

# ISO track and temperature correction

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EVALUATION OF METHOD B

RENAULT – PSA – UTAC CERAM

ISO362-1 PROJECT MEETING - 06.03.2020 - SURESNES

# Agenda

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# 1. Method reminder

Temperature during Type Approval

Rolling noise of a tire (same or different from the one used for Type Approval) on Type Approval track

Data of "Third party test" performed

REFERENCE DATA (FROM TYPE APPROVAL)		
$\delta_{REF,TA}$	7	°C

Comment: This information is needed for the correlation between the original type approval condition and the actual test.

REFERENCE DATA (FROM TYRE INFORMATION)		
$L_{TR,REF}$	65.5	dB(A)
$\delta_{REF,TYRE}$	7	°C
$L_{TR,REF}$ corrected to $\delta_{REF,TA}$	65.5	dB(A)

Comment: This information is made available during type approval and not necessary part of discrete type approval test. During type approval a different tyre might have been used.

APPLIED GENERAL DATA		
Torque-Effekt Tyre	1	dB(A)

TEST DATA (SUBJECT TO CORRECTION)		
$\delta_{TEST}$	14	°C
$L_{TR,TEST}$	63.9	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP}$	64.8	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP}$	67.6	dB(A)
$V_{BB,CRS,REP}$	49.8	km/h
$V_{BB,WOT,REP}$	56.4	km/h
$k_{P,TEST}$	0.31	
$L_{URBAN,TEST}$	66.7	dB(A)

CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMP CORRECTION)		
$\Delta L_{COR}$ (inclusive $\Delta L_{\delta}$ )	-1.6	dB(A)

APPLIED CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMPERATURE)		
$L_{TR,CRS}$	63.9	dB(A)
$L_{PT,CRS}$	57.4	dB(A)
$L_{TR,CRS,COR(TEX,\delta)}$	65.5	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP,COR}$	66.1	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT}$	66.7	dB(A)
$L_{PT,WOT}$	60.3	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT,COR(TEX,\delta)}$	68.3	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP,COR}$	68.9	dB(A)
$L_{URBAN,TEST,COR}$	68.1	dB(A)

Computation of:

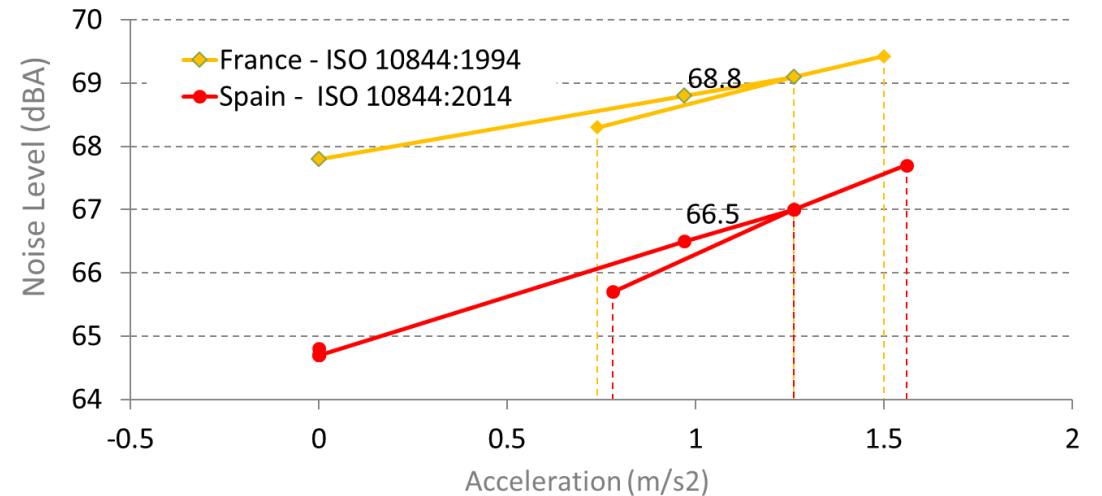
- Rolling noise of the chosen tire at the Type Approval temperature
  - Third party test results with compensation
- ⇒ Results to compare with the Type approval

# 2. Renault case 1 – PC M1

<b>Reference test : France ISO 10844:1994</b>			Comment: This information is needed for the correlation between the original type approval condition and the actual test.
$\delta_{REF,TA}$	18.4	°C	
<b>REFERENCE DATA (FROM TYRE INFORMATION)</b>			Comment: This information is made available during type approval and not necessary part of discrete type approval test. During type approval a different tyre might have been used.
$L_{TR,REF}$	66.4	dB(A)	
$\delta_{REF,TYRE}$	24.4	°C	
$L_{TR,REF}$ corrected to $\delta_{REF,TA}$	66.628	dB(A)	
<b>APPLIED GENERAL DATA</b>			<b>CORRECTION (TEST TRACK &amp; TEMP CORRECTION)</b>
Torque-Effekt Tyre	1	dB(A)	$\Delta L_{COR}$ (inclusive $\Delta L_g$ )
			-2.928 dB(A)
<b>TEST DATA : Spain ISO 10844:2011</b>			<b>APPLIED CORRECTION (TEST TRACK &amp; TEMPERATURE)</b>
$\delta_{TEST}$	24	°C	$L_{TR,CRS}$
$L_{TR,TEST}$	63.7	dB(A)	63.7 dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP}$	64.7	dB(A)	$L_{PT,CRS}$
$L_{WOT,REP}$	67.0	dB(A)	57.8 dB(A)
$V_{BB,CRS,REP}$	50.1	km/h	$L_{TR,CRS,COR(TEX,\delta)}$
$V_{BB,WOT,REP}$	55.2	km/h	66.6 dB(A)
$k_{p,TEST}$	0.23		$L_{CRS,REP,COR}$
			67.2 dB(A)
			$L_{TR,WOT}$
			66.1 dB(A)
			$L_{PT,WOT}$
			59.8 dB(A)
			$L_{TR,WOT,COR(TEX,\delta)}$
			69.0 dB(A)
			$L_{WOT,REP,COR}$
			69.5 dB(A)
$L_{URBAN,TEST}$			$L_{URBAN,TEST,COR}$
66.5 dB(A)			69.0 dB(A)

Ref. measurement :	68.8	dB(A)
Gap to Ref. measurement	0.2	dB(A)

Renault M1: 1.5l Diesel  
 Reference test: France – ISO 10844:1994  
 Third party test: Spain – ISO 10844:2011  
 Same vehicle and tire on both tracks



⇒ Gap of 0.2 dB(A)

## 2. Renault case 1 – Remark on temperature correction

- No temperature correction is proposed for the “test data” (subject to correction)
  - Annex 3 and Ltyre tests are supposed to be done at the same temperature
  - When verification tests are performed, Annex 3, Annex 7 and Ltyre tests may spread over hours. Temperature may change significantly.
- ⇒ Request: add temperature correction for Verification test

Reference test : France ISO 10844:1994		
$\delta_{REF,TA}$	18.4	°C
REFERENCE DATA (FROM TYRE INFORMATION)		
$L_{TR,REF}$	66.4	dB(A)
$\delta_{REF,TYRE}$	24.4	°C
$L_{TR,REF}$ corrected to $\delta_{REF,TA}$	66.628	dB(A)
APPLIED GENERAL DATA		
Torque-Effekt Tyre	1	dB(A)
TEST DATA : Spain ISO 10844:2011		
$\delta_{TEST}$	24	°C
$L_{TR,TEST}$	63.7	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP}$	64.7	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP}$	67.0	dB(A)
$V_{BB,CRS,REP}$	50.1	km/h
$V_{BB,WOT,REP}$	55.2	km/h
$k_{p,TEST}$	0.23	
$L_{URBAN,TEST}$	66.5	dB(A)
CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMP CORRECTION)		
$\Delta L_{COR}$ (inclusive $\Delta L_q$ )	-2.928	dB(A)
APPLIED CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMPERATURE)		
$L_{TR,CRS}$	63.7	dB(A)
$L_{PT,CRS}$	57.8	dB(A)
$L_{TR,CRS,COR(TEX,\delta)}$	66.6	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP,COR}$	67.2	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT}$	66.1	dB(A)
$L_{PT,WOT}$	59.8	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT,COR(TEX,\delta)}$	69.0	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP,COR}$	69.5	dB(A)
$L_{URBAN,TEST,COR}$	69.0	dB(A)

Comment: This information is needed for the correlation between the original type approval condition and the actual test.

Comment: This information is made available during type approval and not necessary part of discrete type approval test. During type approval a different tyre might have been used.

Ref. measurement : 68.8 dB(A)

Gap to Ref. measurement 0.2 dB(A)

## 2. Renault case 2 – LCV M1 > 2.5t

Reference test: France – ISO 10844:1994		
$\bar{\delta}_{REF,TA}$	17,2	°C

Comment: This information is needed for the correlation between the original type approval condition and the actual test.

REFERENCE DATA (FROM TYRE INFORMATION)		
$L_{TR,REF}$	64,6	dB(A)
$\bar{\delta}_{REF,TYRE}$	16	°C
$L_{TR,REF}$ corrected to $\bar{\delta}_{REF,TA}$	64,528	dB(A)

Comment: This information is made available during type approval and not necessary part of discrete type approval test. During type approval a different tyre might have been used.

APPLIED GENERAL DATA		
Torque-Effekt Tyre	1	dB(A)

CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMP CORRECTION)		
$\Delta L_{COR}$ (inclusive $\Delta L_g$ )	-0,718	dB(A)

TEST DATA: Spain – ISO 10844:2011		
$\bar{\delta}_{TEST}$	26,1	°C
$L_{TR,TEST}$	63,81	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP}$	64,8	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP}$	67,9	dB(A)
$V_{BB,CRS,REP}$	50,4	km/h
$V_{BB,WOT,REP}$	55,0	km/h
$K_p,TEST$	0,26	
$L_{URBAN,TEST}$	67,1	dB(A)

APPLIED CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMPERATURE)		
$L_{TR,CRS}$	63,8	dB(A)
$L_{PT,CRS}$	57,9	dB(A)
$L_{TR,CRS,COR(TEX,\delta)}$	64,5	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP,COR}$	65,4	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT}$	66,1	dB(A)
$L_{PT,WOT}$	63,3	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT,COR(TEX,\delta)}$	66,8	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP,COR}$	68,4	dB(A)
$L_{URBAN,TEST,COR}$	67,6	dB(A)

Actual measurement :	67,4	dB(A)
Gap to actual measurement	0,2	dB(A)

Renault M1>2.5t: 1.6l Diesel  
 Reference test: France – ISO 10844:1994  
 Third party test: Spain – ISO 10844:2011  
 Same vehicle and tire on both tracks

⇒ Gap of 0.2 dB(A)

# 3. PSA case 1 – PC M1 (SUV)

REFERENCE DATA (FROM TYPE APPROVAL)		
$\delta_{REF,TA}$	14	°C

Comment: This information is needed for the correlation between the original type approval condition and the actual test.

REFERENCE DATA (FROM TYRE INFORMATION)		
$L_{TR,REF}$	63.9	dB(A)
$\delta_{REF,TYRE}$	14	°C
$L_{TR,REF}$ corrected to $\delta_{REF,TA}$	63.9	dB(A)

Comment:  
This information is made available during type approval and not necessary part of discrete type approval test. During type approval a different tyre might have been used.

APPLIED GENERAL DATA		
Torque-Effekt Tyre	1	dB(A)

CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMP CORRECTION)		
$\Delta L_{COR}$ (inclusive $\Delta L_{\delta}$ )	1.6	dB(A)

TEST DATA (SUBJECT TO CORRECTION)		
$\delta_{TEST}$	7	°C
$L_{TR,TEST}$	65.5	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP}$	66.4	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP}$	69.1	dB(A)
$V_{BB,CRS,REP}$	50.0	km/h
$V_{BB,WOT,REP}$	55.8	km/h
$k_{p,TEST}$	0.31	
$L_{URBAN,TEST}$	68.3	dB(A)

APPLIED CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMPERATURE)		
$L_{TR,CRS}$	65.5	dB(A)
$L_{PT,CRS}$	59.1	dB(A)
$L_{TR,CRS,COR(TEX,\delta)}$	63.9	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP,COR}$	65.1	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT}$	68.1	dB(A)
$L_{PT,WOT}$	62.3	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT,COR(TEX,\delta)}$	66.5	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP,COR}$	67.9	dB(A)

$L_{URBAN,TEST,COR}$	67.0	dB(A)
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Ref. measurement	66.7	dB(A)
Gap to ref. measurement	0.3	dB(A)

PSA M1: 1.6l Gasoline

Reference test: Germany – ISO 10844

Third party test: France – ISO 10844

Same model and same PWT on both vehicles

Different tires but same size

⇒ Gap of 0.3 dB(A)

# 3. PSA case 2 – PC M1

REFERENCE DATA (FROM TYPE APPROVAL)		
$\delta_{REF,TA}$	15	°C

Comment: This information is needed for the correlation between the original type approval condition and the actual test.

REFERENCE DATA (FROM TYRE INFORMATION)		
$L_{TR,REF}$	66.4	dB(A)
$\delta_{REF,TYRE}$	11	°C
$L_{TR,REF}$ corrected to $\delta_{REF,TA}$	66.2	dB(A)

Comment: This information is made available during type approval and not necessary part of discrete type approval test. During type approval a different tyre might have been used.

APPLIED GENERAL DATA		
Torque-Effekt Tyre	1	dB(A)

CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMP CORRECTION)		
$\Delta L_{COR}$ (inclusive $\Delta L_{\delta}$ )	2.6	dB(A)

TEST DATA (SUBJECT TO CORRECTION)		
$\delta_{TEST}$	8	°C
$L_{TR,TEST}$	68.8	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP}$	69.3	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP}$	71.2	dB(A)
$V_{BB,CRS,REP}$	50.5	km/h
$V_{BB,WOT,REP}$	56.5	km/h
$K_{p,TEST}$	0.30	
$L_{URBAN,TEST}$	70.6	dB(A)

APPLIED CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMPERATURE)		
$L_{TR,CRS}$	68.8	dB(A)
$L_{PT,CRS}$	59.7	dB(A)
$L_{TR,CRS,COR(TEX,\delta)}$	66.2	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP,COR}$	67.0	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT}$	71.4	dB(A)
$L_{PT,WOT}$	#NOMBRE!	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT,COR(TEX,\delta)}$	68.8	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP,COR}$	#NOMBRE!	dB(A)
$L_{URBAN,TEST,COR}$	#NOMBRE!	dB(A)

Ref. measurement	68.4	dB(A)
Gap to ref. measurement	NaN	dB(A)

PSA M1: 1.2l Gasoline

Reference test: Germany – ISO 10844

Third party test: France – ISO 10844

Same model and same PWT on both vehicles

Different tires and sizes

⇒ Computation failed because  $L_{TR,WOT} > L_{WOT}$



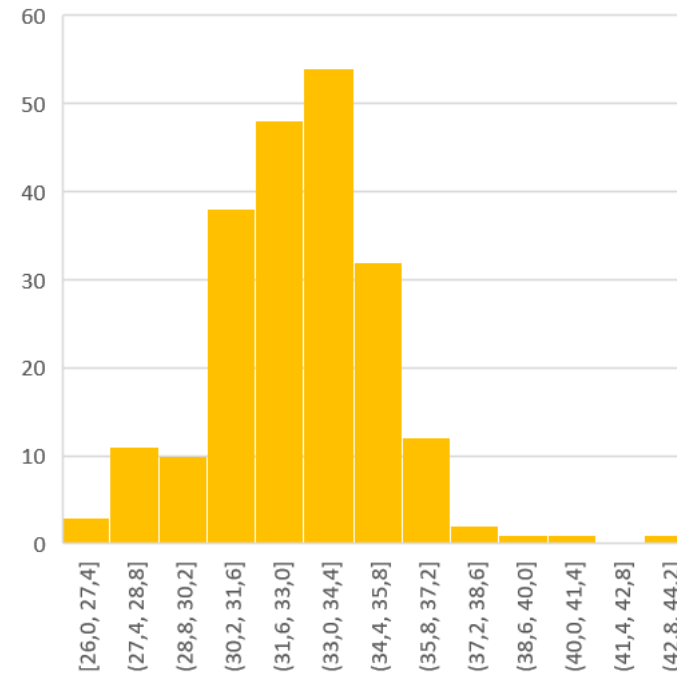
### 3. PSA case 2 – Analysis of the $L_{TR,WOT}$ formula

$$L_{TR,WOT} = 33 \times \log\left(\frac{v_{BB,WOT}}{v_{BB,CRS}}\right) + L_{TRQ}$$

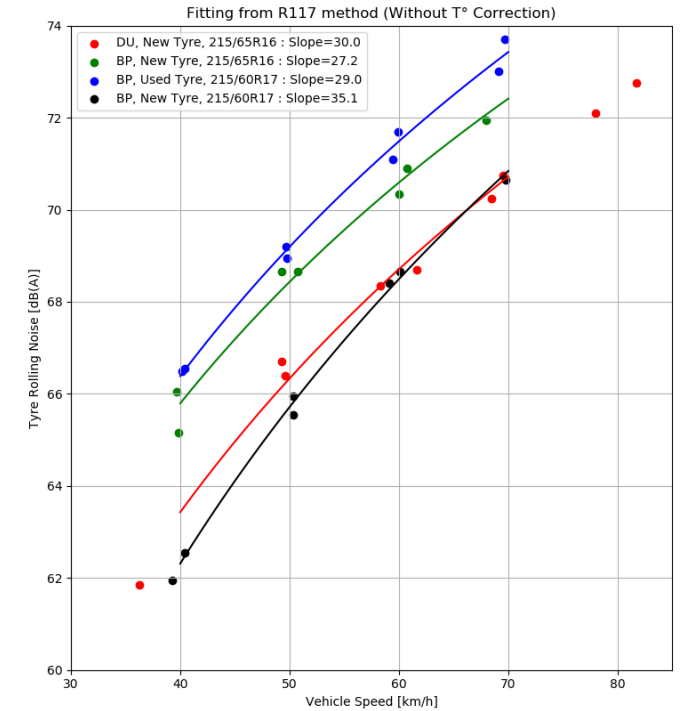
This formula is used to adjust tire rolling noise to the representative vehicle speed during the acceleration test.

- Median at 32.8 for Renault M1 database (~200 vehicles)
- Median at 32.7 for Renault N1 database (~30 vehicles)
- Slope range of the PSA example: [27.2 ; 35.1]

⇒ A slope coefficient to 33 is a good hypothesis  
 ⇒ Remark: impact of the chosen regression method ?

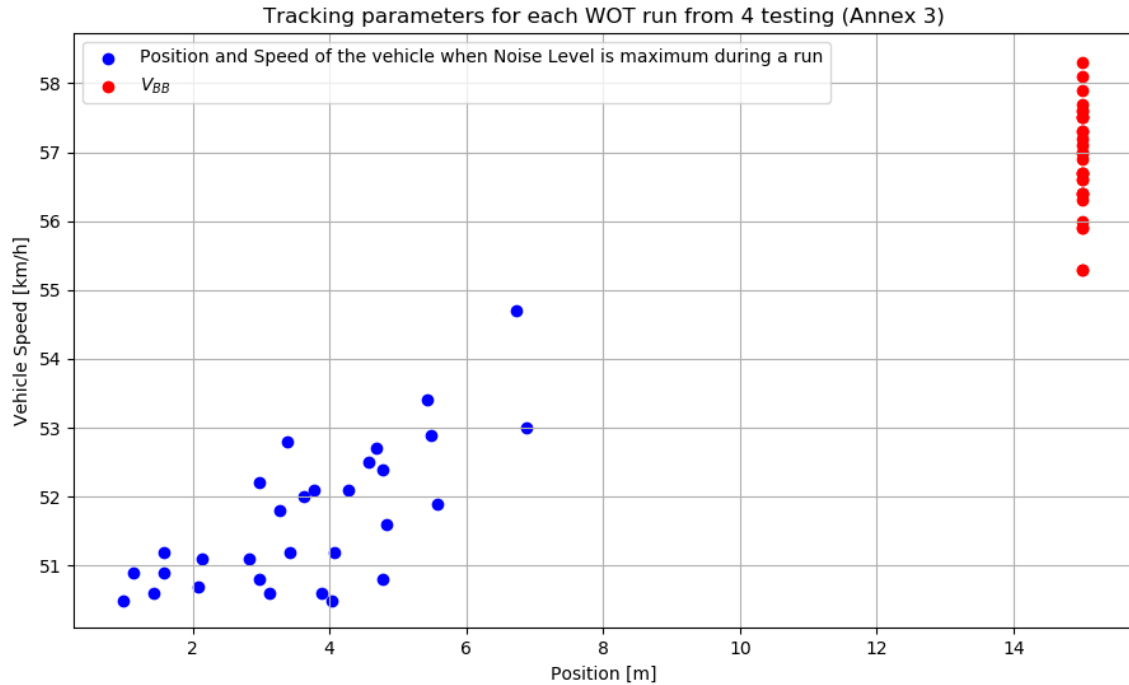


Tire noise speed coefficient by Renault



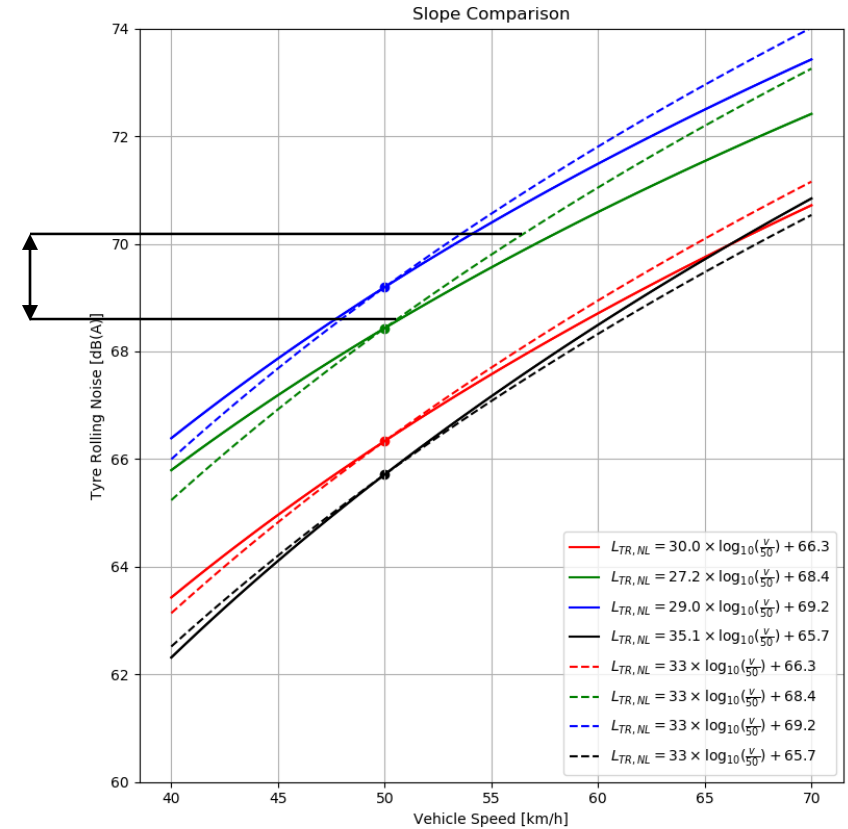
Example on 4 tyre rolling noise measurements by PSA

### 3. PSA case 2 – Analysis of the hypothesis: $V_{BB,WOT} = V_{LMAX,WOT}$



Delta between  $V_{LMAX,WOT}$  and  $V_{BB}$   $\approx$  4 km/h

Overestimation of  $\sim 2$  dB(A) due to the  $V_{BB}$  approximation



$\Rightarrow$  Take  $V_{BB}$  hypothesis overestimates the  $L_{TR}$

### 3. PSA case 2 – PC M1 with $V_{BB,WOT,REP} = V_{LMAX,WOT}$

REFERENCE DATA (FROM TYPE APPROVAL)		
$\delta_{REF,TA}$	15	°C

Comment: This information is needed for the correlation between the original type approval condition and the actual test.

REFERENCE DATA (FROM TYRE INFORMATION)		
$L_{TR,REF}$	66.4	dB(A)
$\delta_{REF,TYRE}$	11	°C
$L_{TR,REF}$ corrected to $\delta_{REF,TA}$	66.2	dB(A)

Comment:  
This information is made available during type approval and not necessary part of discrete type approval test. During type approval a different tyre might have been used.

APPLIED GENERAL DATA		
Torque-Effekt Tyre	1	dB(A)

CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMP CORRECTION)		
$\Delta L_{COR}$ (inclusive $\Delta L_{\delta}$ )	2.6	dB(A)

TEST DATA (SUBJECT TO CORRECTION)		
$\delta_{TEST}$	8	°C
$L_{TR,TEST}$	68.8	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP}$	69.3	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP}$	71.2	dB(A)
$V_{BB,CRS,REP}$	50.5	km/h
$V_{BB,WOT,REP}$	52.1	km/h
$k_{P,TEST}$	0.30	
$L_{URBAN,TEST}$	70.6	dB(A)

APPLIED CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMPERATURE)		
$L_{TR,CRS}$	68.8	dB(A)
$L_{PT,CRS}$	59.7	dB(A)
$L_{TR,CRS,COR(TEX,\delta)}$	66.2	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP,COR}$	67.0	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT}$	70.2	dB(A)
$L_{PT,WOT}$	64.1	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT,COR(TEX,\delta)}$	67.6	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP,COR}$	69.2	dB(A)

$L_{URBAN,TEST,COR}$	68.6	dB(A)
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Ref. measurement	68.4	dB(A)
Gap to ref. measurement	0.2	dB(A)

PSA M1: 1.2l Gasoline

Reference test: Germany – ISO 10844

Third party test: France – ISO 10844

Same model and same PWT on both vehicles

Different tires and sizes

⇒ Gap of 0.2 dB(A)

# 4. UTAC CERAM case 1 – PC M1

REFERENCE DATA (FROM TYPE APPROVAL)		
$\bar{\theta}_{REF,TA}$	20	°C

Comment: This information is needed for the correlation between the original type approval condition and the actual test.

REFERENCE DATA (FROM TYRE INFORMATION)		
$L_{TR,REF}$	65	dB(A)
$\bar{\theta}_{REF,TYRE}$	20	°C
$L_{TR,REF}$ corrected to $\bar{\theta}_{REF,TA}$	65	dB(A)

Comment: This information is made available during type approval and not necessary part of discrete type approval test. During type approval a different tyre might have been used.

APPLIED GENERAL DATA		
Torque-Effekt Tyre	1	dB(A)

CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMP CORRECTION)		
$\Delta L_{COR}$ (inclusive $\Delta L_{\bar{\theta}}$ )	-0,9	dB(A)

TEST DATA (SUBJECT TO CORRECTION)		
$\bar{\theta}_{TEST}$	34	°C
$L_{TR,TEST}$	64,1	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP}$	66,2	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP}$	68,7	dB(A)
$V_{BB,CRS,REP}$	50,1	km/h
$V_{BB,WOT,REP}$	54,5	km/h
$k_{p,TEST}$	0,24	
$L_{URBAN,TEST}$	68,1	dB(A)

APPLIED CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMPERATURE)		
$L_{TR,CRS}$	64,1	dB(A)
$L_{PT,CRS}$	62,0	dB(A)
$L_{TR,CRS,COR(TEX,\bar{\theta})}$	65,0	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP,COR}$	66,8	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT}$	66,3	dB(A)
$L_{PT,WOT}$	65,0	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT,COR(TEX,\bar{\theta})}$	67,2	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP,COR}$	69,2	dB(A)
$L_{URBAN,TEST,COR}$	68,6	dB(A)

Actual measurement :	68,9	dB(A)
Gap to actual measurement	-0,3	dB(A)

M1: 1.8l Gasoline

Reference test: China (1) – ISO 10844

Third party test: France – ISO 10844

Same vehicle and tire on both tracks

⇒ Gap of 0.3 dB(A)

# 4. UTAC CERAM case 2 – PC M1

REFERENCE DATA (FROM TYPE APPROVAL)		
$\delta_{REF,TA}$	20	°C

Comment: This information is needed for the correlation between the original type approval condition and the actual test.

REFERENCE DATA (FROM TYRE INFORMATION)		
$L_{TR,REF}$	65	dB(A)
$\delta_{REF,TYRE}$	20	°C
$L_{TR,REF}$ corrected to $\delta_{REF,TA}$	65	dB(A)

Comment: This information is made available during type approval and not necessary part of discrete type approval test. During type approval a different tyre might have been used.

APPLIED GENERAL DATA		
Torque-Effekt Tyre	1	dB(A)

CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMP CORRECTION)		
$\Delta L_{COR}$ (inclusive $\Delta L_g$ )	-2,7	dB(A)

TEST DATA (SUBJECT TO CORRECTION)		
$\delta_{TEST}$	34	°C
$L_{TR,TEST}$	62,3	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP}$	64,1	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP}$	67,8	dB(A)
$V_{BB,CRS,REP}$	50,2	km/h
$V_{BB,WOT,REP}$	54,9	km/h
$k_{p,TEST}$	0,24	
$L_{URBAN,TEST}$	66,9	dB(A)

APPLIED CORRECTION (TEST TRACK & TEMPERATURE)		
$L_{TR,CRS}$	62,3	dB(A)
$L_{PT,CRS}$	59,4	dB(A)
$L_{TR,CRS,COR(TEX,g)}$	65,0	dB(A)
$L_{CRS,REP,COR}$	66,1	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT}$	64,6	dB(A)
$L_{PT,WOT}$	65,0	dB(A)
$L_{TR,WOT,COR(TEX,g)}$	67,3	dB(A)
$L_{WOT,REP,COR}$	69,3	dB(A)

$L_{URBAN,TEST,COR}$	68,5	dB(A)
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Actual measurement :	68,9	dB(A)
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Gap to actual measurement	-0,4	dB(A)
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M1: 1.8l Gasoline

Reference test: China (1) – ISO 10844

Third party test: China (2) – ISO 10844

Same vehicle and tire on both tracks

⇒ Gap of 0.4 dB(A)

# 5. Conclusion – Status

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	Vehicle	Energy	Tracks	Tyres	Lurban ref	Lurban w/o comp	Lurban w/ comp	$\Delta$ SPL w/o comp	$\Delta$ SPL w/ comp
Renault	PC M1 (same vehicle)	Diesel	France - Spain	Same tyres	68.8	66.5	69.0	-2.3	+0.2
Renault	LCV M1 >2.5t (same vehicle)	Diesel	France - Spain	Same tyres	67.4	67.1	67.6	-0.3	+0.2
PSA	PC M1 SUV (same model & PWT)	Gasoline	France - Germany	Different tyres but same size	66.7	68.3	67.0	1.6	+0.3
PSA	PC M1 (same model & PWT)	Gasoline	France - Germany	Different tyres and sizes	68.4	70.6	N/A	2.2	N/A
UTAC CERAM	PC M1 (same vehicle)	Gasoline	China (1) – France	Same tyres	68.9	68.1	68.6	-0.8	-0.3
UTAC CERAM	PC M1 (same vehicle)	Gasoline	China (1) – China (2)	Same tyres	68.9	66.9	68.5	-2.0	-0.4

- Method evaluated on 6 sets of data with a successful compensation for 5 sets
- Method takes into account different tested tyres between the reference and the third party tests
- Method does not seem to work when the Lpowertrain is low; it could be the case for EV
- Gap of measurement is in the measurement uncertainty

# 5. Conclusion – Proposals

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- For the data of the third party test, the chosen hypothesis is that the cruise test and the rolling noise test are performed at the same track temperature

⇒ Introduce a temperature correction of the  $L_{TR}$  to be in line with the temperature of the  $L_{CRS}$

- When  $L_{powertrain}$  is low ( $L_{TR} > L_{CRS}$  or/and  $L_{TR,WOT} > L_{WOT}$ )

- A slope coefficient to 33 is a good hypothesis

⇒ Replace  $V_{BB'}$  by  $V_{LMAX}$  seems to give more precision on the  $L_{TR}$

⇒ Introduce a maximum contribution factor of the rolling noise, as it is used in RD ASEP:  $X=90\%$

- Torque effect is a frozen value defined to 1 dB

⇒ **Investigations to conduct (sensitivity analysis?)**

- For vehicles  $> 3.5t$

⇒ **Extend this method**

# Thank you for your attention

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R. BARBEAU