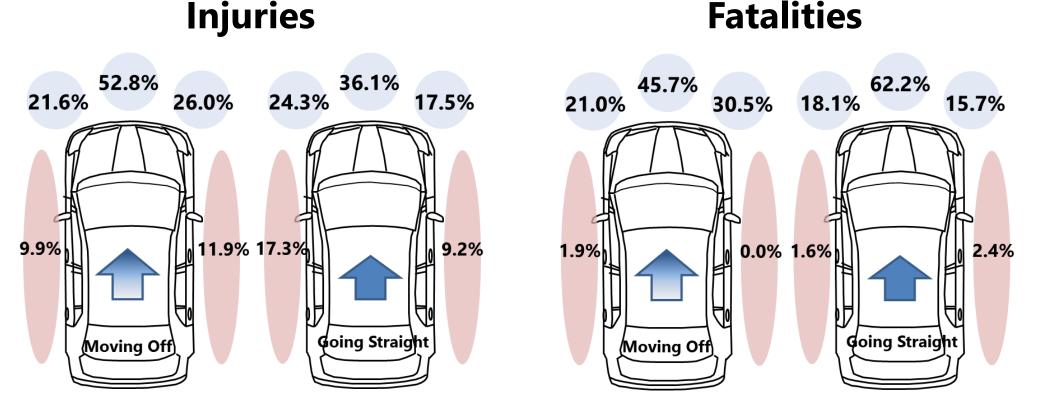


CtoP Injury and Fatality Composition by Vehicle Motion (M1/N1, Forward motion below 20km/h)



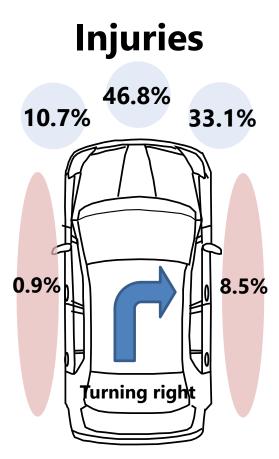
Source: Road traffic accident statics from 2014 to 2018 (5-year-accumulation) (ITARDA) Number of Injuries: 125,471 Number of fatalities: 736 (*excluding other hitting points) Car(M1/N1, below 20km/h)-to-Pedestrian Injuries and Fatalities Japan case

CtoP Injury and Fatality Composition by Hitting Position (M1/N1, <u>Moving off/Going straight</u> below 20km/h)

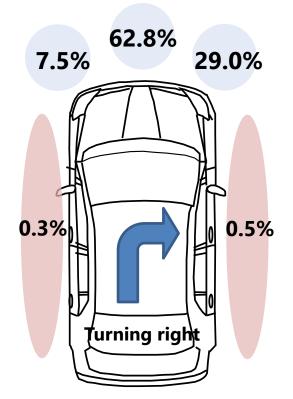


Source: Road traffic accident statics from 2014 to 2018 (5-year-accumulation) (ITARDA) Number of Injuries: 15,939 Number of fatalities: 104 (*excluding other hitting points)

CtoP Injury and Fatality Composition by Hitting Position (M1/N1, <u>Turning right</u> below 20km/h)



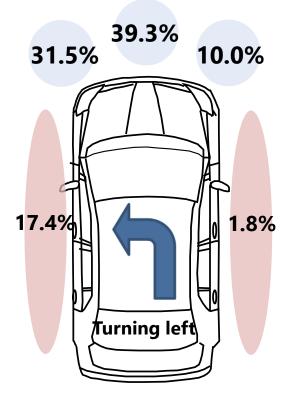
Fatalities



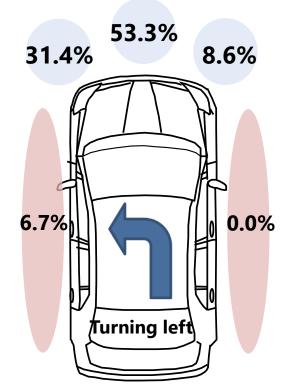
Source: Road traffic accident statics from 2014 to 2018 (5-year-accumulation) (ITARDA) Number of Injuries: 59,493 Number of fatalities: 400 (*excluding other hitting points)

CtoP Injury and Fatality Composition by Hitting Position (M1/N1, <u>Turning left</u> below 20km/h)

Injuries



Fatalities



Source: Road traffic accident statics from 2014 to 2018 (5-year-accumulation) (ITARDA) Number of Injuries: 13,059 Number of fatalities: 105 (*excluding other hitting points) Scope: M1 and N1

Vehicle Motion: <u>Moving off</u>, <u>Going straight</u> (may include Turing left) (*Maximum operational speed: 20km/h)

Detection Target: <u>Pedestrians</u> (may include cyclists)

Required Performance: Driver's vision around the vehicle (especially front and passenger-side direction)

<u>Advanced technology</u> to provide awareness for drivers

- At this IWG, MLIT provided information of the necessity to enhance driver's awareness of VRUs by focusing on M1/N1's accidentology.
- If CPs and other stakeholders kindly support it, we would like to proceed the discussion on drafting the forward motion of M1/N1.
- Japan welcomes comments from CPs and stakeholders.

Thank you for your attention.